COUNTY OF SAN MATEO PLANNING AND BUILDING DEPARTMENT

DATE: July 26, 2023

TO: Planning Commission

FROM: Planning Staff

SUBJECT: SUPPLEMENTAL STAFF REPORT: Consideration of a Design Review

Permit, pursuant to Section 6565.3 of the Zoning Regulations, and a Grading Permit, pursuant to Section 9283 of the County Ordinance Code, to allow the construction of a new three story, 5,742 sq. ft. single-family residence with a 501 sq. ft. attached garage, involving 1,830 cubic yards

(c.y.) of earthwork for the construction of a residence and a

driveway/access road from Chesham Avenue, on a legal, 9.73-acre parcel on Devonshire Boulevard in the unincorporated Devonshire area of San Mateo County. The access road would be constructed within the area of a recorded easement located on the adjacent undeveloped parcel, APN 049-020-110. The project includes removal of 24 significant trees. In conjunction with the requested permits, it is recommended that the Planning Commission determine that the project is categorically exempt from California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) pursuant to CEQA

Guidelines Section 15303.

County File Number: PLN2020-00467 (Bagerman)

PROPOSAL

The applicant proposes construction of a new three-story, 5,742 sq. ft. single-family residence with a 501 sq. ft. attached garage on a 9.73-acre parcel. The property would be accessed from Chesham Avenue through a new driveway and recorded easement located on the adjacent parcel (APN 049-020-110). The project involves 1,830 cubic yards (c.y.) of earthwork (950 c.y. for the driveway/access road from Chesham Avenue and 880 c.y. for the residence) and removal of 24 significant trees. The property is located within an existing residential neighborhood and adjoins developed parcels on the east and north sides, and undeveloped land in the City of San Carlos on the west and south sides.

The 9.7-acre parcel is located at the edge of the residential community of Devonshire in unincorporated San Mateo County and adjacent to the city limits of the City of San Carlos. The proposed development is located in the R-1/S-102/DR (One family Residential and Design Review) Zoning District, with a small northwestern portion of the property located in the R-1/S-71/DR zoning district.

The parcel has street frontage on both Devonshire Boulevard and Chesham Avenue. To access the building site, the driveway would cross through the adjacent parcel (APN 049-020-110) via a recorded easement. The current access easement was recorded on May 31, 2019.

RECOMMENDATION

That the Planning Commission determine the project is categorically exempt from CEQA per Guidelines Section 15303.3 (New construction of small structures), and approve the Design Review Permit and Grading Permit, by making findings and adopting the conditions of approval in Attachment A.

SUMMARY

Planning Commission Review of the Project at its May 24, 2023 Meeting

The Planning Commission reviewed the project at its meeting of May 24, 2023. Planning staff provided a staff report with attachments to the Planning Commission (Attachment B) and sent a public notice to the property owners within 300 feet of the subject property and interested members of the public. At the hearing, one member of the public expressed concerns regarding potential project impacts. The adjacent neighbors, Ronald and Therese Roberts (referred to as "the Roberts" in this report), who have granted an access easement benefiting the subject property, expressed concerns about the design and location of the turnaround associated with the proposed driveway. The Roberts expressed concern that the turnaround, as proposed, would result in grade changes and a high retaining wall that would impede access over their property.

At the hearing the Robert's attorney, Camas Steinmetz, requested more time to work with the applicant to revise the driveway design. The applicant stated that he had reached out to the Roberts on many occasions, but the parties were not able to come to an agreement. The Planning Commission expressed concern that the driveway and turnaround, as designed, would remove access to the Roberts' parcel, which is adjacent to the Robert's developed residential parcel.

The County Attorney stated that the Planning Commission could grant a continuance to allow the parties to attempt to find a satisfactory resolution. The Planning Commission discussed the residential design's compliance with design review standards, then moved to continue its review of the project to, the July 26, 2023, Planning Commission meeting to allow discussions between the two parties to occur regarding the driveway and turnaround design.

SUMMARY OF SUBSEQUENT DISCUSSIONS

The Roberts' attorney, Camas Steinmetz, subsequently indicated that they desired a further extension beyond the July 26, 2023 hearing date. The applicant, Alex Bagerman, did not agree to the further extension. Staff determined that review of the

project should proceed as the Planning Commission directed, and if necessary, the Planning Commission could determine if another continuation is needed.

Planning staff was notified that a meeting took place between the two parties at the site on June 13, 2023. The applicant reported to staff that no agreement was reached, and that he would like to proceed with the Planning Commission's review of the plans as submitted. On June 15, 2023, staff received correspondence from the applicant's attorney stating that "[t]he Bagermans remain committed to finding a mutually beneficial solution and are willing to continue working with the Roberts past the hearing date." On June 27, Alex Bagerman indicated to staff that discussions have continued, with the goal being to move forward with the first design but reiterated a desire to have a decision from the Planning Commission on the project on July 26, 2023.

The Robert's attorney, Camas Steinmetz, has requested that the Planning Commission consider an alternative driveway/turnaround design including but potentially not limited to a previously proposed alignment, along with a condition of approval that the boundaries of the easement be updated to contain all associated access improvements. An agreement on this version of the driveway/turnaround was not available at the time of publishing this addendum.

Staff notes that Condition 1 allows for minor modification(s) of the project design should the resolution of the issue between parties take place after the Planning Commission decision and require only minor changes to the project approved by the Planning Commission.

ATTACHMENTS

- A. Recommended Conditions of Approval
- B. Staff Report to Planning Commission, dated May 24, 2023

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COUNTY OF SAN MATEO PLANNING AND BUILDING DEPARTMENT

DATE: May 24, 2023

TO: Planning Commission

FROM: Planning Staff

SUBJECT: EXECUTIVE SUMMARY: Consideration of a Design Review Permit and

Grading Permit to allow construction of a new, three-story 5,742 sq. ft. single-family residence with a 501 sq. ft. attached garage and 1,830 cubic yards (c.y.) of earthwork on a legal, 9.73-acre parcel in the unincorporated Devonshire area of San Mateo County. The property would be accessed from Chesham Avenue through a recorded easement located on the adjacent parcel (APN 049-020-110). The project includes removal of 24

significant trees.

County File Number: PLN2020-00467 (Bagerman)

PROPOSAL

The applicant proposes construction of a new three-story, 5,742 sq. ft. single-family residence with a 501 sq. ft. attached garage on a 9.73-acre parcel. The property would be accessed from Chesham Avenue through a recorded easement located on the adjacent parcel (APN 049-020-110). The project involves 1,830 cubic yards (c.y.) of earthwork (950 c.y. for the driveway/access road from Chesham Avenue and 880 c.y. for the residence) and removal of 24 significant trees. The property is located within an existing residential neighborhood and adjoins developed parcels on the east and north sides, and undeveloped land in the City of San Carlos on the west and south sides.

RECOMMENDATION

That the Planning Commission determine the project is categorically exempt from CEQA per Guidelines Section 15303.3 (New construction of small structures), and approve the Design Review Permit and Grading Permit, by making findings and adopting the conditions of approval in Attachment A.

SUMMARY

A new 5,742 sq. ft. residence is proposed on a 9.7-acre parcel at the edge of the residential community of Devonshire in unincorporated San Mateo County and adjacent to the city limits of San Carlos. The proposed development is in the (R-1/S-102/DR One family Residential and Design Review) R-1/S-102/DR zone district portion.

The parcel has frontage on both Devonshire Boulevard and Chesham Avenue. To access the building site, the driveway must cross through the adjacent parcel via a recorded easement.

The project was reviewed by the Bayside Design Review Committee on June 2, 2022, and it was continued to January 4, 2023. Residents submitted correspondence and attended the zoom meetings to express concern about numerous aspects of the project, including access via a private road, the amount of tree removal, erosion control, and house size. At the hearing, members of the public spoke on these topics and about the house's compatibility with the community, potential glare from project windows, and the easement on the adjacent parcel.

At the first meeting it was noted that some of the driveway improvements were not within the easement boundaries and the applicant requested a continuance to address this issue. At the January meeting, the modified driveway was entirely within the easement boundaries, however owners of the adjacent parcel stated the new layout made some structures on their property difficult to access. The Project Planner clarified that the matter of the easement and proposed access improvements are civil matters in nature (between two private property owners), and outside the County's ability to regulate.

The Committee stated that the tree removal appeared to be within the path of development, that the residence complied with zoning and had good site design, that the colors are consistent with the design standards, and recommended that the project be conditioned to require the use of "Dark Sky" fixtures for exterior lights. Also included in the Committee's recommendation was a suggestion that the parties continue to work towards a satisfactory resolution of the easement issue.

The proposed grading of 1,830 c.y. is required to establish access to the site and construction of the residence. The proposal requires a hearing-level grading permit as the amount of grading exceeds 1,000 cubic yards. The grading plans have been reviewed by the Department of Public Works, Cal Fire and the Geotechnical Section of the Building and Planning Department. The plans received conditional approvals.

Staff recommends approval of the project by the Planning Commission based on the project's compliance with applicable policies and regulations, as documented by the Bayside Design Review Committee and other reviewing agencies. The project qualifies for a Categorical Exemption under the California Environmental Quality Act, Guidelines Section 153103, construction of small structures in an urban area.

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COUNTY OF SAN MATEO - PLANNING AND BUILDING DEPARTMENT

ATTACHMENT B

COUNTY OF SAN MATEO PLANNING AND BUILDING DEPARTMENT

DATE: May 24, 2023

TO: Planning Commission

FROM: Planning Staff

SUBJECT: Consideration of a Design Review Permit, pursuant to Section 6565.3 of

the Zoning Regulations, and a Grading Permit, pursuant to Section 9283 of the County Ordinance Code, to allow the construction of a new three-story, 5,742 sq. ft. single-family residence with a 501 sq. ft. attached garage, involving 1,830 cubic yards (c.y.) of earthwork for the construction of a residence and a driveway/access road from Chesham Avenue, on a legal, 9.73-acre parcel on Devonshire Boulevard in the unincorporated Devonshire area of San Mateo County. The access road would be constructed within the area of a recorded easement located on the adjacent undeveloped parcel, APN 049-020-110. The project includes removal of 24 significant trees. In conjunction with the requested permits, it is recommended that the Planning Commission determine that the project is categorically exempt from California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) pursuant to CEQA Guidelines Section 15303.

(CEQA) pursuant to CEQA Guidennes Section 15505

County File Number: PLN 2020-00467 (Bagerman)

PROPOSAL

The applicant proposes construction of a new three-story, 5,742 sq. ft. single-family residence with a 501 sq. ft. attached garage on a 9.73-acre parcel. The property would be accessed from Chesham Avenue via a new access road to be located in the area of a recorded easement located on the adjacent undeveloped parcel (APN 049-020-110). The project involves 1,830 cubic yards (c.y.) of earthwork (950 c.y. for the driveway/access road from Chesham Avenue and 880 c.y. for the residence) and removal of 24 significant trees. The parcel has frontage on both Devonshire Boulevard and Chesham Avenue; however, the applicant has indicated that only access from Chesham can achieve a driveway and fire truck turnaround that meets the slope requirements of Department of Public Works and the County Fire Department. The property is located within an existing residential neighborhood and adjoins developed parcels on the east and north sides, and undeveloped land in the City of San Carlos on the west and south sides.

RECOMMENDATION

That the Planning Commission approve the Design Review Permit and Grading Permit, by making the required findings and adopting the conditions of approval in Attachment A.

BACKGROUND:

Report Prepared By: Erica Adams, Planner

Applicant/Owner: Alexander Bagerman

Public Notification: Ten (10) day advanced notification for the hearing was mailed to property owners within 300 feet of the project parcel and a notice for the hearing posted in the San Mateo Times newspaper.

APN: 049-020-070

Location: The parcel has frontage along Chesham Avenue and Devonshire Boulevard. The nearest cross street is Hyde Park Avenue. Access will be taken from Chesham Avenue along an easement which traverses an adjacent parcel, APN 049-020-110.

Existing Zoning: R-E/S-102/DR Residential Estates/Single -Family Residential/Combining District (Minimum Lot Size 20,000 sq. ft.)/Design Review

General Plan Designation: Medium Low Density Residential; Urban

Existing Land Use: Undeveloped

Water Supply: California Water Service - San Carlos

Sewage Disposal: Proposed septic system

Flood Zone: Flood Zone X (Area of minimal flood hazard, usually depicted on FIRMs as above the 500-year flood level), per FEMA Panel No. 06081C0282E, effective October 16, 2012.

Environmental Evaluation: The project is categorically exempt from CEQA per CEQA Guidelines Section 15303(a) (Class 3), which includes the construction and location of limited numbers of new, small structures on a legal parcel. One single-family residence may be constructed or converted under this exemption.

Setting: The 9.73-acre vacant parcel is located at the border of the unincorporated Devonshire area, where it is adjacent to residences and undeveloped land within the City of San Carlos. The parcel has frontage along Chesham Avenue and Devonshire Boulevard. Access will be taken from Chesham Avenue along an easement which

traverses an adjacent parcel, APN 049-020-110. The property has an average slope of 21% in the project area.

Chronology:

February 3, 2023

<u>Date</u>	<u>Action</u>
December 24, 2020	- Application submitted.
December 12, 2021	Project septic plans are revised to address comments from Environmental Health.
January 11, 2022	Project is deemed complete.
July 2, 2022	- At the Bayside Design Review Committee (BDRC) hearing, the Committee found that the design complied with the design standards, but it was discovered that some of the access improvements were outside of the area of the recorded easement on APN 049-020-110, owned by Ronald and Therese Roberts (the Roberts). The project was continued to a later date to allow the applicant to revise plans for the access road such that access improvements could be located within the boundaries of the easement.
October 9, 2022	Applicant submitted revised plans where all the proposed access improvements are included in the boundaries of the access easement.
January 4, 2023	- Bayside Design Review Committee (Committee) hearing. Committee recommends the project for approval, based on compliance with design standards. in response to concerns raised by the Roberts regarding potential access impacts, the Committee recommended that the applicant continue to communicate with the Roberts regarding the design of the access road.
January 25, 2023	Staff coordinates a meeting to allow discussions about the access road and easement, where the Roberts state that they prefer the previous proposal, where the road is not located within the boundaries of the easement. Applicant agrees to revise the easement boundaries to allow for construction of

Applicant informs staff that, despite their efforts to reach out to the Roberts regarding revising the easement, the Roberts have not responded to the applicant. The applicant indicates a desire to proceed with the project as currently designed,

the earlier road design.

where proposed access improvements would be located within the existing easement.

April 26, 2023

Planning Commission public hearing.

DISCUSSION

A) KEY ISSUES

1. Conformance with the General Plan

Visual Quality Policy 4.4 - The General Plan requires urban development to "promote aesthetically pleasing development." The General Plan then calls for the establishment of guidelines for communities to achieve these goals. The establishment of the Design Review (DR) Zoning District, Section 6565 of the San Mateo County Zoning Regulations, is the mechanism that fulfills this directive. A project that complies with the Devonshire Design Standards (Section 6565.15 of the San Mateo County Zoning Regulations) therefore conforms to the General Plan Policies 4.14 (Appearance of New Development) and 4.35 (Urban Area Design Concept). These policies require structures to promote and enhance good design, as well as improve the appearance and visual character of development in the area by managing the location and appearance of the structure. The project has been reviewed by the Bayside Design Review Committee and has been found to be in compliance with the Design Review Standards for Devonshire. A detailed discussion is provided in Section A.2.b of this report.

Soil Resources Policy 2.23 (Regulate Excavation, Grading, Filling, and Land Clearing Activities Against Accelerated Soil Erosion) – The General Plan calls for the County to regulate excavation, grading, filling, and land clearing activities to protect against accelerated soil erosion and sedimentation. The project includes earthwork of 1,760 c.y. of cut and 70 c.y. of fill, with a total area of land disturbance of 97,257 square feet. The applicant proposes an Erosion Control Plan which includes measures that would contain and slow run-off, while allowing for natural infiltration. Due to the potential for erosion and sedimentation during land disturbing and earth-moving activities, Conditions 19 through 24 are included in Attachment A. As proposed and conditioned, the applicant would off-haul all cut spoils and implement stormwater pollution prevention measures. Also, the Project Engineer would regularly inspect the erosion control measures for the duration of all grading remediation activities, especially after major storm events, to monitor that they are functioning as designed and that proper maintenance and corrections are performed.

2. COMPLIANCE WITH COUNTY ZONING REGULATIONS

The property is zoned R-1/S-71/DR (One-Family Residential/Combining District with a minimum lot size of 5,000 sq. Ft./Design Review) and R-1/S-102/DR (One-Family Residential/Combining District with a minimum lot size of 20,000 sq. ft./Design Review). The proposed development is located entirely within the S-102 portion of the parcel; therefore, staff has applied the S-102 development standards to the project. The proposed single-family residential use is allowed in the R-1 Zoning District.

a. <u>Project Compliance with the Development Standards of the S-102</u> <u>Zoning District</u>

As shown in the table below, the project complies with the development standards of the S-102 Zoning District.

Development Standards	S-102 Zoning District	Proposed
Building Site Area	20,000 sq. ft.	9.73 acres
Maximum Building Site Coverage	25% 97,482 sq. ft.	3.73% 15,820 sq.
Maximum Building Floor Area Ratio	8,600 sq. ft.	5,969 sq. ft.
Minimum Front Setback	20 ft.	54 ft9 in.
Minimum Rear Setback	20 ft.	49 ft 5 in.
Minimum Right-Side Setback	10 ft.	10 ft.
Minimum Left Side Setback	10 ft.	11 ft 5 in.
Maximum Building Height	30 ft.	30 ft
Minimum Covered Parking Spaces	2 covered parking spaces	2 covered parking spaces

b. <u>Project Compliance with Design Review Standards of the DR Zoning District:</u>

At its February 2, 2022 and January 4, 2023 meetings, the Bayside Design Review Committee (Committee) reviewed the project. At both meetings, emails from neighbors were received, and members of the public expressed concerns regarding project design and compatibility with existing houses in the neighborhood, the improvements required for the driveway/fire truck access, and potential glare from windows.

Staff clarified that the Committee's review is limited to project compliance with design standards and that the matter of the easement

and proposed access improvements are civil matters in nature (between two private property owners) and outside the County's ability to regulate. The Committee found that the design of the residence is consistent with design standards for Devonshire but wanted clarification about the access improvements. The applicant requested a continuance to address the easement boundaries. Discussions involving staff, the applicant, and the Roberts is summarized in Section A.2.b.2, below.

At the January 4, 2023 meeting, the Committee recommended approval of the project with a condition to utilize "dark sky" exterior lighting and a recommendation to have any solar array be lower than the roof parapet.

- 1. <u>The project's compliance with these Design Review Standards is</u> discussed below:
 - (a) <u>Site Planning</u>: Requires the siting of new buildings on a parcel in locations which achieve the following objectives:
 - (i) Minimize tree removal.

Twenty-four (24) significant trees are proposed for removal. The initial driveway design preserved four significant trees that now require removal with the new design. Planning staff identified five trees to try to preserve and asked the applicant to review them with Advanced Tree Care for further evaluation for preservation. A revised arborist report was submitted on April 6, 2023, and after consultation with the County Arborist two were determined to be candidates for preservation, trees number 8 and 18.

Tree removal is based on the following justification: Two trees are dead, and two trees are proposed to be removed due to poor health. Sixteen (16) trees need to be removed to accommodate the driveway and six (6) trees are in the building footprint.

Section 6565.21.B of the design review chapter of the Zoning Regulations sets a replanting ratio for native trees of up to 3:1 with a 5-gallon replacement tree. However, the Current Planning Section allows for a 1:1 replacement ratio to accommodate building footprints, need for defensible space, and/or to accommodate the existing tree canopy.

Condition 9 addresses tree replacement, requiring Coast Live Oaks to be replaced with Coast Live Oaks, with the six (6) trees greater than 20 inches in diameter to be replaced with six (6) 24-inch box specimen and the remaining twelve (12) Coast live oaks to be replaced with 15-gallon Coast Live Oak trees. There are four buckeye trees which are also native and will be replaced with 5-gallon natives. The remaining two (2) trees will be replaced with six (6) 5-gallon trees of a non-invasive and/or native species.

The remaining 20 significant trees will be protected during construction activity. According to the County Arborist, the tree protection and arborist recommendations to hand-dig within driplines of trees 45-48, 50-51, which are in close proximity to areas to be disturbed, satisfy tree protection requirements.

(ii) Minimize alteration of the natural topography.

The subject parcel has an average slope of 21 percent in the construction area. Grading is proposed for the residence and the driveway and would not modify the overall topography of the site. The design of the proposed residence is stepped and follows the slope of the land. The driveway also follows the direction of the existing slope, while achieving the slope required for the fire truck access.

(iii) Respect the privacy of neighboring houses and outdoor living areas.

Due to the distance of the proposed residence to the other residences, there are minimal privacy impacts.

(iv) Minimize blockage of sunlight on neighboring housing and outdoor living areas. Due to the distance of the proposed residence to the other residences, there are no concerns about blockage of sunlight.

(v) Minimize alteration of streams and natural drainage channels.

There are no streams or drainage channels that would be impacted by this project.

(b) Architectural Styles: Requires buildings to be architecturally compatible with existing buildings and reflect and emulate architectural styles and the natural surroundings of the immediate area.

There is a wide array of residential styles in the immediate surrounding area. Many residences in the Devonshire community are constructed on smaller parcels which is a factor in the house size and how it can appear to be compatible with its surroundings.

(c) Unenclosed Spaces: Requires avoiding the creation of space beneath buildings and prohibits buildings that are predominantly built on stilts.

No unenclosed spaces, or structures built on stilts, would be created by this proposal.

(d) Building Shapes and Bulk: Requires that buildings are designed with shapes that respect and conform to the natural topography of the site.

The proposed development would conform to the existing topography.

(e) Facades: Requires well-articulated and proportioned facades.

The proposed residence has a contemporary style that would achieve an adequate level of articulation using the application of different siding materials and window patterns. The proposed design of the residence would not create any massive blank walls.

(f) Roofs: Requires pitched roofs.

The Design Review Committee did not require pitched roofs, as they found flat roofs suitable for the overall design.

- (g) Materials and Colors: Requires that varying architectural styles are made compatible by using similar materials and colors that blend with the natural setting and the immediate area. The residence uses earth tones which are compliant with the DR standards and blend in with the natural setting.
- (h) Utilities: New utilities should be placed underground.

New utilities are proposed to be placed underground (Condition 11).

(i) Paved Areas: Requires minimization of paved areas.

Proposed paved areas are primarily associated with the driveway and fire truck turnaround. The project does not have excessive paved areas.

2. Comments received regarding the Access Easement on APN 049-020-110

At the February 2, 2022 Committee meeting, the granters of the easement, the Roberts, owners of APN 049-020-110, stated they were not aware of the scope of the improvements that are proposed to provide access to the building site and expressed concerns about tree removal and grading. In addition, staff noted that some of the access improvements were not in the boundaries of the recorded easement.

At the January 4, 2023 Committee meeting, the applicant presented revised plans which showed the access to the proposed residence entirely within the boundaries of the easement. The Roberts remained concerned about the improvements necessary to construct the driveway and potential access impacts to their property, specifically the height and location of a retaining wall which would restrict access over their undeveloped parcel from the parcel with their home on it.

On January 25, 2023, staff coordinated a meeting between the applicant and the Roberts to allow discussion about the access road and easement. The Roberts stated that they prefer the previous proposal, where the road is not located within the boundaries of the easement. The applicant agreed to work with the Roberts to revise the easement boundaries to allow for construction of the earlier road design.

On February 3, 2023, the applicant informed staff that, despite their efforts to reach out to the Roberts regarding revising the easement, the Roberts have not responded to the applicant. The applicant indicated a desire to proceed with the project as currently designed, where proposed access improvements would be located within the existing easement.

The Department of Public Works has reviewed the proposed access improvements. Condition 39 requires that, should the access shown on the plans go through neighboring properties, the applicant shall provide documentation that "ingress and egress" easements match the as- built condition of the constructed access prior to final building permit approval.

3. <u>COMPLIANCE WITH COUNTY GRADING REGULATIONS</u>

The proposed project requires approximately 1,760 c.y. of cut and 70 c.y. of fill to accommodate the proposed driveway and residence. Planning and Geotechnical staff have reviewed the proposal and submitted reports and determined that the project conforms to the criteria for review contained in the Regulations for Excavating, Grading, Filling and Clearing on Lands in Unincorporated San Mateo County (referred to in this report as "Grading Regulations"). The findings and supporting evidence are outlined below:

a. That the granting of the permit will not have a significant adverse effect on the environment.

The project will have a less-than-significant impact on the environment with the implementation of standard conditions of approval which will require excavated earth to be off-hauled and deposited to an approved disposal location, require application of erosion control measures prior to and during project grading and construction, place limitations on grading during the wet season, and require the Project Engineer to submit written certification that all grading has been completed in conformance with the approved plans, conditions of approval, and the Grading Regulations.

b. That the project conforms to the criteria of the San Mateo County Grading Ordinance.

The project, as conditioned, conforms to the criteria for review contained in the Grading Regulations, including an erosion and sediment control plan and dust control measures.

c. That the project is consistent with the General Plan.

As outlined earlier in Section A of this report, the project conforms to applicable components of the County's General Plan.

B) ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

The project is categorically exempt from CEQA per CEQA Guidelines Section 15303(a) (Class 3), which includes the construction and location of limited numbers of new, small structures on a legal parcel. One single-family residence, in a residential zone, in urbanized areas, may be constructed under this exemption.

C) <u>REVIEWING AGENCIES</u>

Building Inspection's Drainage Section
Building Inspection Geotechnical Section
County Environmental Health Services
County Department of Public Works
County Arborist
San Mateo County Fire Department
California Water Service – San Carlos

ATTACHMENTS

- A. Recommended Findings and Conditions of Approval
- B. Vicinity Map
- C. Project Plans
- D. Arborist Report
- E. Design Review Continuance and Recommendation Letters
- F. Comment letters

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County of San Mateo Planning and Building Department

RECOMMENDED FINDINGS AND CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

Project File Number: PLN 2020-00467 Hearing Date: May 24, 2023

Prepared By: Erica Adams, Project Planner For Adoption By: Planning Commission

RECOMMENDED FINDINGS

Regarding the Environmental Review, Find:

1. The project is categorically exempt from CEQA per CEQA Guidelines Section 15303(a) (Class 3), which includes the construction and location of limited numbers of new, small structures on a legal parcel. One single-family residence, in a residential zone, in urbanized areas, may be constructed under this exemption.

Regarding the Design Review, Find:

- 2. After consideration of project plans and public testimony, the project, as proposed and conditioned on May 24, 2023, is in compliance with the Design Review Standards based on the site planning and colors and materials which provide compatibility with surrounding residences.
- 3. This project, as designed and conditioned, has been reviewed under and found to be in compliance with the Design Review Standards as stipulated in Chapter 28, Section 6565.15, of the San Mateo County Zoning Regulations. The proposal was reviewed and recommended for approval by the San Mateo County Planning Commission on April 26, 2022.
- 4. After consideration of project plans and public testimony, the proposed house design, as proposed and conditioned, is in compliance with the Design Review Standards because the project: (a) incorporates materials which comply with the Design Review Standards, (b) respects privacy of neighboring houses, and (c) the proposed house has proportioned doors and windows.

Regarding the Grading Permit, Find:

- 5. That the granting of the permit will not have a significant adverse effect on the environment. The project, as proposed and conditioned, has been reviewed and preliminarily approved by the Planning and Building Department's Geotechnical Section and the Department of Public Works, with conditions incorporated into Attachment A of the staff report. As analyzed in the staff report, with imposition of the conditions of approval, the project would not have a significant adverse effect on the environment.
- 6. That this project, as conditioned, conforms to the criteria of the San Mateo County Grading Regulations and is consistent with the General Plan. The project, as it will be conditioned, conforms to the criteria for review contained in the Grading Regulations, including an erosion and sediment control plan and dust control measures. The project conforms to the applicable components of the County's General Plan.

RECOMMENDED CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

Current Planning Section

- 1. The project shall be constructed in compliance with the plans approved by the Planning Commission on May 24, 2023, and in compliance with the plans reviewed by the Bayside Design Review Committee (BDRC) on January 4,2023. Any changes or revisions to the approved plans shall be submitted for review by the Community Development Director to determine if they are in substantial compliance with the approved plans, prior to being incorporated into the building plans. Adjustments to the design of the project may be approved by the Design Review Officer if they are consistent with the intent of and are in substantial conformance with this approval. Adjustments to the design during the building permit stage may result in the requirement for additional plan resubmittal or assessment of revision fees. Alternatively, the Design Review Officer may refer consideration of the adjustments, if they are deemed to be major, to a new BDRC public hearing which requires payment of an additional fee of \$1,500.
- 2. The Design Review and Grading Permit shall be valid for five (5) years from the date of final approval, in which time a building permit shall be issued, and a completed inspection (to the satisfaction of the building inspector) shall have occurred within 180 days of its issuance. The design review approval may be extended one time for a one (1) year increment with submittal of an application for permit extension and payment of applicable extension fees 60 days prior to the expiration date.
- 3. The applicant shall indicate the following on plans submitted for a building permit, as stipulated by the Bayside Design Review Committee:
 - a. Use of "Dark sky" exterior light fixtures and submittal of specification sheets.

- 4. If solar panels are installed it is recommended that they are situated below the parapet of the roof.
- 5. The approved exterior colors and materials shall be verified prior to final approval of the building permit. The applicant shall provide photographs to the Design Review Officer to verify adherence to this condition prior to a final building permit approval by the Current Planning Section.
- 6. At the time of building permit application, the applicant shall submit a tree protection plan which implements all arborist recommendations for any work within tree driplines or adjacent to off-site trees, including the following:
 - a. Identify, establish, and maintain tree protection zones throughout the entire duration of the project.
 - b. Isolate tree protection zones using 5-foot tall, orange plastic fencing supported by poles pounded into the ground, located at the driplines as described in the arborist's report.
 - c. Maintain tree protection zones free of equipment and materials storage; contractors shall not clean any tools, forms, or equipment within these areas.
 - d. If any large roots or large masses of roots need to be cut, the roots shall be inspected by a certified arborist or registered forester prior to cutting as required in the arborist's report. Any root cutting shall be undertaken by an arborist or forester and documented. Roots to be cut shall be severed cleanly with a saw or toppers. A tree protection verification letter from the certified arborist shall be submitted to the Planning Department within five (5) business days from site inspection following root cutting.
 - e. Prior to Issuance of a building permit, the Planning and Building Department shall complete a pre-construction site inspection, as necessary, to verify that all required tree protection and erosion control measures are in place.
 - f. Hand-digging shall occur within driplines of trees 45-48, 50-51, which are in close proximity to areas to be disturbed.
- 7. Once all review agencies have approved your building permit, you will be notified when the Erosion Control and/or Tree Protection Plan is ready for implementation. Once the Erosion Control and/or Tree Protection measures have been installed per the approved plans, please arrange a site inspection with the assigned Planner. A \$165 inspection fee will be assessed to the building permit for the inspection. If the initial pre-site inspection is not approved, an additional inspection fee will be assessed for each required re-inspection until the job site passes the Pre-Site Inspection.

- 8. Twenty-four (24) significant trees are approved for removal. All other trees must be protected during grading and construction in accordance with the Arborist Report. Compliance with Tree Protection Plan of the Arborist Report shall be demonstrated on plans submitted for the building permit application. Any additional tree removal is subject to the San Mateo County Tree Ordinance and will require a separate permit for removal.
- 9. Prior to the final approval of the building permit, the applicant shall plant 24 replacement trees, including:
 - a. Six (6) 24-inch box Coast live oaks;
 - b. Twelve (12) 15-gallon Coast live oaks;
 - c. Four native trees (4) 5 gallon size and
 - d. Two (2) 5-gallon size trees of a non-invasive and/or native species.

The landscape plan, as submitted with the building permit application, shall show the location of the replacement trees and irrigation systems necessary for their maintenance. The applicant shall provide photographs to the Design Review Officer to verify adherence to this condition prior to a final building permit sign-off by the Current Planning Section.

- 10. Prior to the Current Planning Section approval of the building permit application, the applicant shall also have the licensed land surveyor or engineer indicate on the construction plans: (1) the natural grade elevations at the significant corners (at least four) of the footprint of the proposed structure on the submitted site plan, and (2) the elevations of proposed finished grades. In addition, (1) the natural grade elevations at the significant corners of the proposed structure, (2) the finished floor elevations, (3) the topmost elevation of the roof, and (4) the garage slab elevation must be shown on the plan, elevations, and cross-section (if one is provided).
- 11. All new power and telephone utility lines from the street or nearest existing utility pole to the main dwelling and/or any other structure on the property shall be placed underground.
- 12. Once the building is under construction, prior to the below floor framing inspection or the pouring of the concrete slab (as the case may be) for the lowest floor(s), the applicant shall provide to the Building Inspection Section a letter from the licensed land surveyor or engineer certifying that the lowest floor height, as constructed, is equal to the elevation specified for that floor in the approved plans. Similarly, certifications on the garage slab and the topmost elevation of the roof are required.

- 13. If the actual floor height, garage slab, or roof height, as constructed, is different than the elevation specified in the plans, then the applicant shall cease all construction and no additional inspections shall be approved until a revised set of plans is submitted to and subsequently approved by both the Building Official and the Community Development Director.
- 14. The applicant shall adhere to all requirements of the Building Inspection Section, the Department of Public Works, and San Mateo County Fire Department.
- 15. No site disturbance shall occur, including any grading or tree/vegetation removal, until a building permit and grading hard card has been issued.
- 16. To reduce the impact of construction activities on neighboring properties, comply with the following:
 - a. All debris shall be contained on-site; a dumpster or trash bin shall be provided on-site during construction to prevent debris from blowing onto adjacent properties. The applicant shall monitor the site to ensure that trash is picked up and appropriately disposed of daily.
 - b. The applicant shall remove all construction equipment from the site upon completion of the use and/or need of each piece of equipment which shall include but not be limited to tractors, back hoes, cement mixers, etc.
 - c. The applicant shall ensure that no construction-related vehicles impede through traffic along the right-of-way on Devonshire Boulevard and Chesham Avenue. All construction vehicles shall be parked on-site outside the public right-of-way or in locations which do not impede safe access on Devonshire Boulevard and Chesham Avenue. There shall be no storage of construction vehicles in the public right-of-way.
- 17. Noise sources associated with demolition, construction, repair, remodeling, or grading of any real property shall be limited to the hours from 7:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m., weekdays, and 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., Saturdays. Said activities are prohibited on Sundays, Thanksgiving, and Christmas (San Mateo County Ordinance Code Section 4.88.360).
- 18. The project is subject to compliance to the Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance (WELO): https://www.smcgov.org/planning/water-efficient-landscape-ordinance-welo

Grading Conditions

19. No grading shall be allowed during the winter season (October 1 to April 30) to avoid potential soil erosion, unless the applicant applies for an Exception to the Winter Grading Moratorium and the Community Development Director grants the exception. Exceptions will only be granted if the associated building permit is a week or less from being issued, dry weather is forecasted during scheduled

grading operations, and the erosion control plan includes adequate winterization measures (amongst other determining factors).

- 20. Add notes with the following minimum dust control measures:
 - a. Water all construction and grading areas at least twice daily.
 - b. Cover all trucks hauling soil, sand, and other loose materials, or require all trucks to maintain at least 2 feet of freeboard.
 - c. Paves apply water two times daily or apply (non-toxic) soil on all unpaved access roads, parking areas, and staging areas at the project site.
 - d. Sweep streets daily (with water sweepers) if visible soil material is carried onto adjacent public streets.
 - e. Enclose, cover, water twice daily, or apply (non-toxic) soil binders to exposed stockpiles (dirt, sand, etc.).
- 21. Prior to issuance of the grading permit "hard card," the property owner shall submit a schedule of all grading operations to the Current Planning Section, subject to review and approval by the Current Planning Section. Along with the "hard card" application, the applicant shall submit a letter to the Current Planning Section, at least 2 weeks prior to commencement of grading, stating the date when grading operations will begin, anticipated end date of grading operations, including dates of revegetation, and haul route. If the schedule of grading operations calls for the grading to be completed in one dry season, then the winterization plan shall be considered a contingent plan to be implemented if work falls behind schedule.
- 22. It shall be the responsibility of the engineer of record to regularly inspect the erosion control measures for the duration of all grading remediation activities, especially after major storm events, and determine that they are functioning as designed and that proper maintenance is being performed. Deficiencies shall be immediately corrected, as determined by and implemented under the observation of the engineer of record.
- 23. For the final approval of the grading permit, the property owner shall ensure the performance of the following activities within 30 days of the completion of grading at the project site: (a) the engineer shall submit written certification that all grading has been completed in conformance with the approved plans, conditions of approval/mitigation measures, and the Grading Regulations, to the Department of Public Works and the Planning and Building Department's Geotechnical Engineer; and (b) the geotechnical consultant shall observe and approve all

- applicable work during construction and sign Section II of the Geotechnical Consultant Approval form, for submittal to the Planning and Building Department's Geotechnical Engineer and the Current Planning Section.
- 24. The property owner shall adhere to the San Mateo Countywide Stormwater Pollution Prevention Program "General Construction and Site Supervision Guidelines" including, but not limited to, the following:
 - a. Delineation with field markers of clearing limits, easements, setbacks, sensitive or critical areas, buffer zones, trees, and drainage courses within the vicinity of areas to be disturbed by construction and/or grading.
 - b. Protection of adjacent properties and undisturbed areas from construction impacts using vegetative buffer strips, sediment barriers or filters, dikes, mulching, or other measures as appropriate.
 - c. Performing clearing and earth-moving activities only during dry weather.
 - d. Stabilization of all denuded areas and maintenance of erosion control measures continuously between October 1 and April 30.
 - e. Storage, handling, and disposal of construction materials and wastes properly, so as to prevent their contact with stormwater.
 - f. Control and prevention of the discharge of all potential pollutants, including pavement cutting wastes, paints, concrete, petroleum products, chemicals, wash water or sediments, and non-stormwater discharges, to storm drains and watercourses.
 - g. Use of sediment controls or filtration to remove sediment when dewatering site and obtain all necessary permits.
 - h. Avoiding cleaning, fueling, or maintaining vehicles on-site, except in a designated area where wash water is contained and treated.
 - i. Limiting and timing application of pesticides and fertilizers to prevent polluted runoff.
 - j. Limiting construction access routes and stabilization of designated access points.
 - k. Avoiding tracking dirt or other materials off-site; cleaning off-site paved areas and sidewalks using dry sweeping methods.

- I. Training and providing instruction to all employees and subcontractors regarding the Watershed Protection Maintenance Standards and construction Best Management Practices.
- m. Additional Best Management Practices in addition to those shown on the plans may be required by the Building Inspector to maintain effective stormwater management during construction activities. Any water leaving the site shall be clear and running slowly at all times.
- n. Failure to install or maintain these measures will result in stoppage of construction until the corrections have been made and fees paid for staff enforcement time.

San Mateo County Fire Department

- 25. All buildings that have a street address shall have the number of that address on the building, mailbox, or other type of sign at the driveway entrance in such a manner that the number is easily and clearly visible from either direction of travel from the street. New residential buildings shall have internally illuminated address numbers contrasting with the background so as to be seen from the public way fronting the building. Residential address numbers shall be at least 6 feet above the finished surface of the driveway. An address sign shall be placed at each break of the road where deemed applicable by the San Mateo County Fire Department. Numerals shall be contrasting in color to their background and shall be no less than 4 inches in height and have a minimum 1/2-inch stroke. Remote signage shall be a 6-inch by 18-inch green reflective metal sign.
- 26. Remove that portion of any tree which extends within 10 feet of the outlet of any chimney or stovepipe or any portion of the tree which overhangs the roof assembly or is within 5 feet of any portion of the structure.
- 27. Adequate g.p.m. fire flow for 2 hours with a 20-psi residual operating pressure must be available as specified by additional project conditions to the project site. The applicant shall provide documentation including hydrant location, main size, and fire flow report at the building permit application stage. Inspection required prior to Fire's final approval of the building permit or before combustibles are brought on site.
- 28. Maintain around and adjacent to such buildings or structures a fuel break/firebreak made by removing and clearing away flammable vegetation for a distance of not less than 30 feet and up to 100 feet around the perimeter of all structures, or to the property line, if the property line is less than 30 feet from any structure.

- 29. The required fire flow shall be available from a County Standard 6-inch Wet Barrel Fire Hydrant. The configuration of the hydrant shall have a minimum of one each 4 1/2-inch outlet and one each 2 1/2-inch outlet located not more than 250 feet from the building measured by way of approved drivable access to the project site.
- 30. All roof assemblies in Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zones shall have a minimum CLASS-A fire resistive rating and be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and current California Building and Residential Codes.
- 31. Smoke alarms and carbon monoxide detectors shall be installed in accordance with the California Building and Residential Codes. This includes the requirement for hardwired, interconnected detectors equipped with battery backup and placement in each sleeping room in addition to the corridors and on each level of the residence.
- 32. An approved Automatic Fire Sprinkler System meeting the requirements of NFPA-13D shall be required to be installed for your project. Plans shall be submitted to the San Mateo County Building Department for review and approval by the authority having jurisdiction.
- 33. A statement that the building will be equipped and protected by automatic fire sprinklers must appear on the title page of the building plans.
- 34. An interior and exterior audible alarm activated by automatic fire sprinkler system water flow shall be required to be installed in all residential systems. All hardware must be included on the submitted sprinkler plans.
- 35. All dead-end roadways shall be terminated by a turnaround bulb of not less than 96 feet in diameter.
- 36. This project is located in a wildland urban interface area. Roofing, attic ventilation, exterior walls, windows, exterior doors, decking, floors, and underfloor protection to meet CRC R327 or CBC Chapter 7A requirements.

Department of Public Works

37. Prior to the issuance of the building permit, the applicant shall submit a driveway "Plan and Profile," to the Department of Public Works, showing the driveway access to the parcel (garage slab) complying with County Standards for driveway slopes (not to exceed 20%) and to County Standards for driveways (at the property line) being the same elevation as the center of the access roadway. When appropriate, as determined by the Department of Public Works, this plan and profile shall be prepared from elevations and alignment shown on the

- roadway improvement plans. The driveway plan shall also include and show specific provisions and details for both the existing and the proposed drainage patterns and drainage facilities.
- 38. Should the access shown on the plans go through neighboring properties, the applicant shall provide documentation that "ingress and egress" easements match the as-built condition of the constructed access prior to final building permit approval.
- 39. No proposed construction work within the County right-of-way shall begin until County requirements for the issuance of an encroachment permit, including review of the plans, have been met and an encroachment permit issued.

 Applicant shall contact a Department of Public Works Inspector 48 hours prior to commencing work in the right-of-way.
- 40. Prior to the issuance of the Building Permit, the applicant will be required to provide payment of "roadway mitigation fees" based on the square footage (assessable space) of the proposed building per Ordinance No. 3277.

County Arborist

41. Orange snow fencing shall be used to delineate tree protection zones for trees immediately adjacent to the septic line and leech field.

Geotechnical Section

- 42. The Project Geologic and Geotechnical Consultant shall be provided final grading plans, building layouts and floor elevations to provide supplemental recommendations, as necessary. Given the steep colluvium mantled slopes above the general building area, the Project Team shall consider the potential for shallow debris type failures that could impact the proposed improvements. The Project Geotechnical Consultant and Project Team shall consider the benefits of retaining walls with freeboard design to resist potential impact forces.
- 43. Follow SP117A Table 2: Recommended content for site-investigation reports within zones of required investigations to finish additional required investigations.

Drainage Section

44. Prior to the issuance of the building permit, the applicant shall have prepared, by a registered civil engineer, a drainage analysis of the proposed project and submit it to the Department of Public Works for review and approval. The drainage analysis shall consist of a written narrative and a plan. The flow of the stormwater onto, over, and off of the property shall be detailed on the plan and shall include

adjacent lands as appropriate to clearly depict the pattern of flow. The analysis shall detail the measures necessary to certify adequate drainage. Post-development flows and velocities shall not exceed those that existed in the predeveloped state. Recommended measures shall be designed and included in the improvement plans and submitted to the Department of Public Works for review and approval.

- 45. At the time of the building permit submittal, the project shall be required to comply with the County's "prescriptive" drainage review requirements and provide the following:
 - a. Final Drainage Report stamped and signed by a registered Civil Engineer.
 - b. Final Grading and Drainage Plan stamped and signed by a registered Civil Engineer depicting a storage and metering stormwater retention system and subdrain system(s) consistent with the requirements in the County's current Drainage Manual.
 - c. Final C.3 and C.6 Development Review Checklist.

County Environmental Health Services

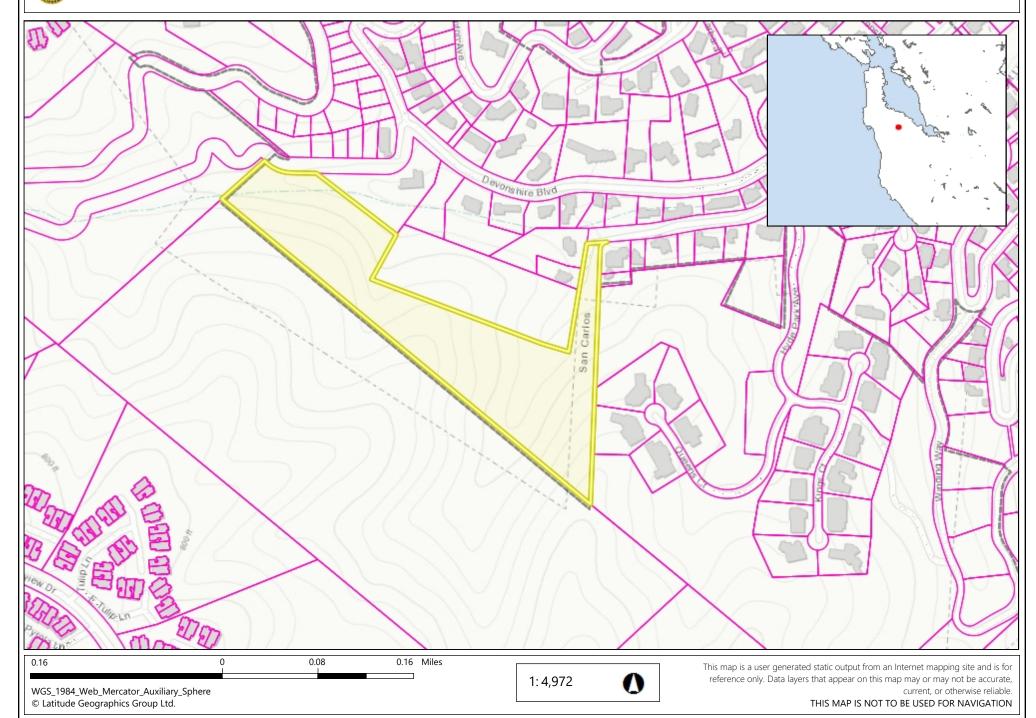
46. At the building permit application stage, the applicant shall submit plans consistent with the On-site Wastewater Treatment System (OWTS) design that has been reviewed and preliminarily approved by Environmental Health Services.

EDA:mda – EDAHH0086_WMU.DOCX

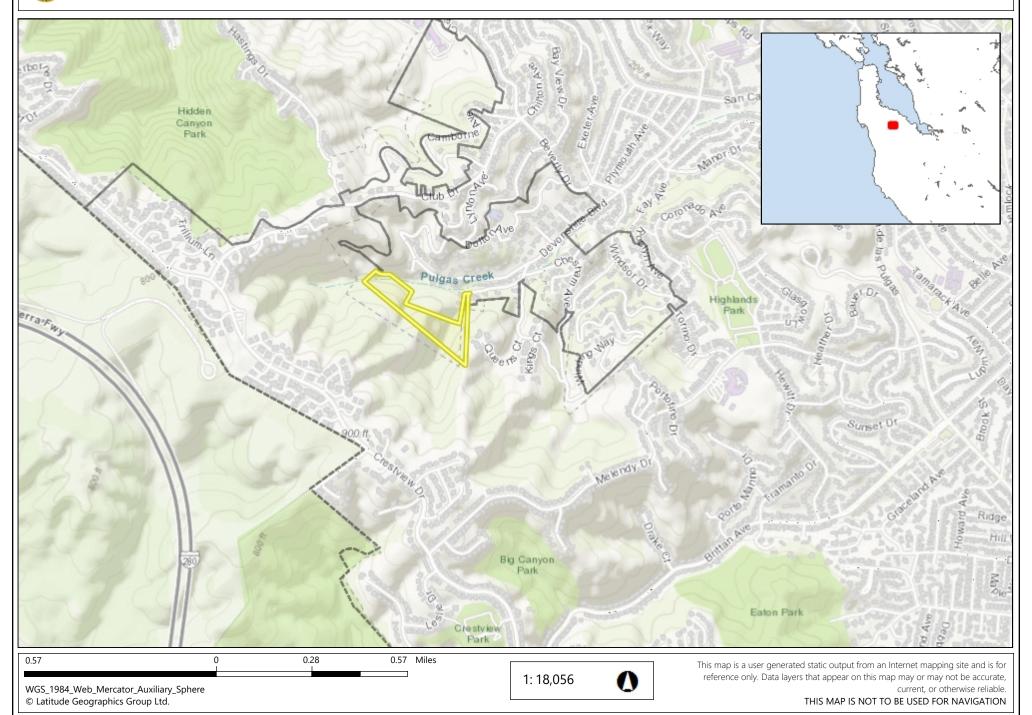


COUNTY OF SAN MATEO - PLANNING AND BUILDING DEPARTMENT

ATTACHMENT B



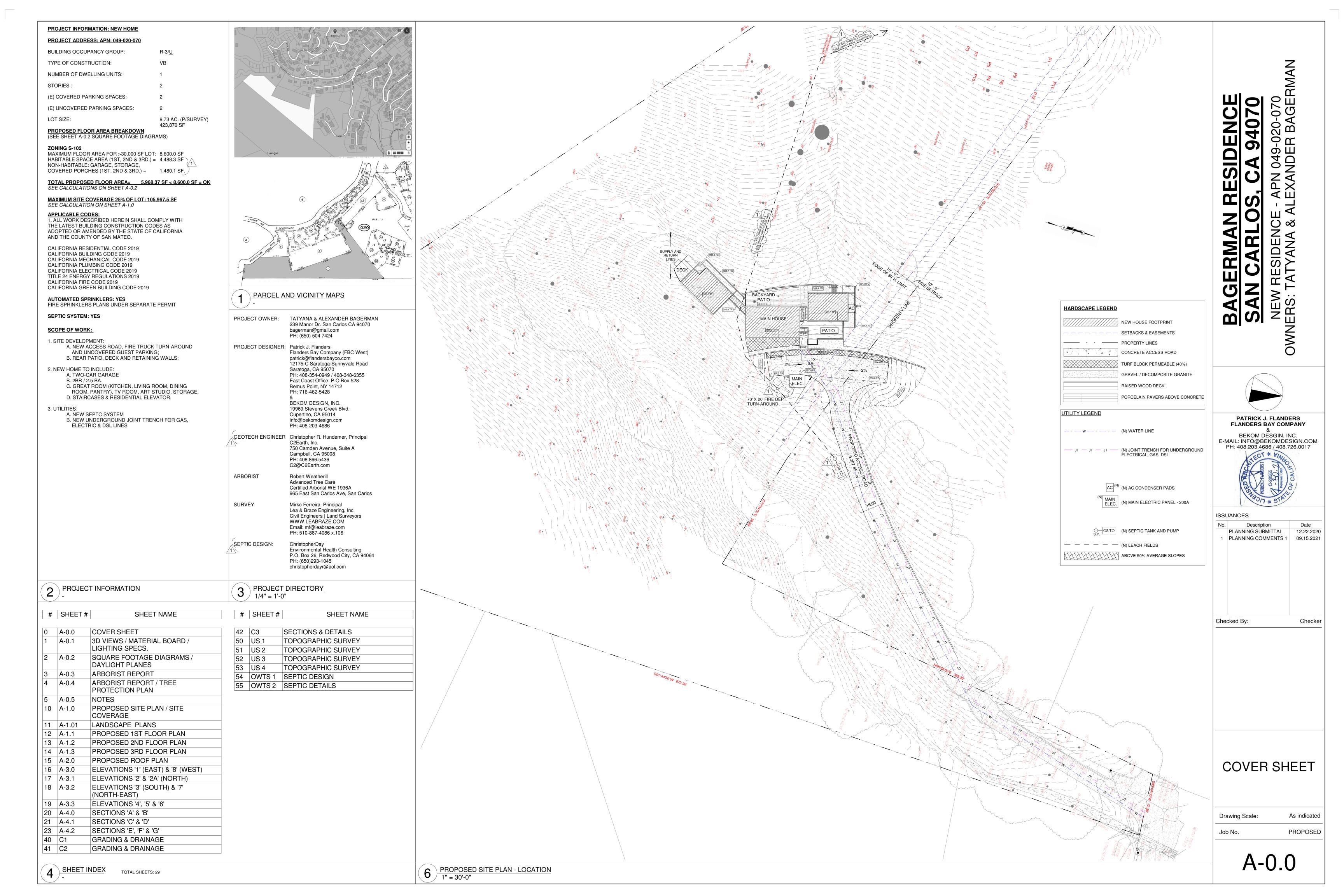
PLN2020-00467 - County San Mateo, CA

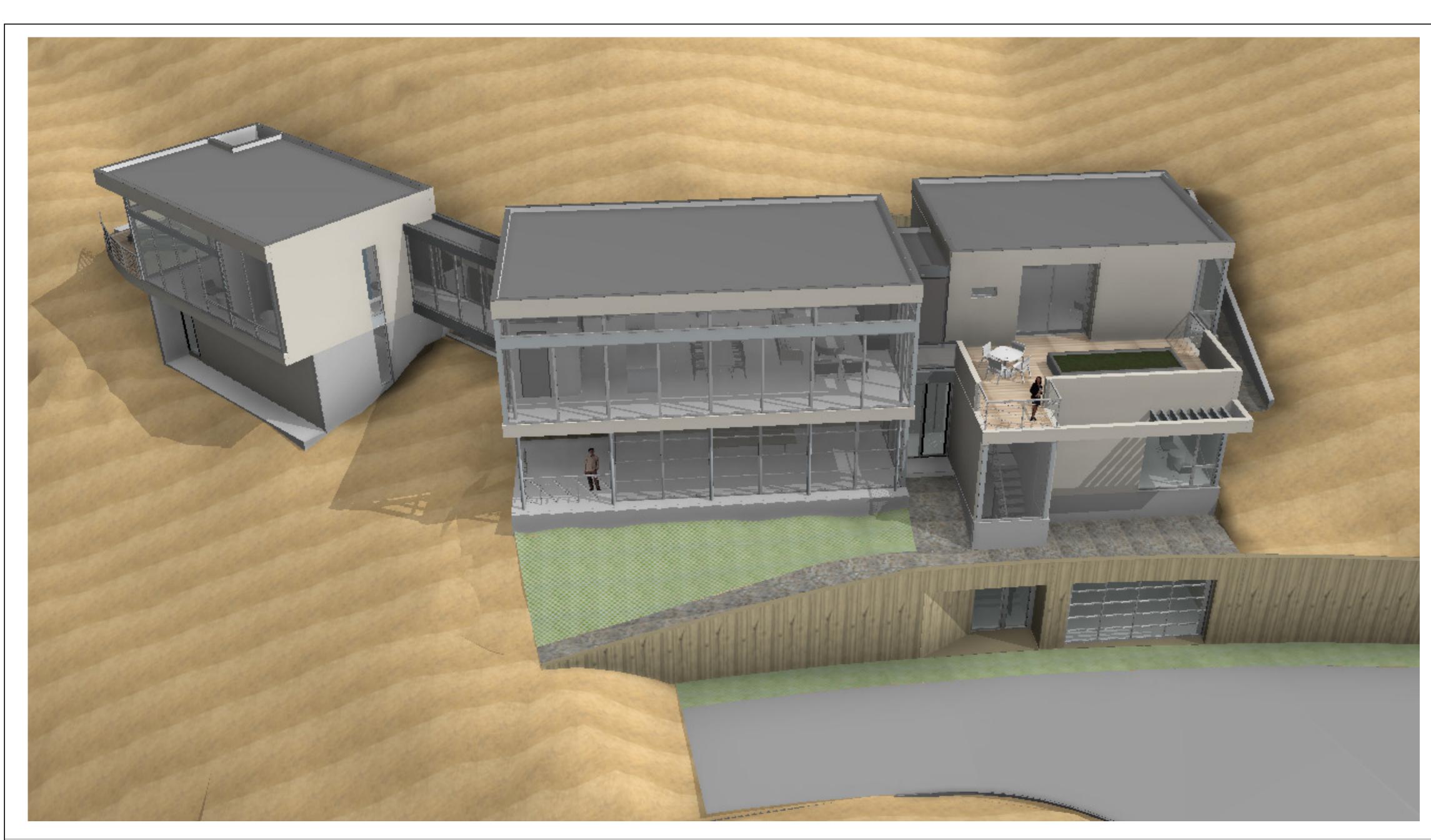




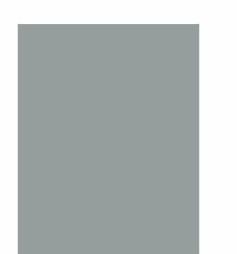
COUNTY OF SAN MATEO - PLANNING AND BUILDING DEPARTMENT

ATTACHMENT C









WINDOWS STRUCTURE: BENJAMIN MOORE 2121-30 (PEWTER) / LRV 33



WINDOWS-WESTERN ALUMINUM SATIN ANODIZED



ROUND POSTS BENJAMIN MOORE: 2121-40 / LRV 57.53



CONCRETE WALL: NATUAL FINISH (GREY)



ENTRY DOOR: WESTERN ALUMINUM SATIN ANODIZED



CONCRETE WALL FINISH: BASALT LINER STAINED



WALL SCONCE-KUZKO LIGHTING CASA LED 11W (800LUMENS)/3000 K GREY





STEP LIGHT: WAC LIGHTING STEP LIGHT 12V / AM AMBER CAST STAILESS STEEL

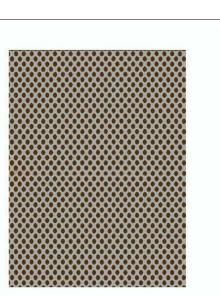


FASCIA:

BRIDGE & ELEVATOR:

BENJAMIN MOORE:

RAILINGS-2X2 POSTS WITH 1/4" RODS AND SQUARE HANDRAIL SS FINISH

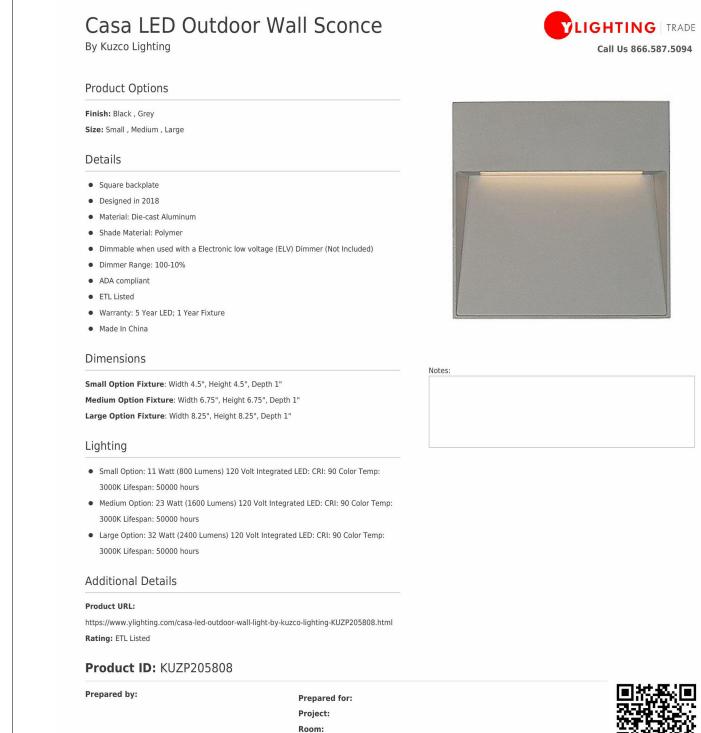


ACCENT WALL: PERFORATED METAL (GALVALUME) WITH BACK WALL IN COLOR: BENJAMIN MOORE 2114-20 / LRV: 5.41

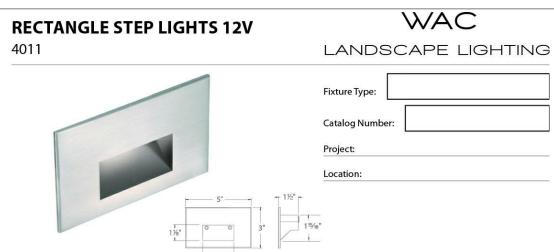




Slate Gray 740



2 EXTERIOR WALL NOT TO SCALE EXTERIOR WALL SCONCES SPECS.



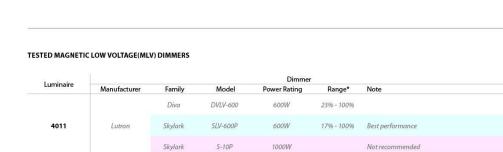
decks, balcony areas, walkways and building perimeters. Features an architectural design. Energy efficient for long-lasting outdoor lighting solutions. Creates an attractive, romantic impression at night.

Input: 9-15VAC (Transformer is required)
Power: 2W / 3.1VA
CRI: 90
Mounting: Fits into 2" × 4" J-Box with minimum inside dimensions of 3"L × 2"W × 2"H Includes bracket for J-Box mount. Rated Life: 60,000 hours

 Solid diecast brass, corrosion resistant aluminum alloy, or cast stainless steel IP66 rated, Protected against high-pressure water jets Conveniently adapts into existing 12V system Maintains constant lumen output against voltage drop



RECTANGLE STEP LIGHTS 12V LANDSCAPE LIGHTING



been tested with our products. The recommended list below is based upon testing conducted in a lab, and the results can vary in certain field applications due to a number of factors. Exclusion from the list does not imply incompatibility, just that it has not been tested by WAC Lighting. Please reference the dimmer manufacturer's instructions for installation, or contact a WAC lighting professional at 800-526-2588.

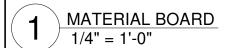
Spacing Recommendations for	Optimal Light Distribution	
Corridors / Hallways	Stairs - Wall Mount	Stairs - St
	22"——	
	-11"-	
36" 36" 12" - 18"	12" 8"	

Headquarters/Eastern Distribution Center 44 Harbor Park Drive Port Washington, NY 11050 Central Distribution Center 1600 Distribution Ct Lithia Springs, GA 30122 Job No.

BAGERMAN RESIDENCE - EXTERIOR MATERIAL BOARD

GARAGE DOOR: MARTIN ATHENA

FINISH: ALUMINUM ANODIZED / FROSTED GLASS



3 EXTERIOR STEP LIGHT SPECS. NOT TO SCALE

PATRICK J. FLANDERS **FLANDERS BAY COMPANY**

BEKOM DESGIN, INC. E-MAIL: INFO@BEKOMDESIGN.COM PH: 408.203.4686 / 408.726.0017

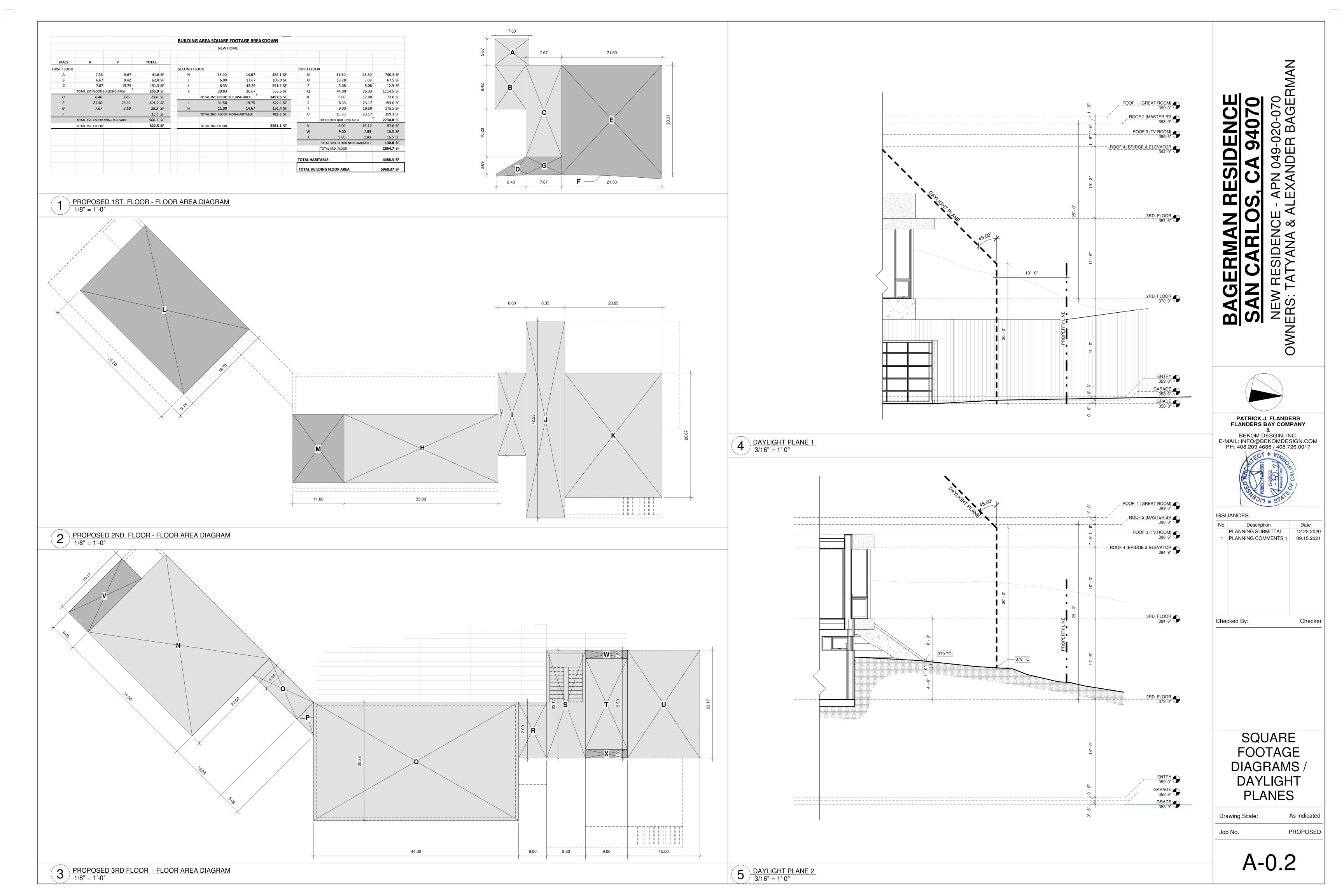
ISSUANCES Description PLANNING SUBMITTAL 12.22.2020 1 PLANNING COMMENTS 1 09.15.2021

Checker Checked By:

> 3D VIEWS / **MATERIAL** BOARD / LIGHTING SPECS.

As indicated Drawing Scale: PROPOSED

A-0.1



Location of proposed new house, protected trees and their Tree Protection Zones

The part of the crown composed of leaves and small twigs. (2)

A classification of plants showing similar characteristics.

A Classification that identifies a particular plant.

(1) Matheny, N.P., and Clark, J.P. Evaluation of Hazard Trees in Urban Areas.

(2) Harris, R.W., Matheny, N.P. and Clark, J.R.. Arboriculture: Integrated

(4) Extracted from a copy of Tree Protection guidelines. Anon

(6) D Dockter, Tree Technical Manual. City of Palo Alto, June, 2001

Management of Landscape Trees, Shrubs and Vines. Prentice Hall, 1999.

(3) Carlson, Russell E. Paulownia on The Green: An Assessment of Tree Health

(5) T. D. Sydnor, Arboricultural Glossary. School of Natural Resources, 2000

Root plate The point at which the trunk flares out at the base of the tree to become the root

An open wound, characterized by the presence of extensive decay and

Process of degradation of woody tissues by fungi and bacteria through the

The width of the crown as measured by the lateral extent of the foliage. (1)

Height at which the girth of the tree is measured. Typically 4 1/2 feet above

Chesham Ave., San Carlos

December 17, 2020

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PATRICK J. FLANDERS FLANDERS BAY COMPANY

BEKOM DESGIN, INC. E-MAIL: INFO@BEKOMDESIGN.COM PH: 408.203.4686 / 408.726.0017

Description PLANNING SUBMITTAL 12.22.2020

1 PLANNING COMMENTS 1 09.15.2021

Checked By:

Checker

1/32" = 1'-0"

REPORT

Drawing Scale: Job No.

Alex and Tatyana Bagerman 239 Manor Dr San Carlos, CA 94070

Site: Chesham Ave., San Carlos

Dear Alex and Tatyana,

At your request I visited the above site for the purpose of inspecting and commenting on the regulated trees around the property. A new home is planned, prompting the need for this tree protection report.

Method:

San Mateo County regulates Significant Trees whereby a "SIGNIFICANT TREE" shall mean any live woody plant rising above the ground with a single stem or trunk of a circumference of 38" (Diameter 12.1") or more measured at 4 1/2' vertically above the ground or immediately below the lowest branch, whichever is lower, and having the inherent capacity of naturally producing one main axis continuing to grow more vigorously than the lateral axes.

The location of the Significant trees on this site can be found on the plan provided by you. Each tree is given an identification number. The trees are measured at 54 inches above ground level (DBH or Diameter at Breast Height). A condition rating of 1 to 100 is assigned to each tree representing form and vitality on the following scale:

> Very Poor 1 to 29 30 to 49 Poor 50 to 69 Fair Good 70 to 89 90 to 100 Excellent

The height and spread of each tree is estimated. A Comments section is provided for any significant observations affecting the condition rating of the tree.

A Summary and Tree Protection Plan are at the end of the survey providing recommendations for maintaining the health and condition of the trees during and after construction.

If you have any questions, please don't hesitate to call

Sincerely

Robert Weatherill

Certified Arborist WE 1936A

1 | Page

Advanced Tree Care 965 East San Carlos Ave, San Carlos

Chesham Ave., San Carlos December 17, 2020

3 | Page

Tree Survey

Tree# Species

Coast live oak

Buckeye

Buckeye

Summary:

Coast live oak

Quercus agrifolia

health that cannot be rectified.

construction.

4 | Page

condition due to many years of neglect.

Quercus agrifolia

Quercus agrifolia

Quercus agrifolia

Quercus agrifolia

Quercus agrifolia

Aesculus californica

Aesculus californica

Advanced Tree Care

965 East San Carlos Ave, San Carlos

Tree S	<u>Survey</u>				
Tree#	Species	DBH	Ht/Sp	Con Rating	Comments
1	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	13.9/11.0/16.0"	30/20	60	Fair health and condition, codominant at grade, Significant
2	Buckeye Aesculus califonica	6.5"	20/10	50	Fair health and condition Not Significant
3	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	11.2"	10/15	20	Poor health and condition, almost dead, suppressed and leaning, Not Significant
4	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	10.5"	20/15	30	Poor health and condition, suppressed, leaning, Not Significant
5	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	14.2"	30/20	55	Fair health and condition, thin canopy, decay at base, Significant
6	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	20.4"	40/30	55	Fair health and condition, suppressed by adjacent, Significant
7	California bay Umbellularia californica	7.2"	30/10	60	Good health and condition, Not Significant
8	Buckeye Aesculus californica	8.3"	15/20	40	Poor health and condition, leaning Not Significant
9	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	26.1"	40/40	60	Fair health and condition, codominant at 4', Significant
10	Buckeye Aesculus californica	6.4"	20/10	50	Fair health and condition Not Significant
11	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	21.0"	20/30	60	Fair health and condition, leaning Significant
12	Buckeye Aesculus californica	5.1/5.0"	15/10	40	Poor health and condition, decay at base, Not Significant
13	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	20.4"	40/25	60	Fair health and condition, slight lean Significant
14	California bay Umbellularia californica	9.5/16.0"	35/20	50	Fair health and condition, codominant at 3', Significant
15	California bay Umbellularia californica	10.0/6.7"	40/15	40	Poor health and condition, decay at base, codominant at grade Significant
16	California bay Umbellularia californica	9.3"	40/10	50	Fair health and condition, leaning Not Significant
17	California bay Umbellularia californica	12.6"	40/20	50	Fair health and condition, leaning Significant
18	Buckeye Aesculus californica	6.3"	15/10	40	Poor health and condition Not Significant

Chesham Ave., San Carlos December 17, 2020

Chesham Ave., San Carlos

Comments

Not Significant

Significant

Significant

Significant

Not Significant

at 8 feet Significant

Ht/Sp Con Rating

16.3"@2'

12.1/11.5/11.1/6.0/8.1" 25/25

14.1/8.6" 25/20

18.1" 25/20

7.8/7.8" 20/10

4.1/2.0" 15/10

The property is a previously undeveloped lot. Many of the trees are in only fair health and

There are 30 Significant trees on the property. Tree #s 1, 5, 6, 9, 11, 13, 14, 15, 17, 20, 21, 22, 23,

Tree #s 15, 20, 22, 23, 26, 28 and 31 are all in poor health and condition and should be removed.

Tree #s 24, 25, 27 and 29 will be removed as they stand within the foot print of the proposed new buildings. All these trees are only in fair condition (50%) and have issues with decay or and

Tree #s 1, 11, 13, 17, 21, 32, 33, 35, 36, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42 and 44 should be protected during

The trees on the site are a variety of natives in varying health and condition.

24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 31, 32, 33, 35, 36, 38, 39, 40 41, 42 and 44.

Tree # 14 is in an area that will be graded and will have to be removed.

The Not Significant trees on this property can be removed if desired.

Tree #s 5, 6 and 9 are in the proposed driveway and will have to be removed

21.8"/11.8" 35/20

30/15

December 17, 2020

Poor health and condition

Fair health and condition

at grade, **Significant**

at grade, Significant

Fair health and condition,

Fair health and condition,

Fair health and condition, codominant

Fair health and condition, codominant

Fair health and condition, broken branch

Good health and condition, included bark

Tree#	Species	DBH	Ht/Sp	Con Rating	Comments
19	Buckeye Aesculus californica	7.8"	15/15	50	Fair health and condition, leaning Not Significant
20	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	24.2"	40/40	40	Poor health and condition, phytophthora on trunk, Significant
21	California bay 15. Umbellularia californica	0/17.1/14.3/15.1/6.0"	60/30	70	Good health and condition Significant
22	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	12.9"	20/20	0	Dead Significant
23	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	24"est	25/20	0	Dead Significant
24	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	12.5/18.5"	25/20	50	Fair health and condition, thin canopy, Significant
25	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	15.4/14.0/11.6"	25/20	50	Fair health and condition, codominant at grade, Significant
26	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	13.0"	20/10	45	Poor health and condition, cavity at 3', Significant
27	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	18.7"	20/25	50	Fair health and condition, decay at base leaning, Significant
28	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	17.9"	25/15	40	Poor health and condition, decay at base, Significant
29	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	20.5/7.0"	20/20	50	Fair health and condition, decay at base codominant at grade, Significant
30	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	10.5"	15/15	40	Poor health and condition, decay throughout, Not Significant
31	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	13.9"	15/20	40	Poor health and condition Significant
32	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	17.3/18.5"	35/20	55	Fair health and condition, codominant at 2', Significant
33	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	15.7/18.3/18.5"	35/30	55	Fair health and condition, codominant at 3', Significant
34	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	10.2"	12/8	55	Fair health and condition, suppressed by #9, Not Significant
35	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	20.2"	20/15	60	Fair health and condition Significant
36	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	19.6/9.5/19.1"	30/35	60	Fair health and condition, codominant at grade, Significant

Tree Protection Plan

1. The Tree Protection Zone (TPZ) should be defined with protective fencing. This should be cyclone or chain link fencing on $1^{1/2}$ " or 2" posts driven at least 2 feet in to the ground standing at least 6 feet tall. Normally a TPZ is defined by the dripline of the tree. I recommend the TPZ's as follows:-

Tree #s 1, 5, 6, 9, 11, 13, 14, 41, 42 and 44 are along the east side of the driveway up to the proposed house. The TPZ fencing should follow the edge of the driveway and extend out to 10 feet from the trunk of the tree where possible.

Tree #s 35, 36, 38, 39 and 40 are along the west side of the driveway up to the proposed house. The TPZ fencing should follow the edge of the driveway and extend out to 10 feet from the trunk of the tree where possible.

Tree # 17: TPZ should be at 8 feet from the trunk closing on the fence line in accordance with Type I Tree Protection as outlined and illustrated in image 2.15-1 and 2 (6).

Tree # 21: TPZ should be at 20 feet from the trunk closing on the fence line in accordance with Type I Tree Protection as outlined and illustrated in image 2.15-1 and 2 (6)

Tree # 32: TPZ should be at 20 feet from the trunk closing on the fence line in accordance with Type I Tree Protection as outlined and illustrated in image 2.15-1 and 2 (6)

Tree # 33: TPZ should be at 20 feet from the trunk closing on the fence line in accordance with Type I Tree Protection as outlined and illustrated in image 2.15-1 and 2 (6)





under the canopy dripline or TPZ of the tree(s) to be saved throughout the life of the project, or until final improvement work within the area is required, typically near the end of the project (see Images 2.15-1 and 2.15-2). Parking Areas: If the fencing must be located on paving or sidewalk that will not be demolished, the posts may be supported by an appropriate grade level concrete base.

• Type I Tree Protection

The fences shall enclose the entire area

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Advanced Tree Care 965 East San Carlos Ave, San Carlos

Chesham Ave., San Carlos December 17, 2020

2. Any pruning and maintenance of the tree shall be carried out before construction begins. This should allow for any clearance requirements for both the new structure and any construction machinery particularly along the driveway. This will eliminate the possibility of damage during construction. The pruning should be carried out by an arborist, not by construction **personnel**. No limbs greater than 4" in diameter shall be removed.

3. Any excavation in ground where there is a potential to damage roots of 1" or more in diameter

4. If roots are broken, every effort should be made to remove the damaged area and cut it back to its closest lateral root. A clean cut should be made with a saw or pruners. This will prevent any infection from damaged roots spreading throughout the root system and into the tree. (2)

- b. Store materials, stockpile soil, park or drive vehicles within the TPZ of the tree.
- c. Cut, break, skin or bruise roots, branches or trunk without first obtaining permission from the city arborist.
- d. Allow fires under any adjacent trees.
- e. Discharge exhaust into foliage.
- g. Apply soil sterilants under pavement near existing trees.
- 6. Where roots are exposed, they should be kept covered with the native soil or four layers of wetted, untreated burlap. Roots will dry out and die if left exposed to the air for too long. (4)
- 7. Route pipes into alternate locations to avoid conflict with roots. (4)
- 8. Where it is not possible to reroute pipes or trenches, the contractor is to bore beneath the dripline of the tree. The boring shall take place no less than 3 feet below the surface of the soil in order to avoid encountering "feeder" roots. (4)
- 9. Compaction of the soil within the dripline shall be kept to a minimum. (2) If access is required to go through the TPZ of a protected tree, the area within the TPZ should be protected from compaction either with steel plates or with 4" of wood chip overlaid with plywood.
- 10. Any damage due to construction activities shall be reported to the project arborist or city arborist within 6 hours so that remedial action can be taken.

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Glossary

Cavities

References

Advanced Tree Care

resulting in a hollow. (1)

ground level

International Society of Arboriculture, 1994.

and Structural Condition. Tree Tech Consulting, 1998.

decomposition of cellulose and lignin⁽¹⁾

965 East San Carlos Ave, San Carlos

should be carefully hand dug. Where possible, roots should be dug around rather than cut. (2)

5. **Do Not**:. (4)

- a. Allow run off or spillage of damaging materials into the area below any tree canopy.
- f. Secure cable, chain or rope to trees or shrubs.

- 11. Ensure upon completion of the project that the original ground level is restored

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ARBORIST REPORT 1/32" = 1'-0"

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ISSUANCES

ARBORIST

PROPOSED

I, Robert Weatherill certify:

- * That I have personally inspected the tree(s) and/or the property referred to in this report, and have stated my findings accurately. The extent of the evaluation and appraisal is stated in the attached report and the Terms and Conditions;
- * That I have no current or prospective interest in the vegetation or the property that is the subject of this report, and I have no personal interest or bias with respect to the parties involved;
- * That the analysis, opinions and conclusions stated herein are my own, and are based on current scientific procedures and facts;
- * That my compensation is not contingent upon the reporting of a predetermined conclusion that favors the cause of the client or any other party, nor upon the results of the assessment, the attainment of stipulated results, or the occurrence of any subsequent
- * That my analysis, opinions, and conclusions were developed and this report has been prepared according to commonly accepted Arboricultural practices;
- * That no one provided significant professional assistance to the consultant, except as indicated within the report.

I further certify that I am a member of the International Society of Arboriculture and a Certified Arborist. I have been involved in the practice of arboriculture and the care and study of trees for over 20 years.

Signed

Robert Weatherill Certified Arborist WE 1936a Date: 12/17/20

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Advanced Tree Care 965 East San Carlos Ave, San Carlos

Chesham Ave., San Carlos December 17, 2020

Terms and Conditions(3)

The following terms and conditions apply to all oral and written reports and correspondence pertaining to

consultations, inspections and activities of Advanced Tree Care: 1. All property lines and ownership of property, trees, and landscape plants and fixtures are assumed to be accurate and reliable as presented and described to the consultant, either verbally or in writing. The

consultant assumes no responsibility for verification of ownership or locations of property lines, or for results of any actions or recommendations based on inaccurate information. 2. It is assumed that any property referred to in any report or in conjunction with any services

performed by Advanced Tree Care, is not in violation of any applicable codes, ordinances, statutes, or other governmental regulations, and that any titles and ownership to any property are assumed to be good and marketable. Any existing liens and encumbrances have been disregarded.

All reports and other correspondence are confidential, and are the property of Advanced Tree Care and it's named clients and their assignees or agents. Possession of this report or a copy thereof does not imply any right of publication or use for any purpose, without the express permission of the consultant and the client to whom the report was issued. Loss, removal or alteration of any part of a report invalidates the entire appraisal/evaluation.

4. The scope of any report or other correspondence is limited to the trees and conditions specifically mentioned in those reports and correspondence. Advanced Tree Care and the consultant assume no liability for the failure of trees or parts of trees, either inspected or otherwise. The consultant assumes no responsibility to report on the condition of any tree or landscape feature not specifically requested by the named client.

5. All inspections are limited to visual examination of accessible parts, without dissection, excavation, probing, boring or other invasive procedures, unless otherwise noted in the report. No warrantee or guarantee is made, expressed or implied, that problems or deficiencies of the plants or the property will not occur in the future, from any cause. The consultant shall not be responsible for damages caused by any tree defects, and assumes no responsibility for the correction of defects or tree related problems.

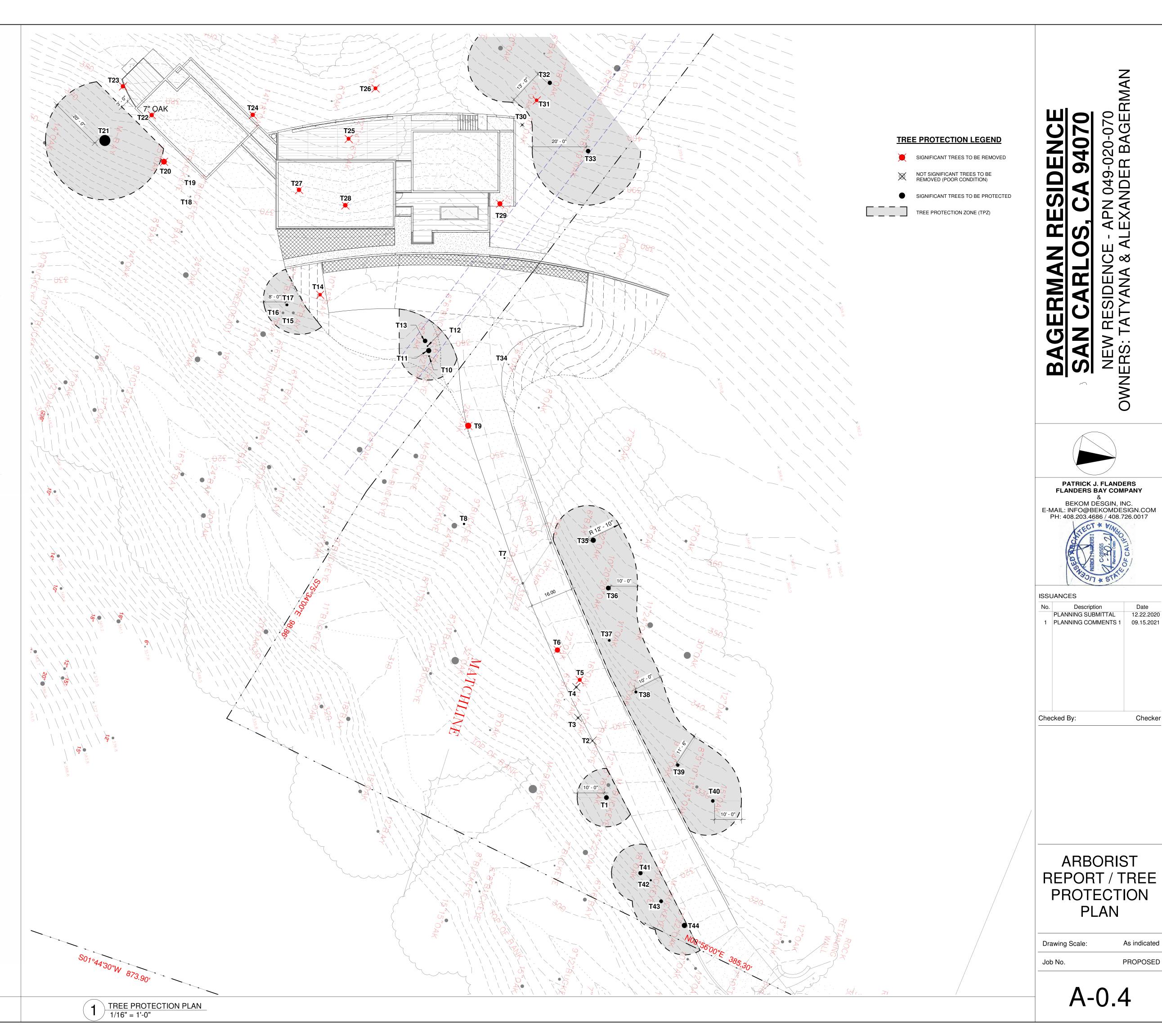
6. The consultant shall not be required to provide further documentation, give testimony, be deposed, or attend court by reason of this appraisal/report unless subsequent contractual arrangements are made, including payment of additional fees for such services as described by the consultant or in the fee schedules

Advanced Tree Care has no warrantee, either expressed or implied, as to the suitability of the information contained in the reports for any purpose. It remains the responsibility of the client to determine applicability to his/her particular case.

8. Any report and the values, observations, and recommendations expressed therein represent the professional opinion of the consultants, and the fee for services is in no manner contingent upon the reporting of a specified value nor upon any particular finding to be reported.

9. Any photographs, diagrams, graphs, sketches, or other graphic material included in any report, being intended solely as visual aids, are not necessarily to scale and should not be construed as engineering reports or surveys, unless otherwise noted in the report. Any reproductions of graphs material or the work product of any other persons is intended solely for the purpose of clarification and ease of reference. Inclusion of said information does not constitute a representation by Advanced Tree Care or the consultant as to the sufficiency or accuracy of that information.

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070 GEI

70

40

PATRICK J. FLANDERS **FLANDERS BAY COMPANY**

BEKOM DESGIN, INC.

Description

ARBORIST

PLAN

A-0.4

As indicated

PROPOSED

12.22.2020

Checker

CMC, CPC, CEC AND 2019 ENERGY REGULATIONS EXISTING CONDITIONS SHALL BE FIELD VERIFIED BY THE CONTRACTOR FOR COMPATIBILITY WITH THE NEW CONSTRUCTION SHOWN HEREIN ALL NOTES AND DIMENSIONS SHALL BE FIELD VERIFIED BY THE

GENERAL CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS ARE NOT TO BE SCALED FOR DIMENSIONS. WRITTEN

DIMENSIONS SHALL BE PREFERRED IN CASE OF DISCREPANCIES BETWEEN THE DRAWINGS AND THE FIELD CONDITIONS, THE DESIGNER SHALL BE NOTIFIED PRIOR TO PROCEEDING WITH CONSTRUCTION

THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR / OWNER SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR AL WORK REQUIRED TO COMPLETE THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROJECT WORKMANSHIP AND MATERIALS SHALL CONFORM WITH THE CURRENT UNIFORM BUILDING CODE

EXISTING GRADE ELEVATION SHALL BE MAINTAINED PROVIDE A 2% MIN SLOPE AWAY FROM BUILDING AT ALL LANDINGS ALL NEW SEWER LINES TO HAVE ATMOSPHERIC AND LISTED ACCESSIBLE BACKFLOW PREVENTION WATER VALVES INSTALLED, AND SHALL HAVE AN ATMOSPHERIC RELIEF VALVE INSTALLED UPSTREAM OF THE BACKFLOW VALVE AND A CLEANOUT DOWNSTREM OF THE BACKFLOW VALVE OUTSIDE THE BUILDING IN CLOSE PROXIMITY TO THE **FOUNDATION**

STATE ARCHITECT CERTIFIED EARTHQUAKE - ACTUATED GAS SHUT OFF 5 VALVES AT ALL NEW GAS UTILITY METERS

CONSTRUCTION NOTES

ALL DIMENSIONS ARE TO FINISHED FACE OF WALLS, FLOORS AND **CEILINGS: UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED** BEDROOMS THAT DO NOT HAVE EGRESS DOORS, SHALL HAVE ONE

WINDOW THAT MEETS EGRESS REQUIREMENTS MIN. 20" CLEAR WIDTH. MIN. 24" CLEAR HEIGHT WHEN OPEN: MIN. 5.7 SQ. FT. OF CLEAR OPEN AREA / 5 SQ. FT. FOR GRADE LEVEL ROOMS

MAX. HEIGHT OF 44" FROM FINISHED FLOOR TO BOTTOM OF **CLEAR OPENING** GLAZING INSTALLED SHALL BE TEMPERED WHEN INSTALLED IN THE

FOLLOWING LOCATIONS ADJACENT TO AND WITHIN 24" OF A DOOR

SHOWER/TUB ENCLOSURES WHERE THE BOTTOM EXPOSED EDGE OF THE GLAZING IS < 60" ABOVE THE FINISHED FLOOR GLAZING IN A WALL ENCLOSING A STAIRWAY LANDING OR WITHIN 5' OF THE BOTTOM AND TOP OF THE STAIRWAY, WHERE THE BOTTOM EDGE OF THE GLAZING IS <60" ABOVE THE FLOOR

FINISHED FLOOR ANY GLAZING MEETING ALL THE FOLLOWING EXPOSED AREA OF AN INDIVIDUAL PANE IS > 9 SQ. FT. EXPOSED BOTTOM EDGE IS < 18" ABOVE FINISHED

EXPOSED TOP EDGE IS >36" ABOVE FINISHED FLOOR WITH IN A 36" HORIZONTAL DISTANCE OF A WALKING SURFACE

NEW 110V SMOKE DETECTORS WITH BATTERY BACKUP, WHICH ARE AUDIBLE IN ALL SLEEPING AREAS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN THE FOLLOWING LOCATION- BEDROOMS, HALLWAYS LEADING TO BEDROOMS, ABOVE TOPS OF STAIRS, ANY AREA WHERE CEILING HEIGHT IS OVER 24" ABOVE A HALLWAY CEILING LEADING TO BEDROOMS AND MIN. ONE ON EVERY LEVEL

CARBON MONOXIDE DETECTORS SHALL BE INSTALLED AS PER CODE REQUIREMENTS

NEW TOILETS SHALL BE 1.28 GALLON PER FLUSH NEW TOILETS SHALL KEEP THE FOLLOWING CLEARANCE: MIN 15" CLEAR FROM CENTER OF TOILET TO ADJACENT WALL OR ANY OTHER BUILT OBSTACLE. 24" CLEARANCE SHALL BE KEPT IN FRONT OF THE

PROVIDE MIN. 22"X30" ATTIC ACCESS, SEE PLAN FOR LOCATION. ATTIC ACCESS TO HAVE A PULL DOWN CEILING PANEL WITH FOLDING LADDER UNIT SHALL BE SELF CONTAINED WITH ITS OWN FRAME AND REQUIRE NO HEADROOM OR ATTIC CLEARANCE. WHERE OCCURS

PROVIDE 18"X24" CRAWL SPACE ACCESS. CRC SEC. R408.4 , WHERE PROVIDE AND INSTALL 1/2" GYPSUM BOARD AT COMMON WALLS AND 5/8" TYPE 'X' GYPSUM BOARD AT CEILING SEPARATING THE GARAGE AND THE LIVING SPACE. AT WALLS THE INSTALLATION SHALL BE FROM THE FOUNDATION TO THE UNDERSIDE OF THE ROOF. SEAL JOINTS WITH

FIRE TAPE. 2016 CRC SEC. R302.6 DOOR SEPARATING THE GARAGE AND THE LIVING SPACE SHALL HAVE A 20 MINUTE FIRE PROTECTION RATING BE SELF CLOSING AND LATCHING ,TIGHT FITTING SOLID, WOOD DOOR 1-3/8" THICKNESS ('FIRE DOOR') SEE CRC SEC. R302.5.1

PROVIDE A MINIMUM 36" DEEP LANDING OUTSIDE ALL EXTERIOR DOORS THE TOP OF THE EXTERIOR LANDING SHALL NOT BE MORE THAN 7 3/4" LOWER THAN THE EXTERIOR LANDING FOR IN-SWINGING DOORS. AND NOT MORE THAN 1 1/2" LOWER FOR OUT SWINGING DOORS CRC SEC.

GUARDRAILS SHALL BE 42" HIGH ABOVE FINISHED FLOOR. GUARDRAIL CONNECTION SHALL BE CAPABLE OF RESISTING A CONCENTRATED LOAD OF 200 POUNDS APPLIED AT ANY POINT ALONG THE TOP RAILING AND 25 PSF HORIZONTAL LOAD PERPENDICULAR TO THE BALUSTERS. WATER HEATERS SHALL BE MOUNTED ON A PLATFORM OR WALL MINIMUM 18" ABOVE FINISHED FLOOR, MEASURED TO THE FLAME.

TYPICAL INSULATION:(A.) R-30 FOR ATTIC / CEILING/ ROOF; (B.)R-19 FOR EXTERIOR WALLS:(C.) R-21 FOR FLOORS OVER UNHEATED SPACES: (D.) R-8 FOR HEATING AND COOLING DUCTS. STRUCTURAL WELDING: STRUCTURAL WELDING WILL BE COMPLETED

AND INSPECTED IN AN APPROVED FABRICATION SHOP. UNDER FLOOR DUCTS, IF ANY, SHALL HAVE CLEARANCES TO EARTH

AND NOT PASS THROUGH MINIMUM REQUIRED CRAWL SPACE ACCESS

FINISHED ROOFING MATERIAL SHALL BE INSTALLED AND COMPLETED PRIOR TO FRAME INSPECTION Fireblocking shall be provided to cut off all concealed draft openings (both vertical

and horizontal) in the following locations as per 2019 CRC R302.11: In concealed spaces of stud walls and partitions, including furred spaces and parallel rows of studs or staggered studs, as follows:

Vertically at the ceiling and floor levels. Horizontally at intervals not exceeding 10 feet (3048 mm).

At all interconnections between concealed vertical and horizontal spaces such as occur at soffits, drop ceilings and cove ceilings. At openings around vents, pipes, ducts, cables and wires at ceiling and

floor level, with an approved material to resist the free passage of flame and products of combustion. The material filling this annular space shall not be required to meet the ASTM E 136 requirements. The geotechnical aspects of the construction, including the basement excavation, pier drilling, grade beam void form installation, retaining wall backfill, preparation of subgrade and baserock compaction beneath flatwork, and installation of

surface drainage should be performed in accordance with the geotechnical report prepared by Wayne Ting & Associates, Inc. Wayne Ting & Associates, Inc. should be provided at least 48 hours advance notification of any geotechnical aspects of the construction and should be present to observe the grading, foundation, and drainage installation phases of the project.

FIRE DEPARTMENT NOTES: SMOKE DETECTORS AND CARBON MONOXIDE DETECTORS SHALL BE

INNER CONNECTED SMOKE DETECTORS SHALL BE DUAL SENSORS - IONAZATION/PHOTO ELECTRIC. IF SMOKE DETECTOR IS LOCATED WITHIN 20 FEET OF KITCHEN OR FIREPLACE, PHOTO ELECTRIC SMOKE DETECTOR SHALL BE INSTALLED

A DUAL SENSOR SMOKE ALARM SHALL BE INSTALLED IN EVERY ROOM. A DUAL SENSOR SMOKE ALARM SHALL BE INSTALLED OUTSIDE SLEEPING AREAS.

A CARBON MONOXIDE DETECTOR SHALL BE INSTALLED OUTSIDE REMISE IDENTIFICATION: BUILDING ADDRESS NUMBERS SHALL BE LOCATED ON FRONT / STREE FACING EXTERIOR WALL, NUMBERS SHALL BE METAL. CONTRASTING AGAINST HOUSE COLOR AND SHALL

BE MINIMUM 4" HIGH WITH A MIN. STROKE WIDTH OF .5" CFC SECTION

EXCAVATION AND SHORING NOTES (SEE ENGINEER DRAWINGS)

AT TIME OF BUILDING PERMIT APPLICATION, PLANS AND ENGINEERING WILL BE SUBMITTED FOR SHORING, AS REQUIRED BY 2019 CBC, CHAPTER 31, REGARDING THE PROTECTION OF ADJACENT PROPERTIES AND AS REQUIRED BY OSHA.

THE WALLS OF THE PROPOSED BASEMENT SHALL BE PROPERLY SHORED, PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY. THIS EXCAVATION MAY REQUIRE TEMPORARY SHORING. A COMPETENT CONTRACTOR SHALL BE CONSULTED FOR RECOMMENDATIONS AND DESIGN SHORING SCHEME FOR EXCAVATION. THE RECOMMENDED DESIGN TYPE OF SHORING SHALL BE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER OF RECORD AND BY THE SOILS ENGINEER, PRIOR TO IMPLEMENTATION

ALL APPROPRIATE GUIDELINES OF OSHA SHALL BE INCORPORATED INTO THE SHORING DESIGN BY CONTRACTOR AND / OR ENGINEER. WHERE SPACE PERMIT, TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION SLOPES MAY BE UTILIZED IN LIEU OF SHORING PER SOILS ENGINEER RECOMMENDATION

IF SHORING IS REQUIRED, BEGINNER SHALL SPECIFY ON PLANS 10. WHOSE SOLE RESPONSIBILITY IT IS TO DESIGN AND PROVIDE ADEQUATE SHORING, BRACING, FORMWORK, ETC. AS REQUIRED FOR THE PROTECTION OF LIFE AND PROPERTY DURING CONSTRUCTION OF THE BUILDING.

SHORING AND BRACING SHALL REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL FLOORS, ROOF AND WALL SHEATHING HAVE BEEN ENTIRELY CONSTRUCTED.

SHORING PLANS SHALL BE WET STAMPED AND SIGNED BY THE ENGINEER OF RECORD AND SUBMITTED TO THE CITY FOR REVIEW PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. IF APPLICABLE, INCLUDE SURCHARGE LOADS FROM ADJACENT STRUCTURES THAT ARE WITHIN THE ZONE OF INFLUENCE (45 DEGREE WEDGE UP THE SLOPE FROM THE BASE OF THE RETAINING WALL) AND / OR DRIVEWAY SURCHARGE LOADS.

PUBLIC WORKS ENGINEERING NOTES

SEWER BACKWATER PROTECTION CERTIFICATION SHALL BE REQUIRED FOR THE INSTALLATION OF ANY NEW SEWER FIXTURE PER ORDINANCE NO. 1710. THE SEWER BACKWATER PROTECTION CERTIFICATE IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO ISSUANCE OF BUILDING PERMIT

IF PRESENT. THE SANITARY SEWER LATERAL (BUILDING SEWER) SHALL BE TESTED PER ORDINANCE CODE CHAPTER 15.12.A SEWER LATERAL ENCROACHMENT PERMIT IS REQUIRED

ALL WATER LINES CONNECTIONS TO CITY WATER MAINS FOR SERVICES OR FIRE LINE PROTECTION ARE TO BE INSTALLED PER CITY STANDARD PROCEDURES AND MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS. CONTACT THE CITY WATER DEPARTMENT FOR CONNECTION FEES. IF REQUIRED, ALL FIRE SERVICES AND SERVICES 2" AND OVER WILL BE INSTALLED BY BUILDER.

2019 CAL GREEN NOTES:

SITE AND CONSTRUCTION MANAGMEN REQUIREMENTS: 4.106.1 In order to manage storm water drainage during construction, one or more of the following shall be implemented: Retention basins of sufficient size shall be utilitzed to

> retain storm water on the site. Where storm water is conveyed to a public drainage system, collection point, gutter or similar disposal method, water shall be filtered by use of a barrier system, wattle or other method approved by the enforcing agency.

Compliance with a lawfully enacted storm water management ordinance IRRIGATION: All irrigation system controllers for landscaping shall comply

with the following (Calgreen Section 4.304.1): Controllers shall be weather or soils moisture-based controllers that automatically adjust irrigation in response to changes in

plants' needs as weather conditions change. Weather-based controllers without integral rain sensors or communication systems that account for local rainfall, shall have a separate wired or wireless rain sensor which connects or communicates with the controller(s). Soil moisture-based controllers are not required to have rain sensor input.

All annular spaces around pipes, electric cables, conduits or other openings in plates at exterior walls shall be protected against the passage of rodents by closing such openings with cement mortar, concrete masonry or a similar method acceptable to the enforcing agency per Calgreen Section 4.406.1.

Contractor shall provide a copy of the operation and maintenance manual to the building occupant or owner addressing the following items (1 through 10 in Calgreen Section 4.410.1.) also, a copy of the Operation and maintenance manual shall be placed at the building at final inspection: A. Directions to the owner or occupant that the manual shall remain with the building throughout the life cycle of the structure.

Operation and maintenance instructions for the following: Equipment and appliances, including water-saving devices and systems, HVAC systems, water-heating systems and other major appliances and equipment.

Roof and yard drainage, including gutters and Space conditioning systems, including condensers and air filters.

Landscape irrigation systems. Water reuse systems. Information from local utility, water and waste recovery providers on methods to further reduce resource consumption, including recycle programs and locations

Public transportation and/or carpool options available in the area. Educational material on the positive impacts of an interior relative humidity between 30–60 percent and what methods an occupant may use to maintain the relative humidity level in that range. Information about water-conserving landscape and irrigation

design and controllers which conserve water. Instructions for maintaining gutters and downspouts and the importance of diverting water at least 5 feet away from the

but not limited to, caulking, painting, grading around the building, Information about state solar energy and incentive programs

Information on required routine maintenance measures, including,

A copy of all special inspection verifications required by the enforcing agency or this code.

Provide a schedule of all JA8-2016 lamps. (Energy Code

Contractor shall install Pollutant Control as followed (Calgreen Section

Cover duct openings and other related air distribution component openings during construction (Cal Green 4.504.1) Aerosol paints and coatings shall be compliant with product weighted MIR limits for ROC and other toxic compounds (Cal Green 4.504.2.3) Verification of compliance shall be provided by

Carpet and carpet systems shall be compliant with VOC limits (Cal Green 4.504.3) Minimum 80 % of floor area receiving resilient flooring shall

comply with (Cal Green4.504.4) Contractor shall install Interior Moisture Control as followed (Cal Green Section 4.505):

Install capillary break and vapor retarder at slab on grade foundations (2016 Cal Green 4.505.2). see structural drawings contractor shall check moisture content of building materials used in wall and floor framing before enclosure and dand have results

Contractor to verify each bathroom shall be mechanically vented, and controlled by humidity control; except for fans functioning as a component of a whole house ventilation system (Calgreen Section 4.506). Composite Wood: New non-structural hardwood plywood, particle board, and medium density fiberboard composite wood products used in the interior or exterior of the building shall meet California Air Resources Board formaldehyde limits ("CARB Phase 2"). See Table A4.504.1. (CalGreen

verified by inspector. (Cal Green sec. 4.505.3)

PLUMBING FIXTURES SHALL COMPLY WITH THE

4.303.1.1 All toilets are 1.28 gpf or dual-flush. 4.303.1.3.1 Showerheads have max flow rate of 1.8 gpm at 80 psi. Showerheads shall be certified to the performance criteria of the U.S.EPA WaterSense

4.303.1.2.3 When a shower is served by more than

one showerhead, the combined flow rate of all showerheads and/or other shower outlets controlled by a single valve shall not exceed 1.8 gpm at 80 psi, or the shower shall be designed to allow only one shower outlet to be in operation at a time. 4.303.1.4.2 Max flow rate for all lavy faucets is 1.2 gpm at 60 psi. Minimum flow rate shall not be less

than 0.8 gpm at 20 psi.

4.303.1.4.4 Kitchen Faucets: max. 1.8 gpm at 60 psi; may temporarily increase to 2.2 gpm but shall default to max 1.8 gpm

4.303.2 Plumbing fixtures shall comply with CA Plumbing Code. Environmental Comfort (Calgreen Section 4.507):

Contractor shall provide Insulated louvers/covers (min R-4.2) which close when the fan is off for the whole house exhaust fans (4.507.1) HVAC Sizing: Heating and air-conditioning systems shall be sized, designed, and have their equipment

selected using the following methods: heat loss and heat gain is established according to ANSI/ACCA 2 Manual J-2011 (Residential Load Calculation), ASHRAE handbooks or other equivalent design

software or methods; duct systems are sized according to ANSI/ACCA 1 Manual D-2014 (Residential Duct Systems), ASHRAE handbooks or other equivalent design software or

select heating and cooling equipment according to ANSI/ACCA 3 Manual S-2014 (Residential Equipment Selection) or other equivalent design software or methods. If air conditioning is installed, Manual S calculations

must be provided showing the selected equipment total cooling capacity is not more than 115% of total calculated cooling load (or next available size above 100%, or the smallest available size - 1.5 tons). If no AC is installed, Manual S calculations must be provided showing the selected equipment total heating capacity is not more than 140% of total calculated heating load (or smallest available size

40 kbuth). General Contractor to provide copy of ACCA Manual J, D, and S calculations. HVAC Designer and Installer to sign Accountability

Form attesting to compliance with these requirements. (CalGreen 4.507.2) HVAC system installers must be trained and certified and special inspectors employed by the enforcing agency must be qualified.

16.14/4.408.1 Nonhazardous construction and demolition debris generated at the site is diverted to recycle or salvage facilities. Eighty percent (80%) construction waste reduction is required for all residential projects. 4.408.03 Utilize a waste management company,

approved by the enforcing agency, which can provide verifiable documentation that the percentage of construction and demolition waste material diverted from the landfill complies with Section 4.408.1. 4.410.1 Operation and Maintenance Manual shall be prepared.

ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY:

4.503.1 Fireplace must be direct-vent, sealedcombustion.

4.504.1 At the time of rough installation, during storage on the construction site and until final startup of the heating, cooling, and ventilation equipment, all duct and other related air distribution component openings shall be covered with tape, plastsic, sheetmetal, etc. to reduce the amount of water, dust and debris, which may enter the system.

4.504.2 Finish materials shall comply with this section. 5.504.2.1 Adhesives, adhesive bonding primers, adhesive primers, sealants, sealant primers, and caulks shall comply with Table 4.504.1 and/or Table 4.504.2. 4.504.2.2 All paints and coatings shall comply with Table 4.504.3.

4.505.3 Wall and floor framing shall not be enclosed when the framing members exceed 19% moisture content. Moisture readings shall be taken 2-4 feet from the grade stamped end of each piece to be verified. At least 3 random moisture readings shall be performed on wall and floor framing. 4.506.1 Each bathroom shall be mechanically ventilated and shall comply with the following: 1) Fans shall be EnergyStar compliant and be ducted to terminate outside the building. 2) Unless functioning as a

component of a whole house vent system, fans must be controlled by a humidity control. Humidity controls shall be capable of adjustment between a relative humidity range of 50-80%. A humidity control may utilize manual or automatic means of adjustment. A humidity control may be a separate component to the exhaust fan and is not required to be integral (built-in).

4.507.2 Heating and air-conditioning systems shall be sized, designed, and have their equipment selected using the following ACCA Manuals J, D, and S.

<u> Wildland-Urban Interface Fire Area comliance - construction notes (2019):</u> Section R337 Materials and Construction Methods for Exterior Wildfire Exposure

R337.1.4 Inspection and Certification - Building permit applications and final completion approvals for buildings within the scope and application of this chapter shall

comply with the following: Building permit issuance. The local building official shall, prior to construction, provide the owner or applicant a certification that the building as proposed to be built complies with all applicable state and local building standards, including those for materials and construction methods for wildfire exposure as described in this chapter. Issuance of a building permit by the local building official for the

Building permit final. The local building official shall, upon completion of construction, provide the owner or applicant with a copy of the final inspection report that demonstrates the building was constructed in compliance with all applicable state and local building standards, including those for materials and construction methods for wildfire exposure as described in this chapter. Issuance of a certificate of occupancy by the local building official for the proposed building shall be considered as complying with this section.

proposed building shall be considered as complying with this section.

R337.1.5 Vegetation Management Compliance -Prior to building permit final approval, the property shall be in a compliance with the vegetation management requirements prescribed in California Fire Code section 4906, including California Public Resources Code 4291 or California Government Code Section 51182. Acceptable methods of compliance inspection and documentation shall be determined by the enforcing agency and shall be permitted to include any of the following: Local, state, or federal fire authority or designee authorized to enforce vegetation

management requirements. Enforcing agency. Third party inspection and certification authorized to enforce vegetation

management requirements. Property owner certification authorized by the enforcing agency.

R337.3.5 Weathering and Surface Treatment Protection R337.3.5.2 Weathering - Fire-retardant-treated wood and fire-retardant-treated wood shingles and shakes shall meet the fire test performance requirements of this chapter after being subjected to the weathering conditions contained in the

following standards, as applicable to the materials and the conditions of use. R337.3.5.2.1 Fire-Retardant - Treated Wood - Fire-retardant-treated wood shall be tested in accordance with ASTM D2898 (Method A), and the requirements of Section 2303.2 of the California Building Code. R337.3.5.2.2 Fire-Retardant - Treated Wood Shingles and Shakes - Fire-

retardant-treated wood shingles and shakes shall be approved and listed by the State Fire Marshal in accordance with Section 208(c), Title 19 California Code of R337.3.5.3 Surface Treatment Protection - The use of paints, coatings, stains, or

other surface treatments are not an approved method of protection as required in this section.

Section R337.5 Roofing

R337.5.1 General - Roofs shall comply with the requirements of Sections R337 And R902. Roofs shall have a roofing assembly installed in accordance with its

isting and the manufacturesr's installtion instructions. **R337.5.2 Roof Coverings -** Where the roof profile allows a space between the roof covering and roof decking, the spaces shall be constructed to resist the intrusion of flames and embers, be firestopped with approved materials or have one layer of minimum 72 pound (32.4 kg) mineral-surfaced nonperforated cap

sheet complying with ASTM D3909 installed over the combustible decking. R337.5.3 Roof Valleys - Where valley flashing is installed, the flashing shall be not less than 0.019-inch (0.48 mm) No. 26 gage galvanized sheet corrosionresistant metal installed over not less than one layer of minimum 72- pound (32.4 kg) mineral-surfaced nonperforated cap sheet complying with ASTM D3909, at least 36-inch-wide (914 mm) running the full length of the valley. R337.5.4 Roof Gutters - Roof gutters shall be provided with the means to

prevent the accumulation of leaves and debris in the gutter. Section R337.6 Vents - Where provided, ventilation openings for enclosed attics, enclosed eave soffit spaces, enclosed rafter spaces formed where ceilings are applied directly to the underside of roof rafters, and underfloor ventilation shall be in accordance with Section 1203 of the California Building Code and Sections R337.6.1 through R337.6.3 of this section to resist building ignition from the intrusion of burning embers and flame through the ventilation

R337.6.2 Requirements - Ventilation openings for enclosed attics, enclosed eave soffit spaces, enclosed rafter spaces formed where ceilings are applied directly to the underside of roof rafters, and under floor ventilation openings shall 5 be fully covered with metal wire mesh, vents, other materials or other devices that meet the following requirements:

Vents shall be listed to ASTM E2886 and comply with all of the There shall be no flaming ignition of the cotton material during

the Ember Intrusion Test. There shall be no flaming ignition during the Integrity Test portion of the Flame Intrusion Test. The maximum temperature of the unexposed side of the vent shall not exceed 662°F (350°C). The dimensions of the

openings shall be a minimum of 1/16th inch and shall not exceed 1/8th inch. Vents shall comply with all the following: 2.1. The dimensions of the openings therein shall be a minimum of $^{1}/_{16}$ inch (1.6 mm) and shall not exceed $^{1}/_{8}$ inch (3.2

2.2. The materials used shall be noncombustible. **Exception:** Vents located under the roof covering, along the ridge of roofs, with the exposed surface of the vent covered by noncombustible wire mesh, may

be of combustible materials. 2.3. The materials used shall be corrosion resistant. R337.6.3 Ventilation Openings on the Underside of Eaves and Cornices -**Vent** shall not be installed on the underside of eaves and cornices.

A. Exceptions: Vents listed to ASTM E2886 and complying with all of the There shall be no flaming ignition of the cotton material during the Ember Intrusion Test. There shall be no flaming ignition during the Integrity Test

portion of the Flame Intrusion Test. The maximum temperature of the unexposed side of the vent shall not exceed 662°F (350°C). The HYPERLINK "https://up.codes/viewer/los_angeles/ca-

code-2016/chapter/2/definitions#enforcing_agency"enforcing agency shall be permitted to accept or approve special eave and cornice vents that resist the intrusion of flame and burning

Vents complying with the requirements of Section R337.6.2 shall be permitted to be installed on the underside of eaves and cornices in accordance with either one of the following

The attic space being ventilated is fully protected by an automatic sprinkler system installed in accordance with Section 903.3.1.1 of the California Building Code or, The exterior wall covering and exposed underside of the eave are of noncombustible material, or ignitionresistant materials, as determined in accordance with SFM Standard 12-7A-5 Ignition-Resistant Material the requirements of Section R337.4.3, and the vent is located more than 12 feet (3.66 m) from the ground or walking surface of a deck, porch, patio, or similar

Section R337.7 Exterior Covering R337.7.2 General - The following exterior covering materials and/or assemblies

shall comply with this section: Exterior wall covering material. Exterior wall assembly. Exterior exposed underside of roof eave overhangs. Exterior exposed underside of roof eave soffits.

Exposed underside of exterior porch ceilings.

Exterior exposed underside of floor projections. Exterior wall architectural trim, embellishments, fascias and Roof or wall top cornice projections and similar assemblies.

Roof assembly projections over gable end walls. Solid wood rafter tails and solid wood blocking installed between rafters having minimum dimension 2 inch (50.8 mm)

Deck walking surfaces shall comply with Section R337.9 only.

R337.7.3 Exterior Walls - The exterior wall covering or wall assembly shall comply with one of the following requirements:

Noncombustible material Ignition-resistant material.

Heavy timber exterior wall assembly

Log wall construction assembly. Wall assemblies that have been tested in accordance with the test procedures for a 10-minute direct flame contact exposure test set forth in

ASTM E2707 with the conditions of acceptance shown in Section R337.7.3.1. Wall assemblies that meet the performance criteria in accordance with the test procedures for a 10-minute direct flame contact exposure test set forth in SFM Standard 12-7A-1. Exterior underfloor areas. Exterior wall coverings shall extend from the top of the foundation to the roof, and terminate at 2 inch nominal solid wood blocking between rafters at all roof overhangs, or in the case of enclosed eaves, terminate at the enclosure per CRC

Exception: Any of the following shall be deemed to meet the assembly performance criteria and intent of this section: One layer of 5/8-inch Type X gypsum sheathing applied behind

> the exterior covering or cladding on the exterior side of the The exterior portion of a 1-hour fire resistive exterior wall assembly designed for exterior fire exposure including assemblies using the gypsum panel and sheathing products listed in the

Gypsum Association Fire Resistance Design Manual. R337.7.3.2 Extent of Exterior Wall Covering - Exterior wall coverings shall extend from the top of the foundation to the roof, and terminate at 2 inch (50.8 mm) nominal solid wood blocking between rafters at all roof overhangs, or in the case of enclosed eaves, terminate at the enclosure.

R337.7.4 Open Roof Eaves - The exposed roof deck on the underside of enclosed roof eaves shall consist of one of the following: Noncombustible material.

Ignition-resistant material. On layer of 5/8" Type 'X' gypsum sheathing applied behind an exterior

covering on the underside exterior of the roof deck. The exterior portion of a 1-hour fire resistive exterior wall assembly applied to the underside of the roof deck designed for exterior fire exposure including assemblies using the gypsum panel and sheathing products

listed in the Gypsum Association Fire Resistant Design Manual. Exceptions: The following materials do not require protection: Solid wood rafter tails on the exposed underside of open roof eaves having a minimum nominal dimension of 2 inch (50.8 mm). Solid wood blocking installed between rafter tails on the exposed

underside of open roof eaves having a minimum nominal dimension of 2 inch (50.8 mm) Gable end overhangs and roof assembly projections beyond an exterior wall other than at the lower end of the rafter tails.

Fascia and other architectural trim boards. R337.7.5 Enclosed Roof Eaves and Roof Eave Soffits - The exposed underside of enclosed roof eaves having either a boxed-in roof eave soffit with a horizontal underside, or sloping rafter tails with an exterior covering applied to the underside of the rafter tails, shall be protected by one of the following: Noncombustible material.

Ignition-resistant material. One layer of 5/8" Type 'X' gypsum sheathing applied behind an exterior

covering on the underside of the rafter tails or soffit. The exterior portion of a 1-hour fire resistive exterior wall assembly applied to the underside of the rafter tails or soffit including assemblies using the gypsum panel and sheathing products listed in the Gypsum Association Fire Resistant Design Manual.

Boxed-in roof eave soffit assemblies with a horizontal underside that meet the performance criteria in Section R337.7.10 when tested in accordance with the test procedures set forth in ASTM E2957. The exposed underside of a cantilevered floor projection where a floor assembly extends over an exterior wall shall be protected by one of the following per CRC R327.7.7: Boxed-in roof eave soffit assemblies with a horizontal underside that meet

the performance criteria in accordance with the test procedures set forth in SFM Standard 12-7A-3. **Exceptions:** The following materials do not require protection: Gable end overhangs and roof assembly projections beyond an exterior wall other than at the lower end of the rafter tails.

Fascia and other architectural trim boards. R337.7.6 Exterior Porch Ceilings - The exposed underside of exterior porch ceilings shall be protected by one of the following:

Noncombustible material.

One layer of 5/8-inch Type X gypsum sheathing applied behind the exterior covering on the underside of the ceiling. The exterior portion of a 1-hour fire resistive exterior wall assembly applied to the underside of the ceiling assembly including assemblies using the gypsum panel and sheathing products listed in the Gypsum Association

Fire Resistance Design Manual Porch ceiling assemblies with a horizontal underside that meet the performance criteria in Section R337.7.10 when tested in accordance with the test procedures set forth in ASTM E2957.

Porch ceiling assemblies with a horizontal underside that meet the performance criteria in accordance with the test procedures set forth in SFM Standard 12-7A-3. **Exception:** Architectural trim boards. R337.7.7 Floor Projections - The exposed underside of a cantilevered floor projection where a floor assembly extends over an exterior wall shall be protected

by one of the following: Noncombustible material. Ignition-resistant material. One layer of 5/8-inch Type X gypsum sheathing applied behind an exterior

covering on the underside of the floor projection

The exterior portion of a 1-hour fire resistive exterior wall assembly applied to the underside of the floor projection including assemblies using the gypsum panel and sheathing products listed in the Gypsum Association Fire Resistance Design Manual. The underside of a floor projection assembly that meet the performance

criteria in Section R337.7.10 when tested in accordance with the test procedures set forth in ASTM E2957. The underside of a floor projection assembly that meet the performance criteria in accordance with the test procedures set forth in SFM Standard

Exception: Architectural trim boards. R337.7.8 Underfloor Protection - The underfloor area of elevated or overhanging buildings shall be enclosed to grade in accordance with the requirements of this chapter or the underside of the exposed underfloor shall consist of one of the

Noncombustible material. Ignition-resistant material. One layer of 5/8-inch Type X gypsum sheathing applied behind an exterior covering on the underside of the floor projection. The exterior portion of a 1-hour fire resistive exterior wall assembly applied

and sheathing products listed in the Gypsum Association Fire Resistance The underside of a floor assembly that meets the performance criteria in Section R337.7.10 when tested in accordance with the test procedures set

to the underside of the floor including assemblies using the gypsum panel

The underside of a floor assembly that meets the performance criteria in accordance with the test procedures set forth in SFM Standard 12-7A-3. **Exception:** Heavy-timber structural columns and beams do not require R337.7.9 Underside of Appendages - When required by the enforcing agency the

underside of overhanging appendages shall be enclosed to grade in accordance

The exterior portion of a 1-hour fire resistive exterior wall assembly applied

with the requirements of this chapter or the underside of the exposed underfloor

shall consist of one of the following: Noncombustible material. Ignition-resistant material. One layer of 5/8-inch Type X gypsum sheathing applied behind an exterior covering on the underside of the floor projection

to the underside of the floor including assemblies using the gypsum panel and sheathing products listed in the Gypsum Association Fire Resistance Design Manual. The underside of a floor assembly that meets the performance criteria in accordance with the test procedures set forth in either of the following:

5.1. SFM Standard 12-7A-3; or 5.2. ASTM E2957

forth in ASTM E2957.

Exception: Heavy-timber structural columns and beams do not require

Section R337.8 Exterior Windows, Skylights and Doors -R337.8.2 Exterior Glazing - The following exterior glazing materials and/or assemblies shall comply with this section:

Exterior windows. Exterior glazed doors.

Glazed openings within exterior doors. Glazed openings within exterior garage doors. Exterior structural glass veneer.

R337.8.2.1 Exterior Windows, Skylights and Exterior Glazed Door Assembly **Requirements -** Exterior windows, skylights and exterior glazed door assemblies shall comply with one of the following requirements: Be constructed of multipane glazing with a minimum of one tempered pane meeting the requirements of Section R308 Safety Glazing, or

Be constructed of glass block units, or Have a fire-resistance rating of not less than 20 minutes when tested according to NFPA 257, or

R337.8.2.2 Structural Glass Veneer - The wall assembly behind structural glass veneer shall comply with Section R337.7.3. **R337.8.3 Exterior Doors -** Exterior doors shall comply with one of the following:

The exterior surface or cladding shall be of noncombustible or ignitionresistant material.

Be tested to meet the performance requirements of SFM Standard 12-7A-

The exterior surface or cladding shall be of ignitionresistant material, or Shall be constructed of solid core wood that comply with the following requirements

Stiles and rails shall not be less than 1 3/8 inches thick. Raised panels shall not be less than 1 1/4 inches thick, except for the exterior perimeter of the raised panel that may taper to a tongue

not less than 3/8 inch thick. The exterior door assembly shall have a fire-resistance rating of not less than 20 minutes when tested according to NFPA 252.

The exterior surface or cladding shall be tested to meet the performance requirements of Section R337.7.3.1 when tested in accordance with ASTM

The exterior surface or cladding shall be tested to meet the performance requirements of SFM Standard 12-7A-1. R337.8.3.1 Exterior Door Glazing - Glazing in exterior doors shall comply with

Section R337.8.2.1. R337.8.4 Weather Stripping - Exterior garage doors shall be provided with weather stripping to resist the intrusion of embers from entering through gaps between doors and door openings when visible gabs exceed 1/8-inch (3.2 mm). Exterior garage door perimeter gaps shall be limited to 1/8" by one of the methods listed below:

1. Provide weather-stripping product meeting specific ASTM standards in accordance with CBC 708A.4(1)

Door overlaps onto jambs and headers Garage door jambs and headers covered with metal flashing.

Section R337.9 Decking R337.9.2 Where Required - The walking surface material of decks, porches, balconies and stairs shall comply with the requirements of this section when any portion of such surface is within 10 feet (3048 mm) of the building.

Standard 12-7A-4 and SFM Standard 12-7A-5.

R337.9.3 Decking Surfaces - The walking surface material of decks, porches balconies and stairs shall be constructed with one of the following materials: Material that complies with the performance requirements of Section R337.9.4 when tested in accordance with both ASTM E2632 and ASTM

Ignition-resistant material that complies with the performance requirements of Section R337.4.3 when tested in accordance with ASTM E84 or UL 723. Material that complies with the performance requirements of both SFM

Exterior fire retardant treated wood. Noncombustible material. Any material that complies with the performance requirements of SFM Standard 12-7A-4A when attached exterior wall covering is also composed

of noncombustible or ignition-resistant material. 1. **Exception:** Wall material may be of any material that otherwise complies with this chapter when the decking surface material complies with the performance requirements ASTM E84 with a Class B flame spread rating.

Any material that complies with the performance requirements of Section

R337.9.5 when tested in accordance with ASTM E2632 and when attached exterior wall covering is also composed of only noncombustible or ignitionresistant materials. **Exception:** Wall material shall be permitted to be of any material that otherwise complies with this chapter when the decking surface material complies with the performance requirements ASTM E84

R337.9.4 Requirements for Type of Ignition-Resistant Material in Section R337.9.3, Item 1 - The material shall be tested in accordance with both ASTM E2632 and ASTM E2726 and shall comply with the conditions of acceptance in Sections R337.9.4.1 and R337.9.4.2. The material shall also be tested in accordance with ASTM E84 or UL 723 and comply with the performance requirements of Section

with a Class B flame spread index

Section R337.10 Accessory Structures R337.10.3 Where Required - No requirements shall apply to accessory buildings or miscellaneous structures when located at least 50 feet from an applicable building. Applicable accessory buildings and attached miscellaneous structures, or detached miscellaneous structures that are installed at a distance of less than 3 feet from an applicable building, shall comply with this section. When required by the enforcing agency, detached miscellaneous structures that are installed at a distance of more

than 3 feet but less than 50 feet from an applicable building shall comply with the requirements of this section. R337.10.3.1 Accessory Building Requirements - Applicable accessory buildings that are less than 120 square feet in floor area and are located more than 30 feet but less than 50 feet from an applicable building shall be constructed of noncombustible materials or of ignitionresistant materials as described in Section R337.4.2. R337.10.3.2 Attached Miscellaneous Structure Requirements - Applicable

miscellaneous structures that are attached to, or installed at a distance of less than 3

feet from, an applicable building shall be constructed of noncombustible materials or of ignition-resistant materials as described in Section R337.4.2. R337.10.3.3 Detached Miscellaneous Structure Requirements - When required by the enforcing agency, applicable detached miscellaneous structures that are installed at a distance of more than 3 feet but less than 50 feet from an applicable building shall be constructed of noncombustible materials or of ignitionresistant materials as | Checked By:

described in Section R337.4.3.

Section R338 Electric Vehicle R338.1 Electric Vehicle - An automotive-type vehicle for highway use, such as passenger automobiles, buses, trucks, vans and the like, primarily powered by an electric motor that draws current from a rechargeable storage battery, fuel cell, photovoltaic array or other source of electric current. For the purpose of this chapter, electric motorcycles and similar type vehicles and off-road self-propelled electric vehicles such as industrial trucks, hoists, lifts, transports, golf carts, airline ground support equipment, tractors, boats and the like, are not included. R338.2 Charging - In any building or interior area used for charging electric vehicles,

R338.3 Ventilation - Mechanical exhaust ventilation, when required by the California Electrical Code shall be provided at a rate as required by Article 625 or as required by Section 1203 of the California Building Code whichever is greater. The ventilation system shall include both the supply and exhaust equipment and shall be permanently installed and located to intake supply air from the outdoors, and vent the exhaust directly to, the outdoors without conducting the exhaust air through other

electrical equipment shall be installed in accordance with the California Electrical

spaces within the building: 1. **Exception:** Positive pressure ventilation systems shall only be allowed in buildings or areas that have been designed and approved for that

R338.4 Electrical Interface - The electrical supply circuit to electrically powered

mechanical ventilation equipment shall be interlocked with the recharging equipment used to supply the vehicle(s) being charged, and shall remain energized during the entire charging cycle. Electric vehicle recharging equipment shall be marked or labeled in accordance with the California Electrical Code. Exceptions: Exhaust ventilation shall not be required in areas with an approved

engineered ventilation system, which maintains a hydrogen gas concentration at less than 25 percent of the lower flammability limit. Mechanical exhaust ventilation for hydrogen shall not be required where the charging equipment utilized is installed and listed for indoor charging of electric vehicles without ventilation.

Section R340 Pollutant Control

application

R340.1 Finish Material Pollutant Control - Finish materials including adhesives, sealants, caulks, paints and coatings, aerosol paints and coatings, carpet systems, carpet cushion, carpet adhesive, resilient flooring systems and composite wood products shall meet the volatile organic compound (VOC) emission limits in accordance with the California Green Building Standards Code, Chapter 4, Division

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PATRICK J. FLANDERS FLANDERS BAY COMPANY

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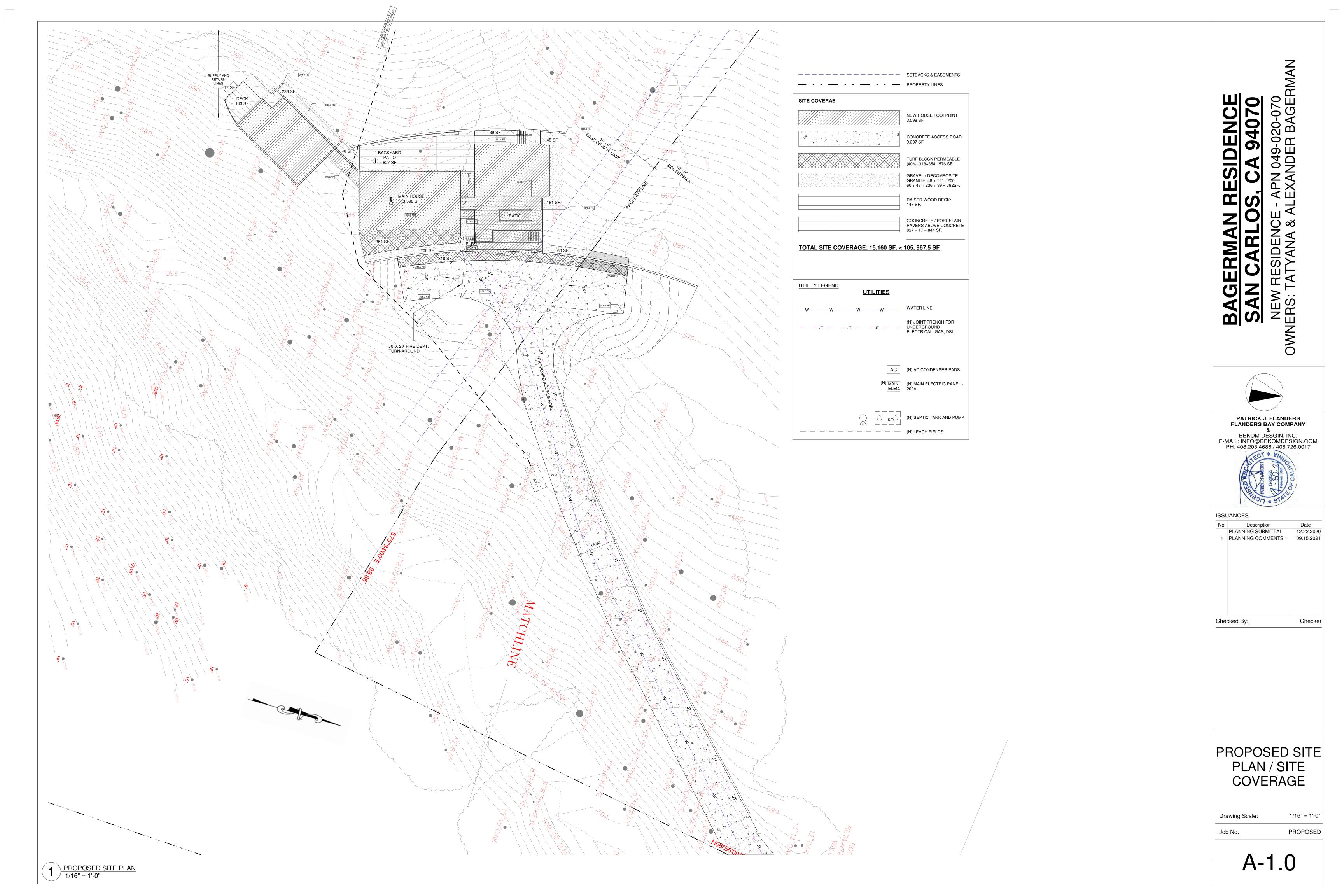
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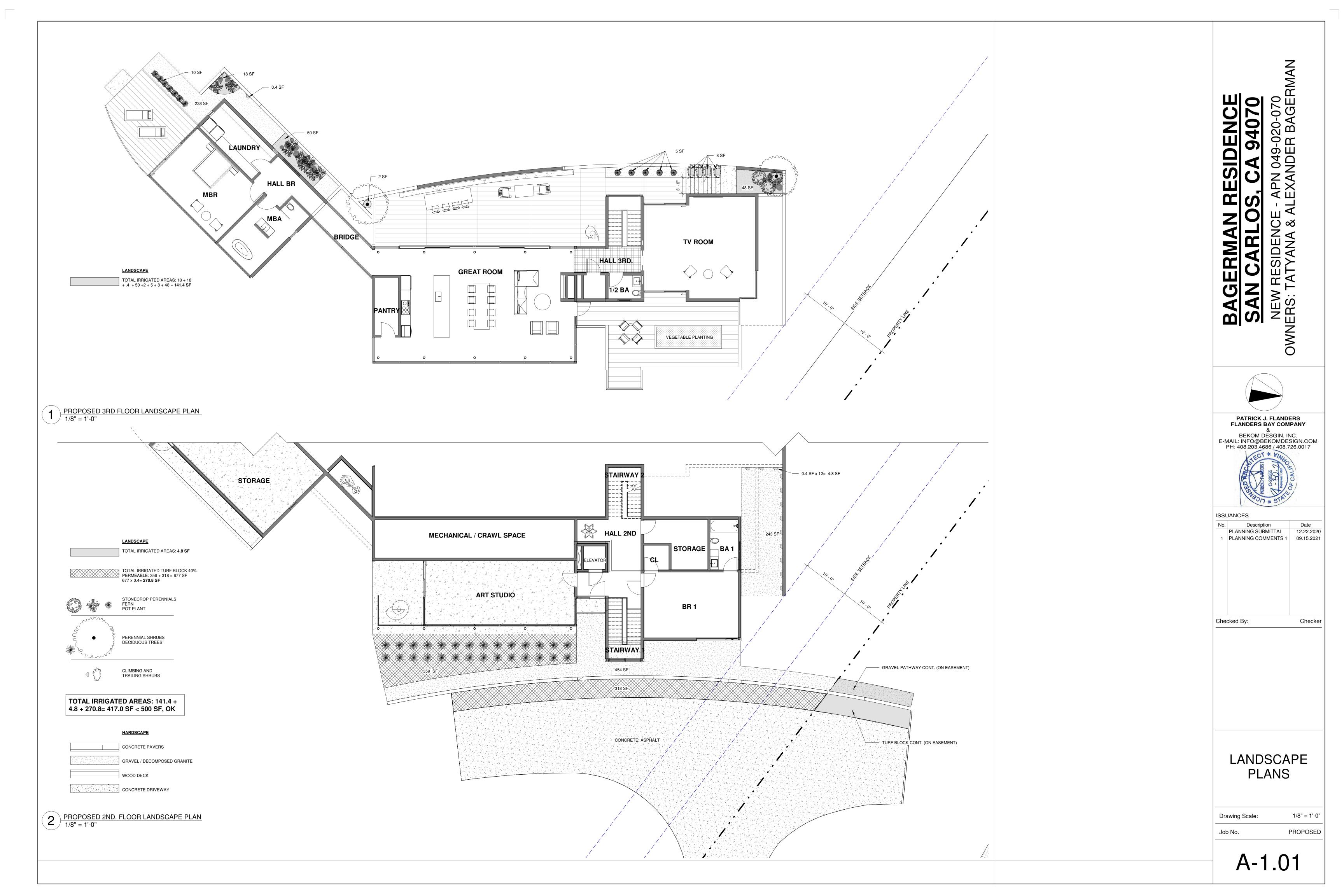
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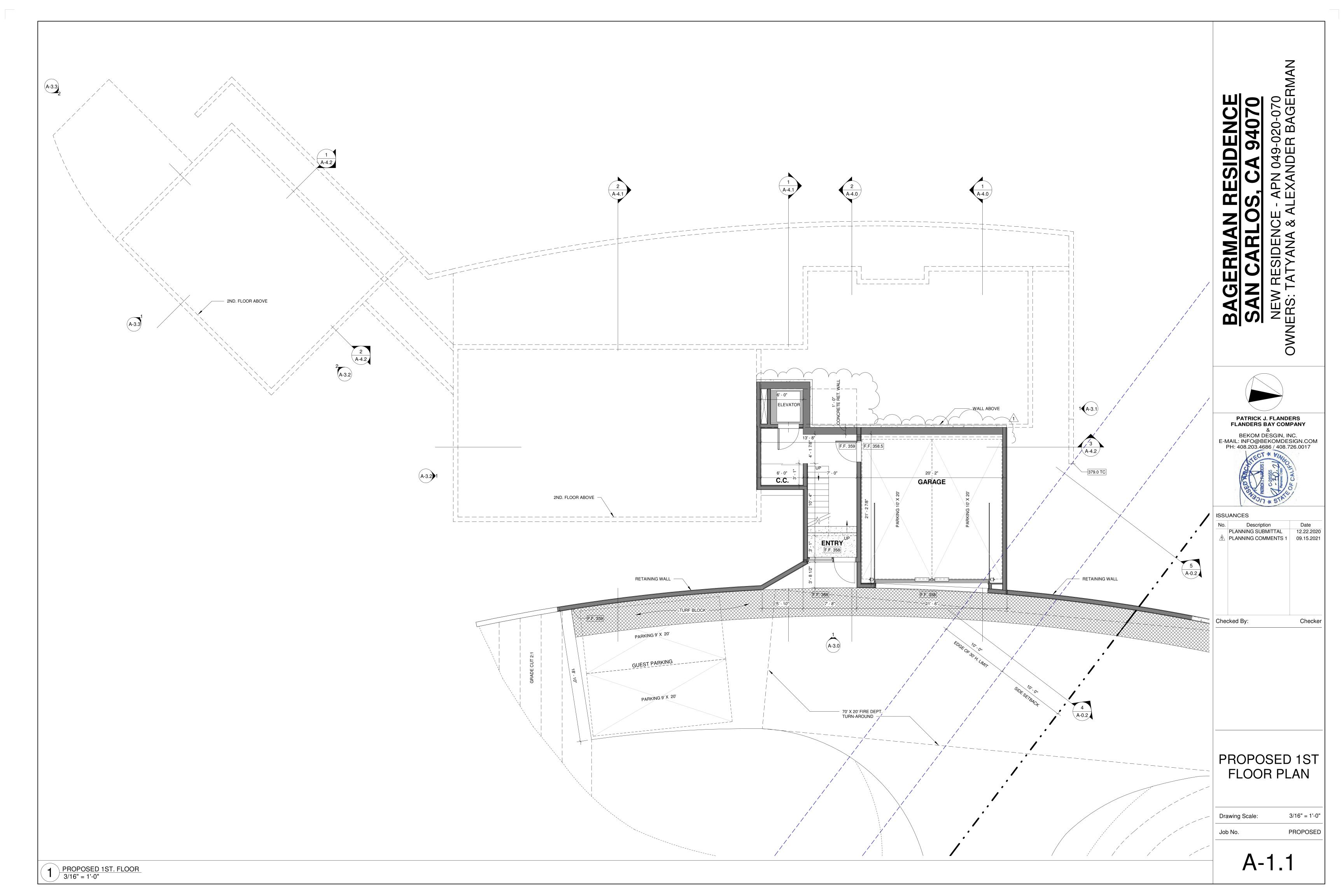
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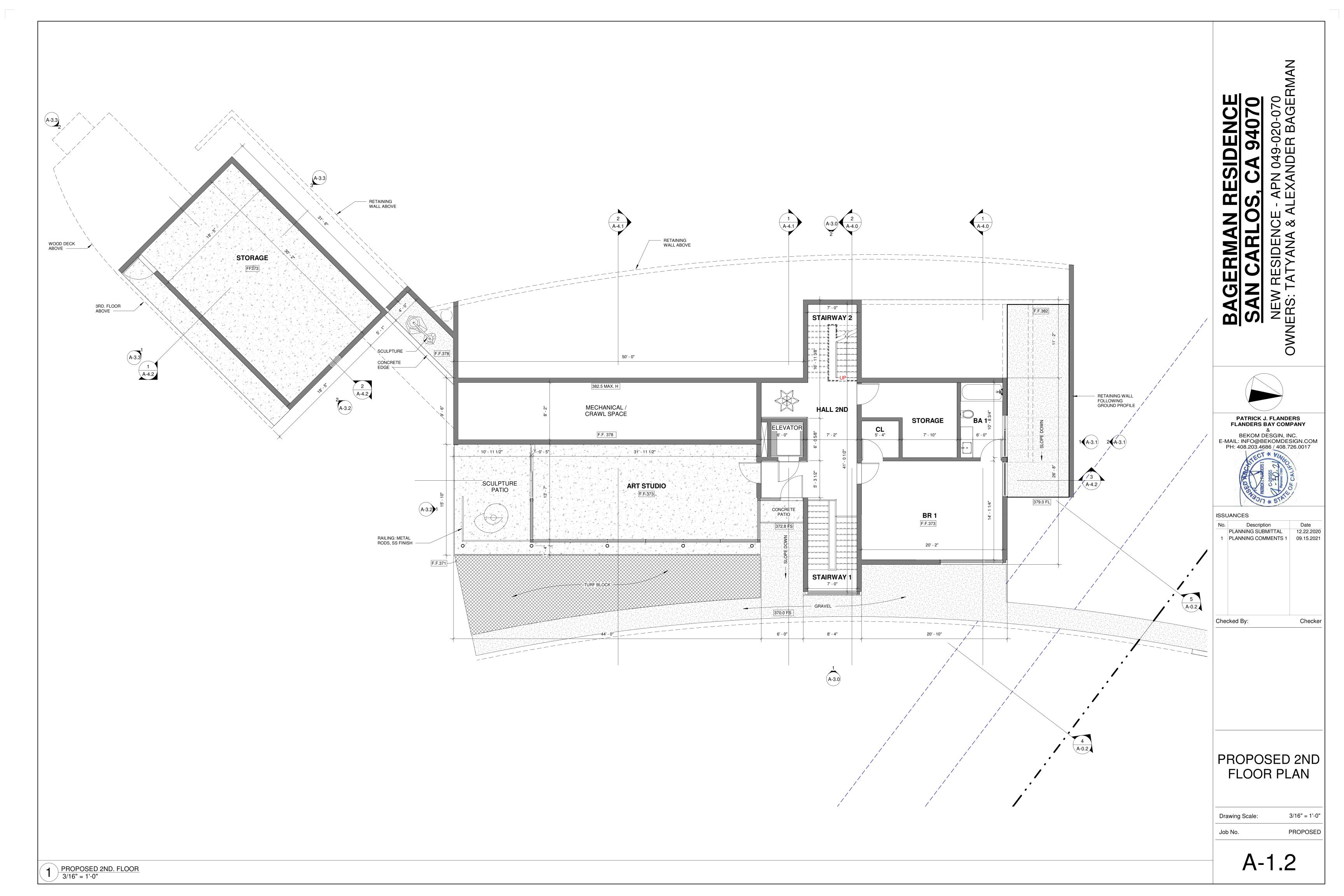
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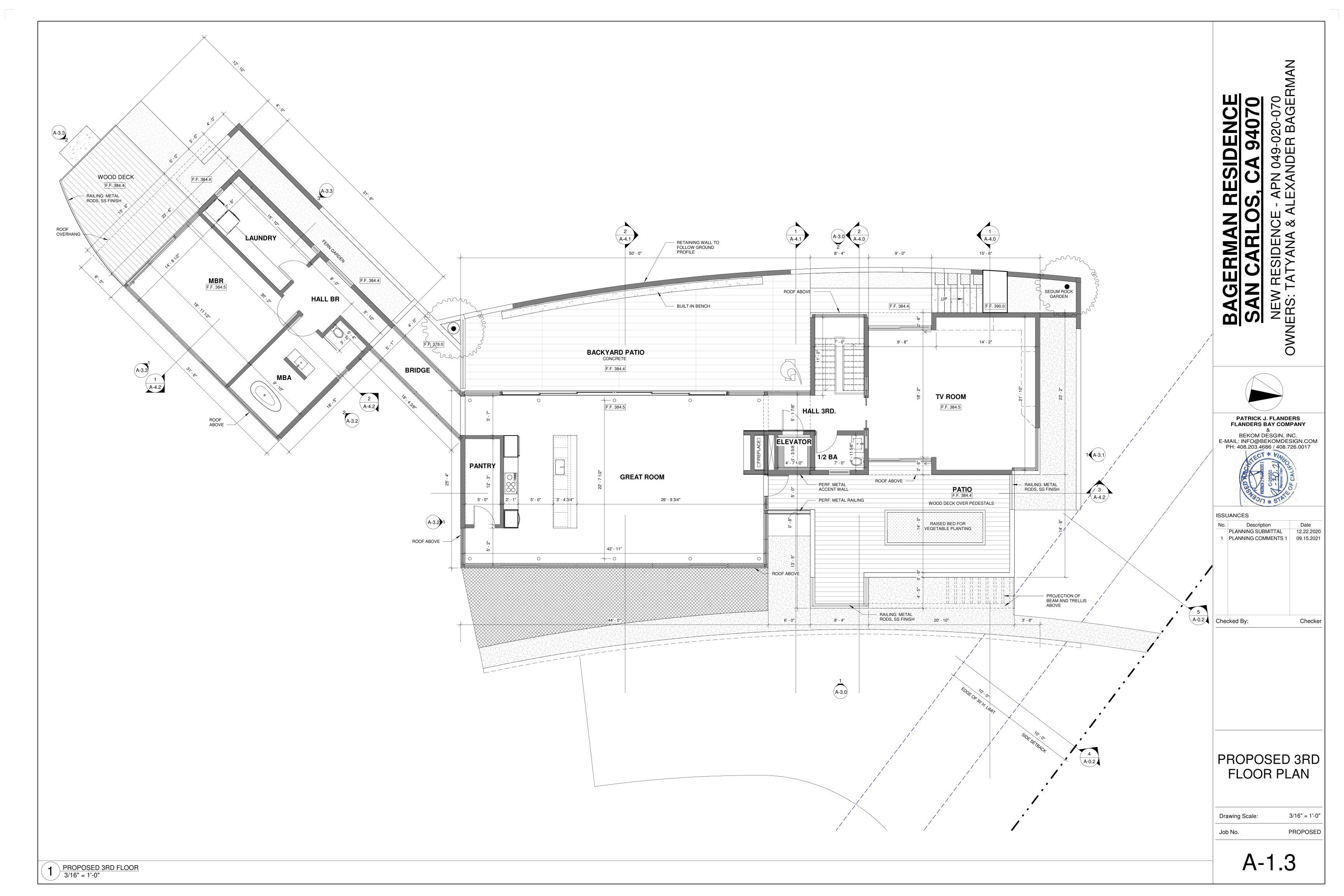
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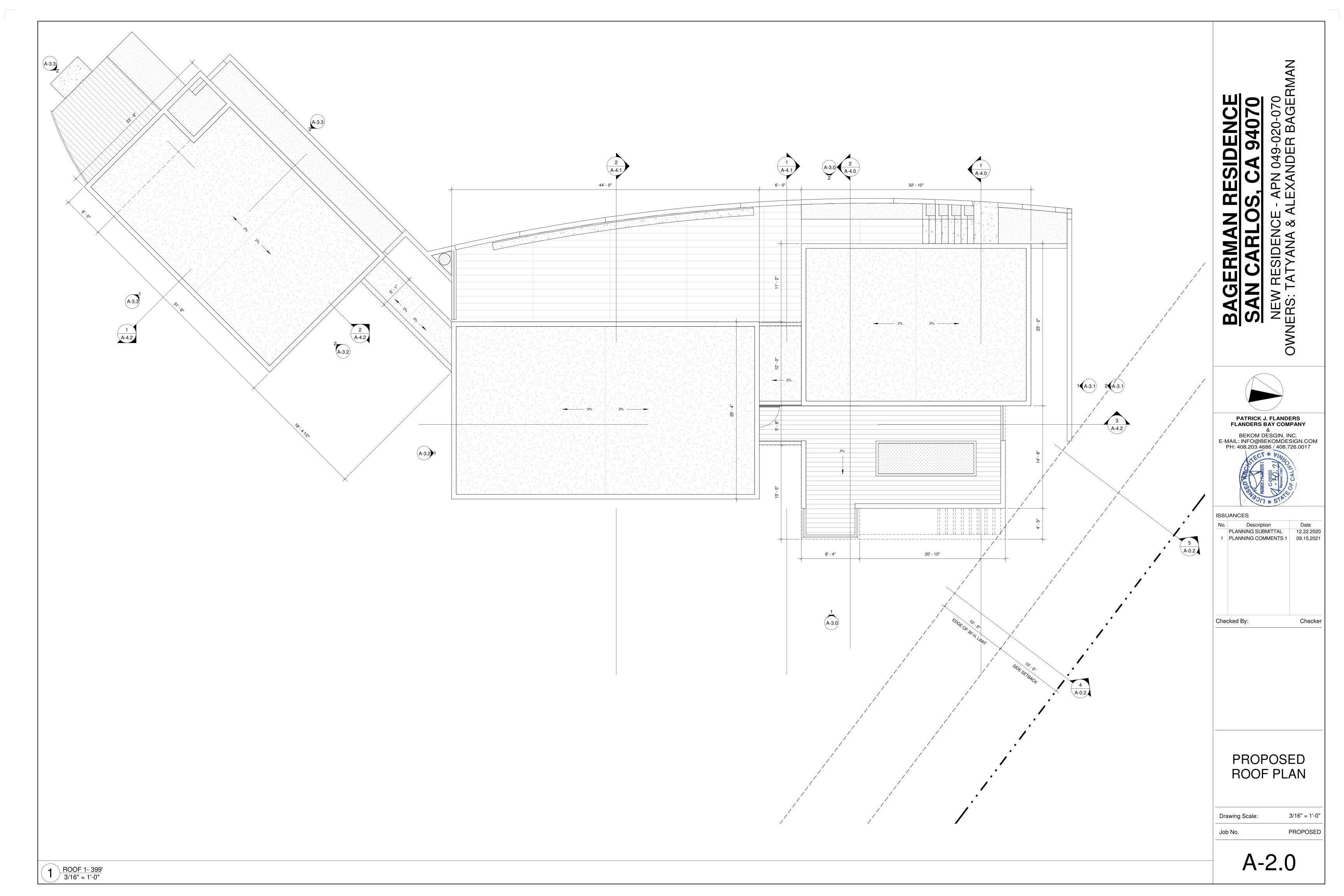


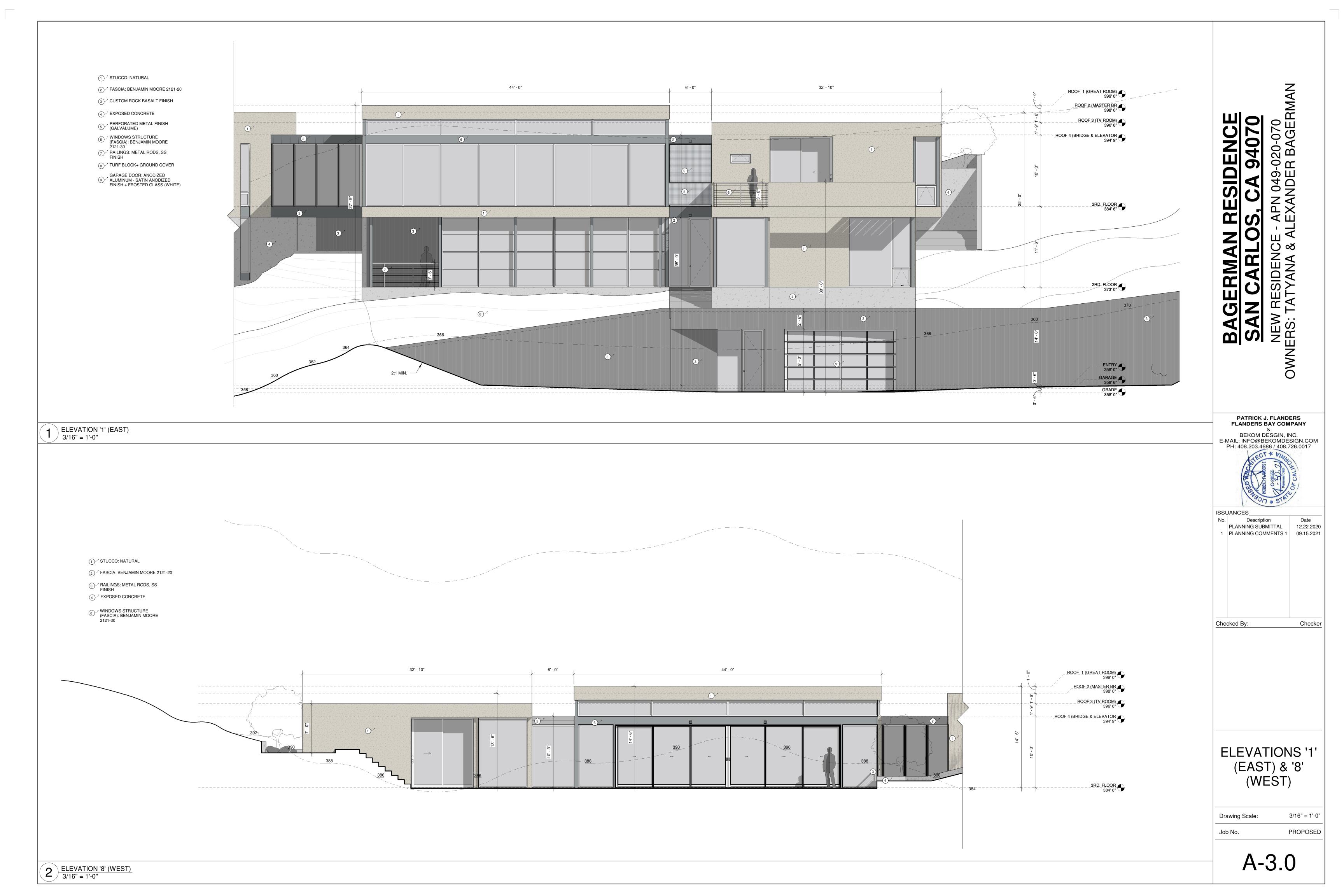


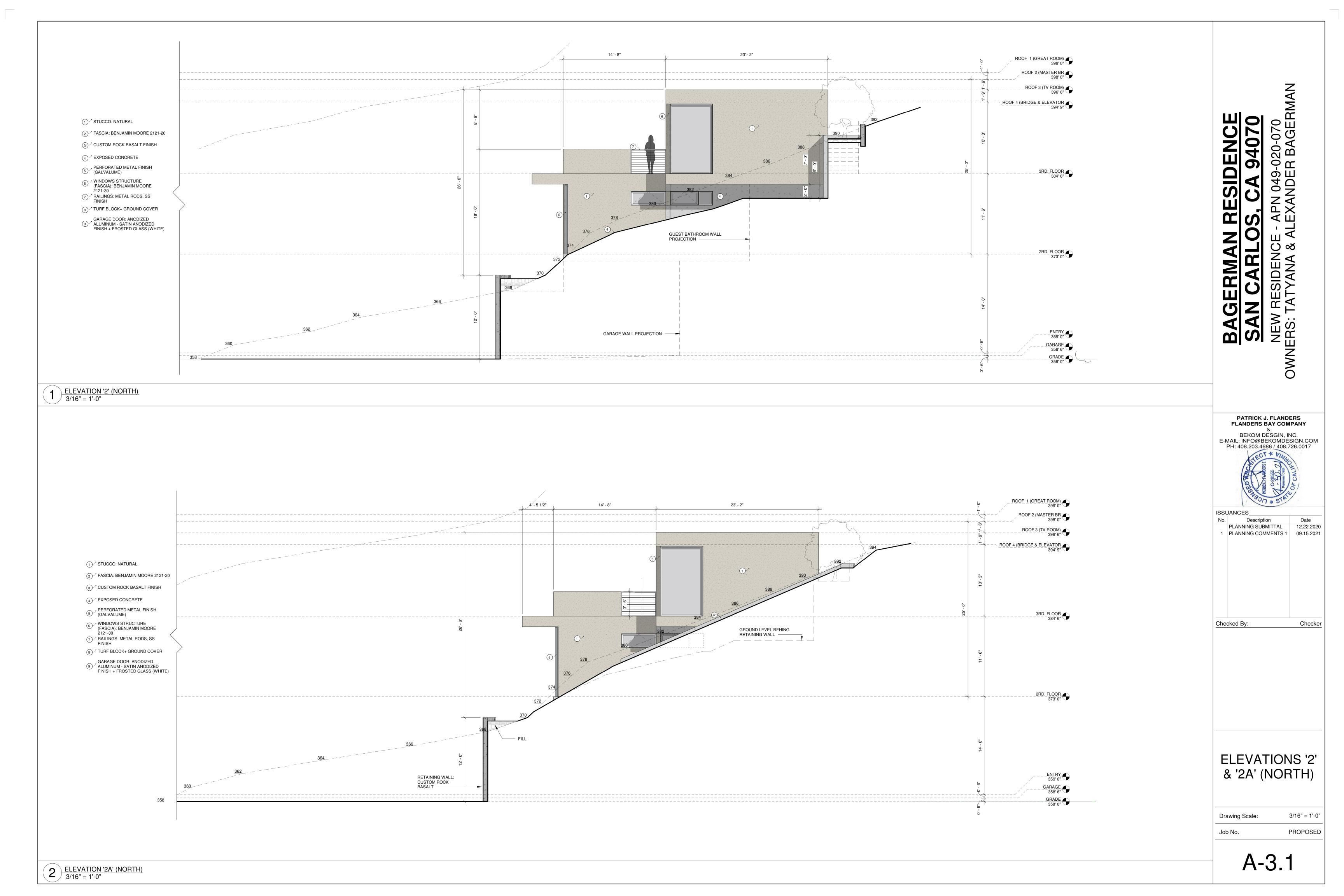


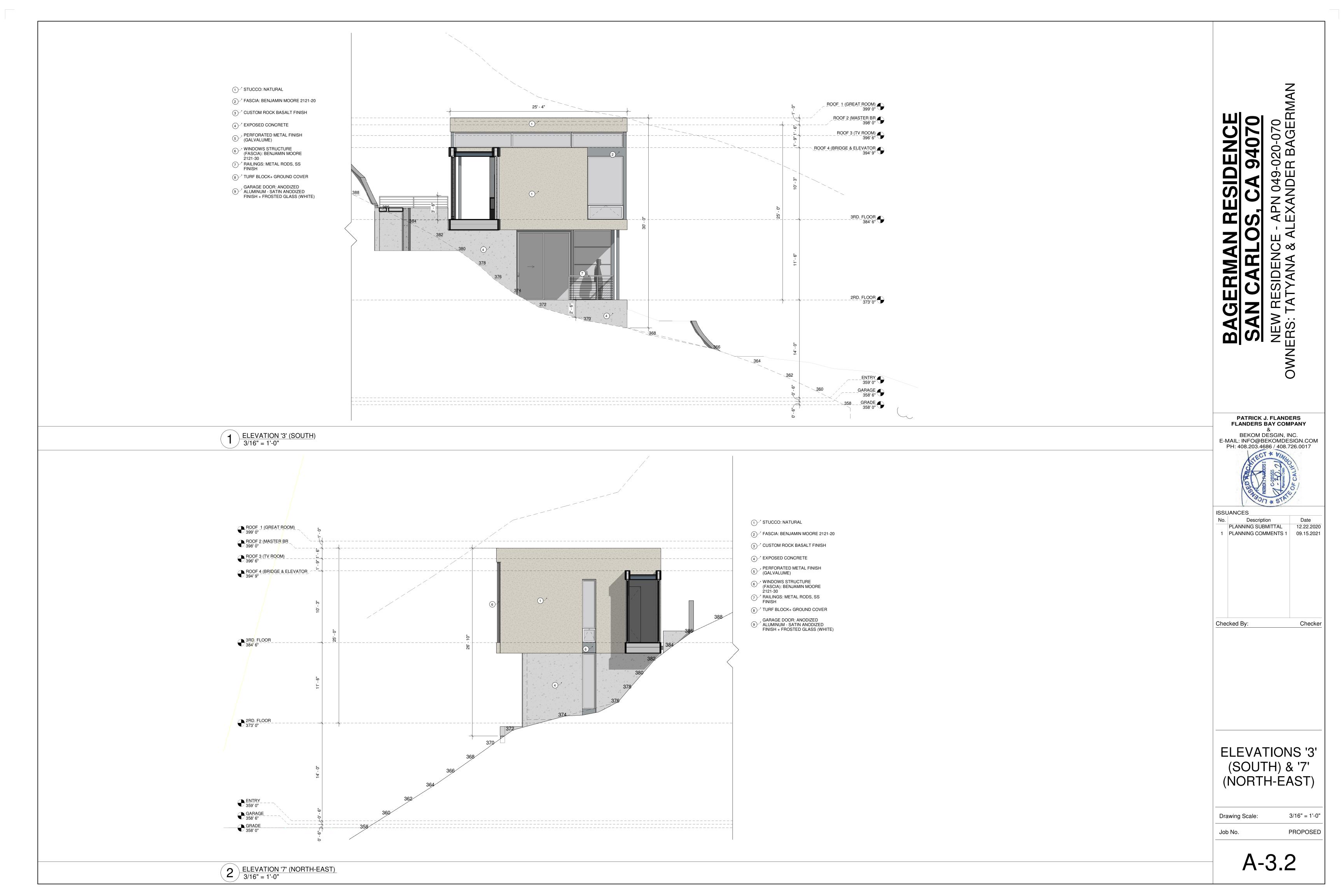


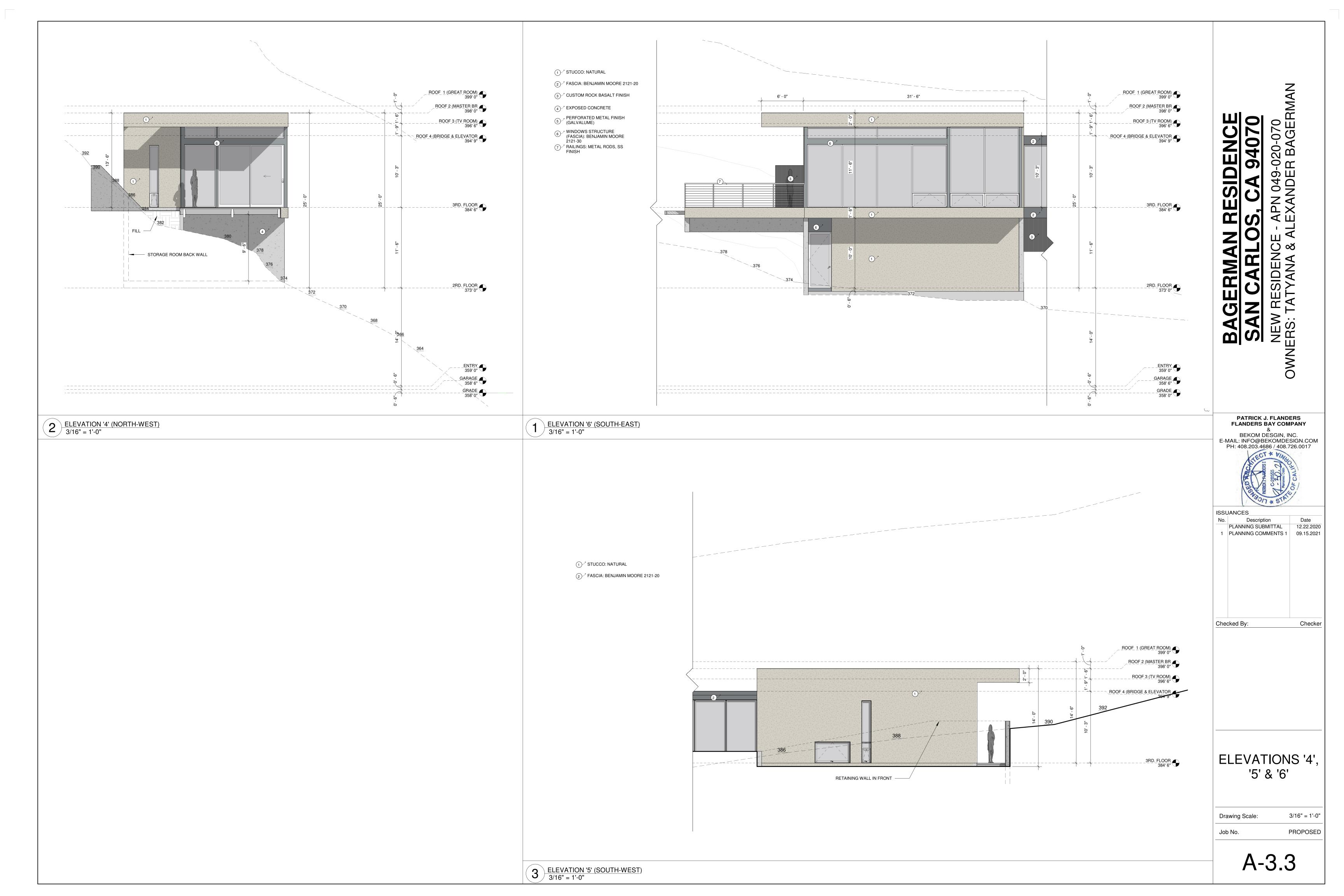


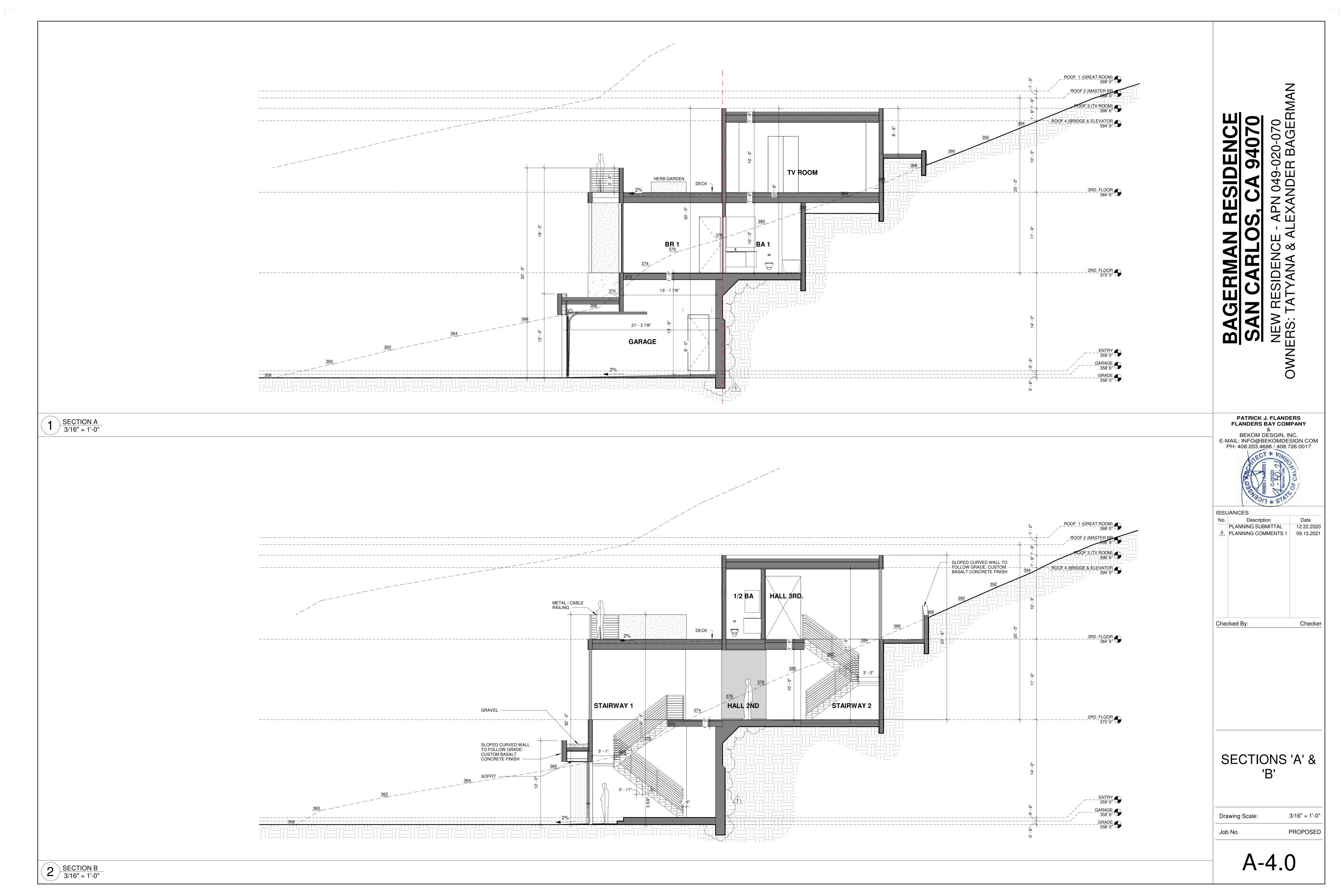




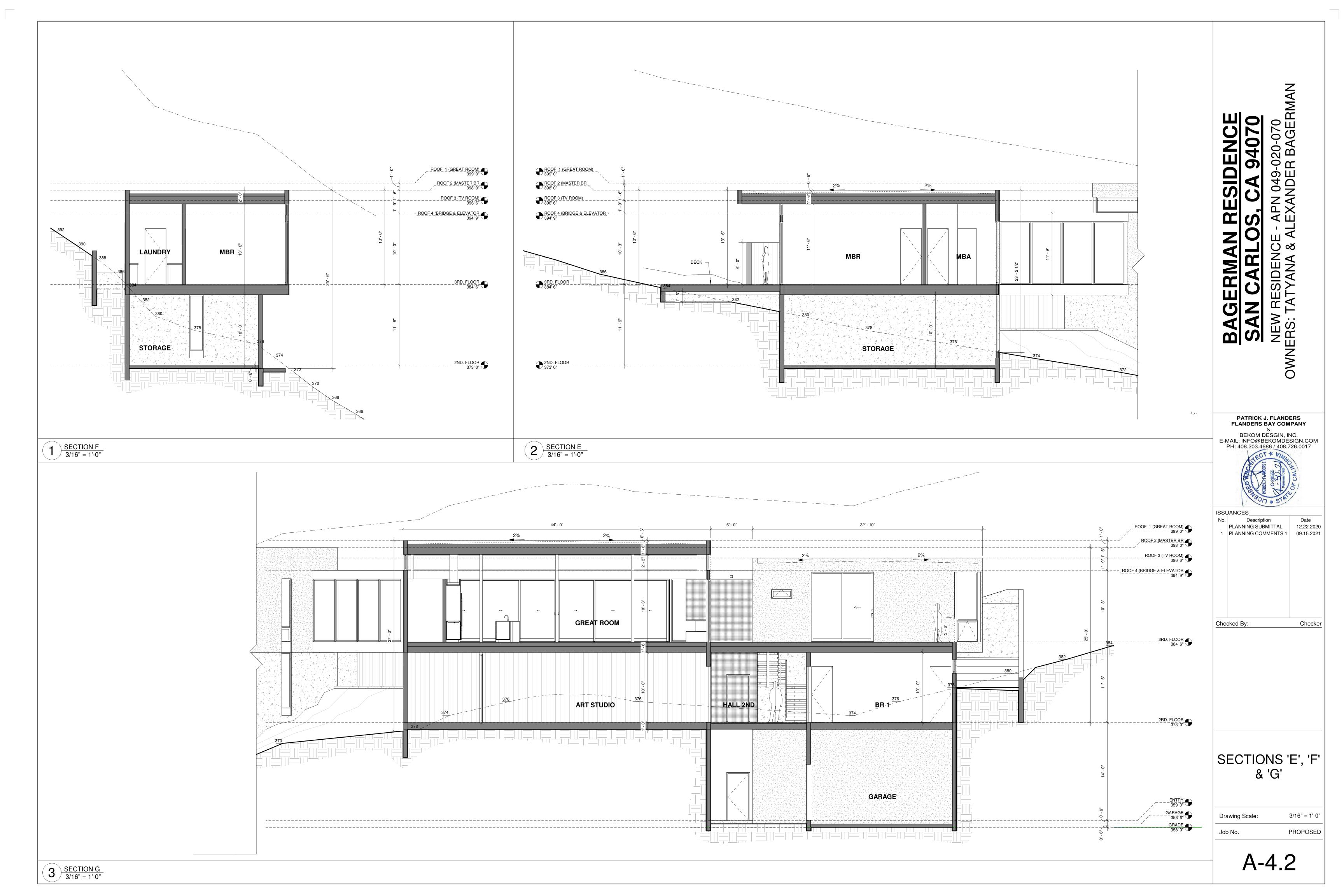


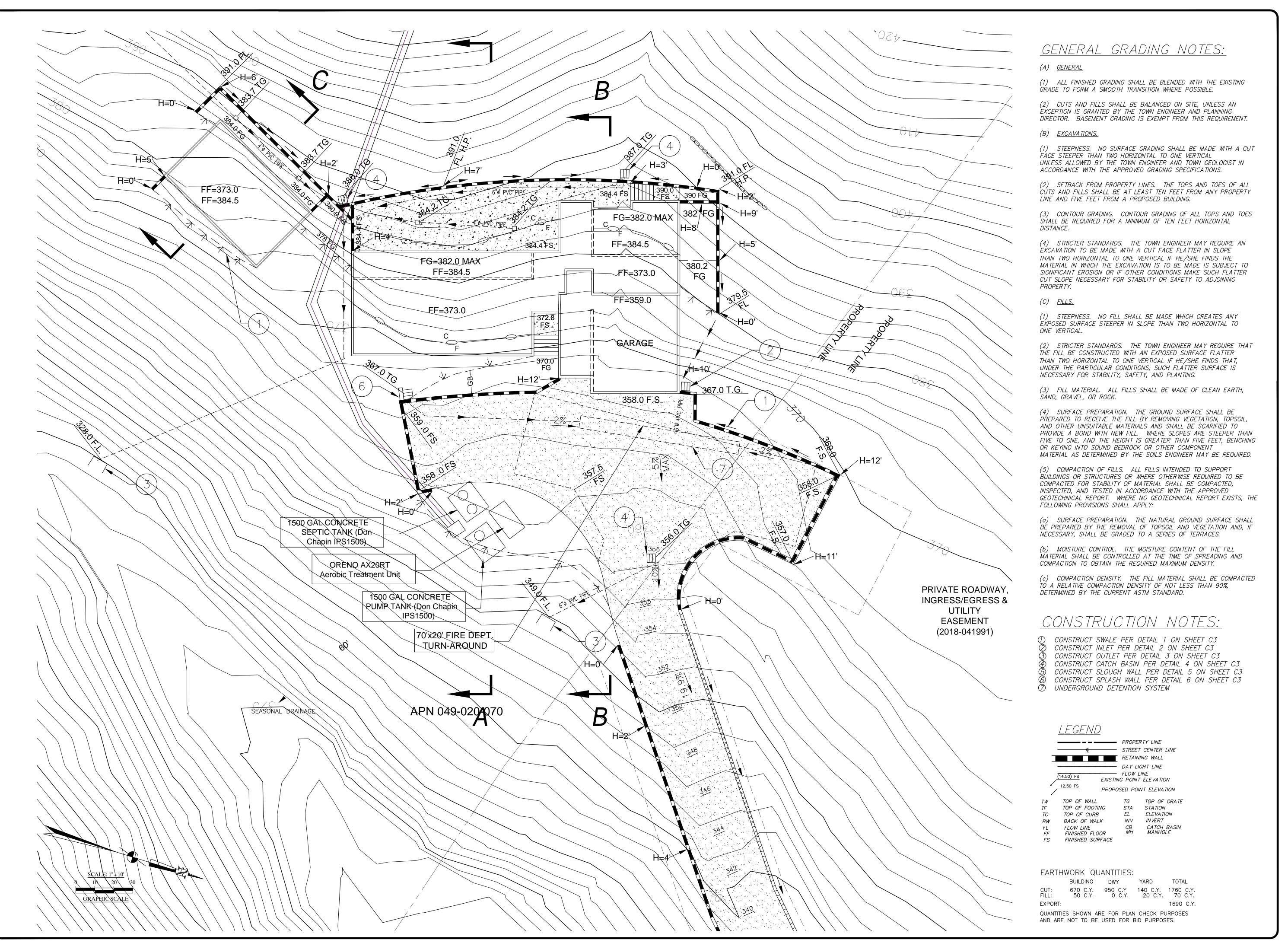












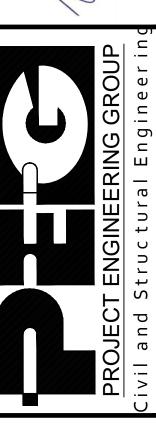
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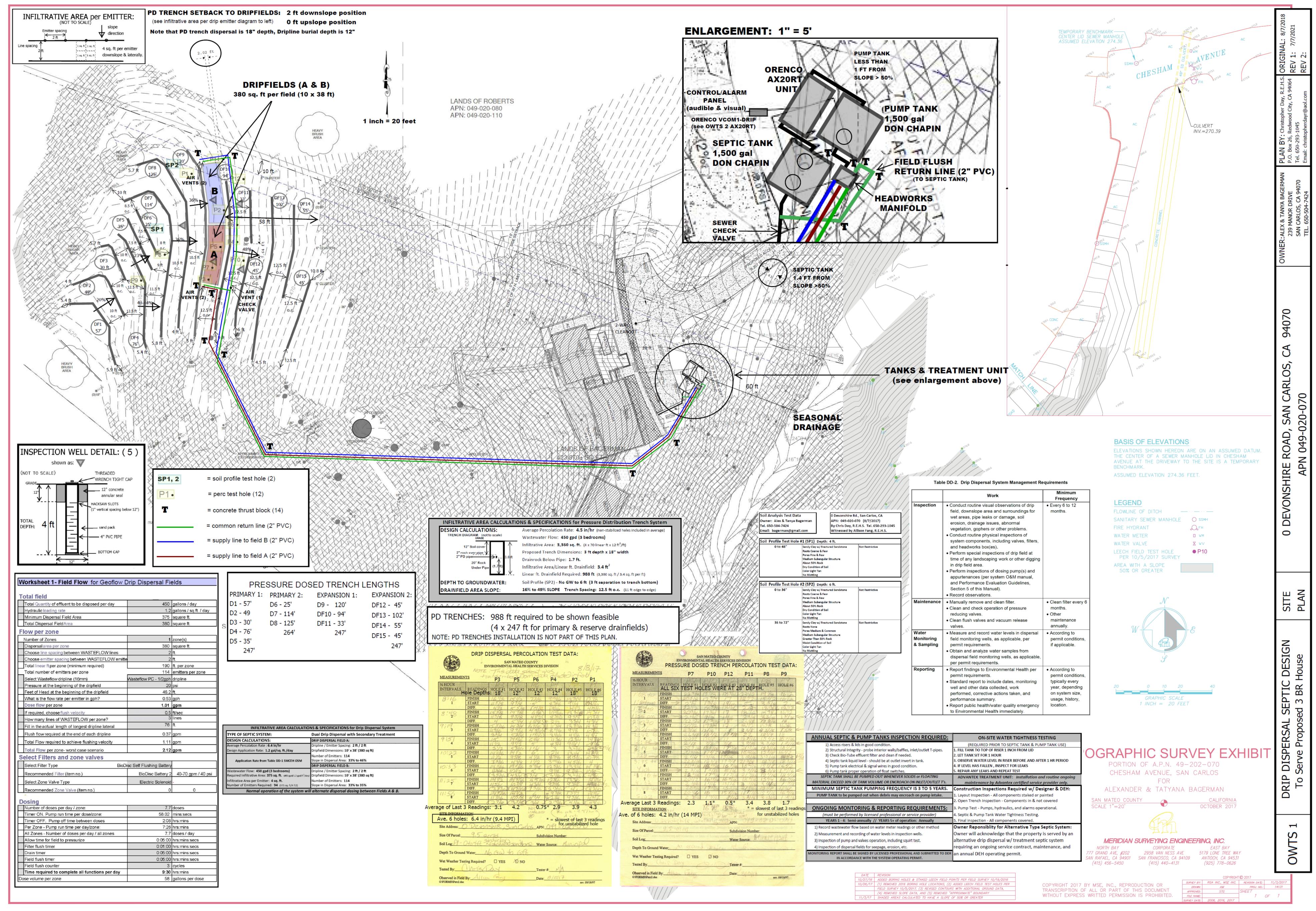


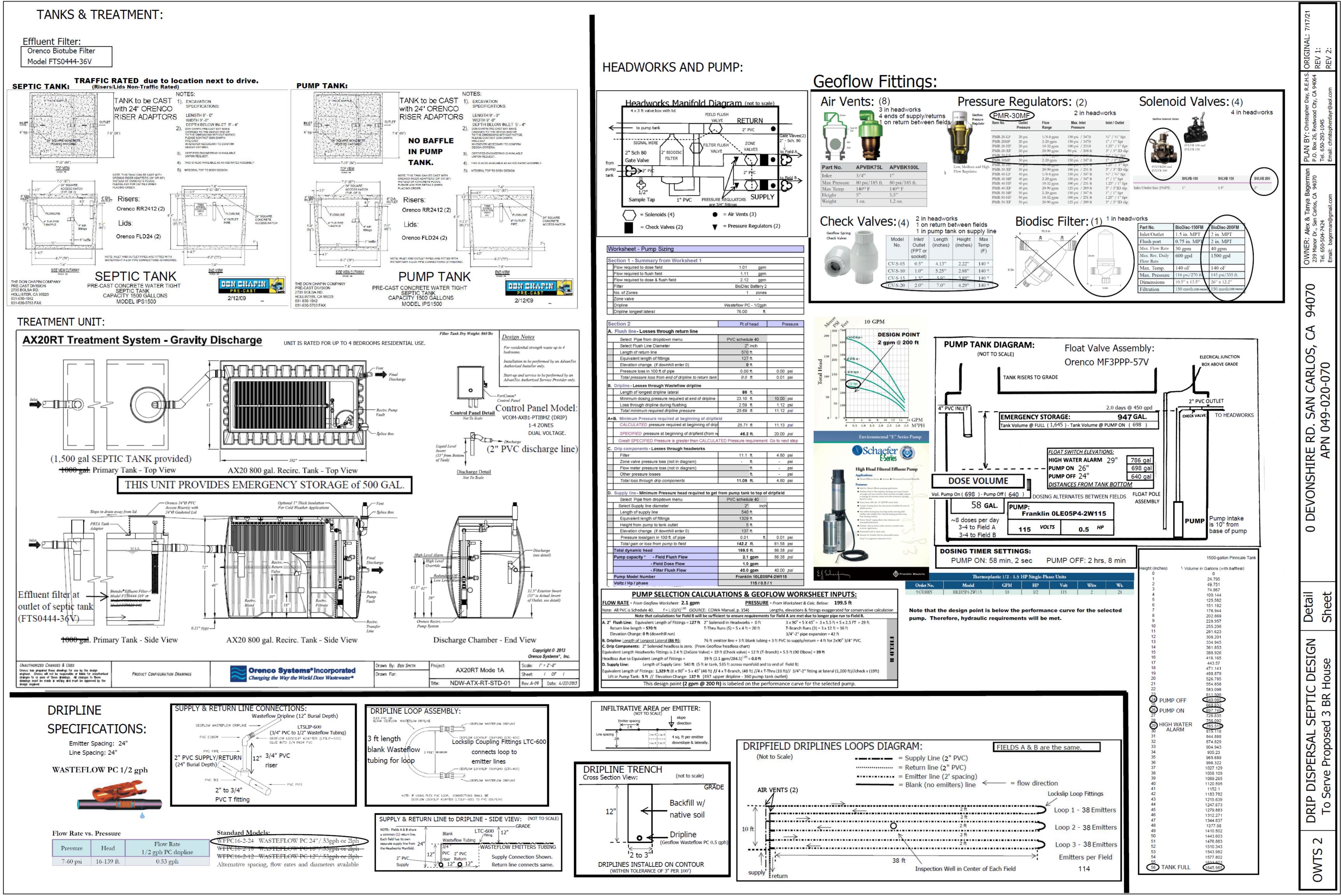
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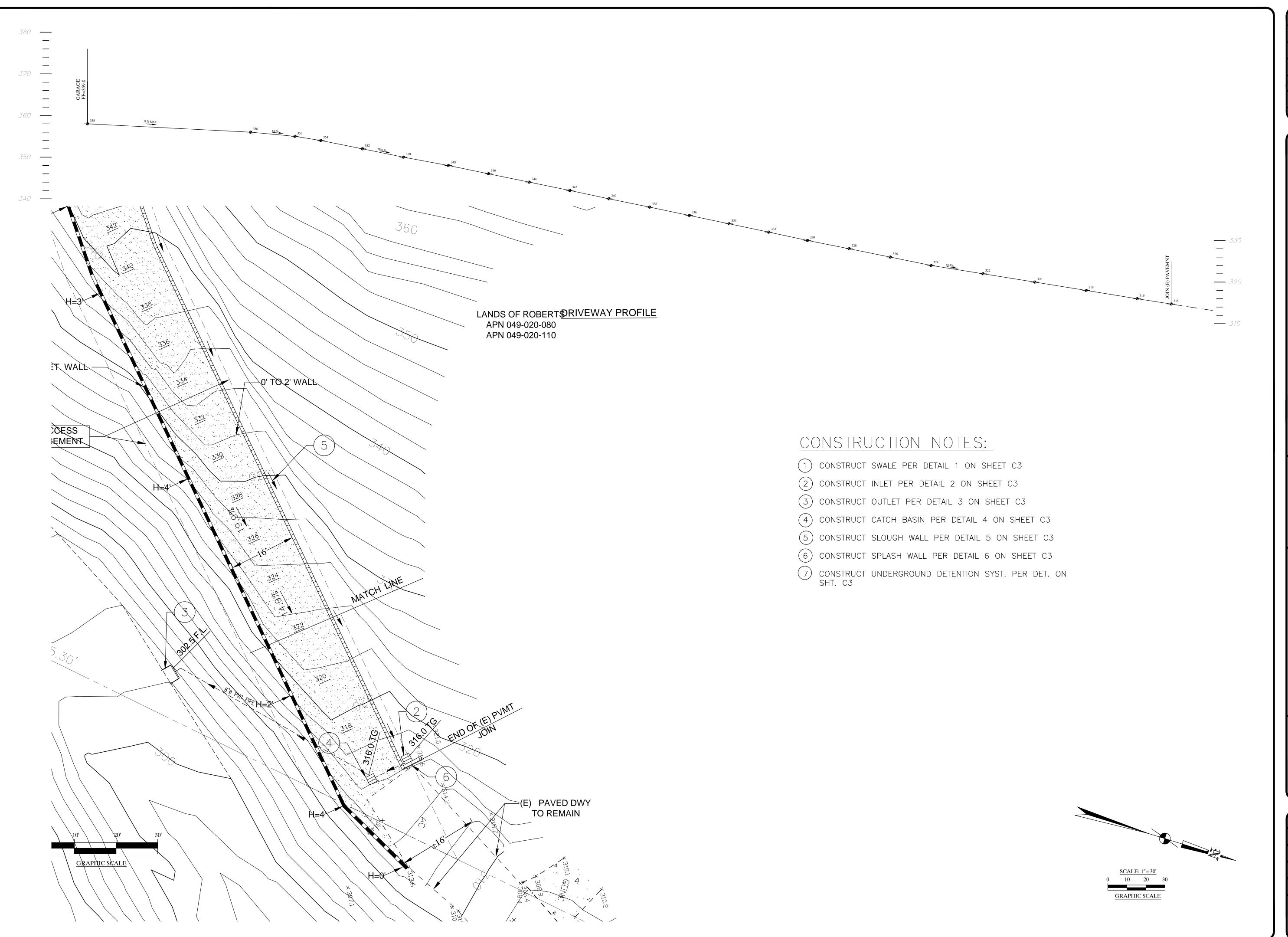
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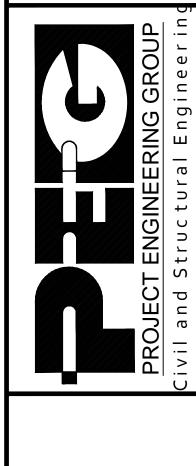
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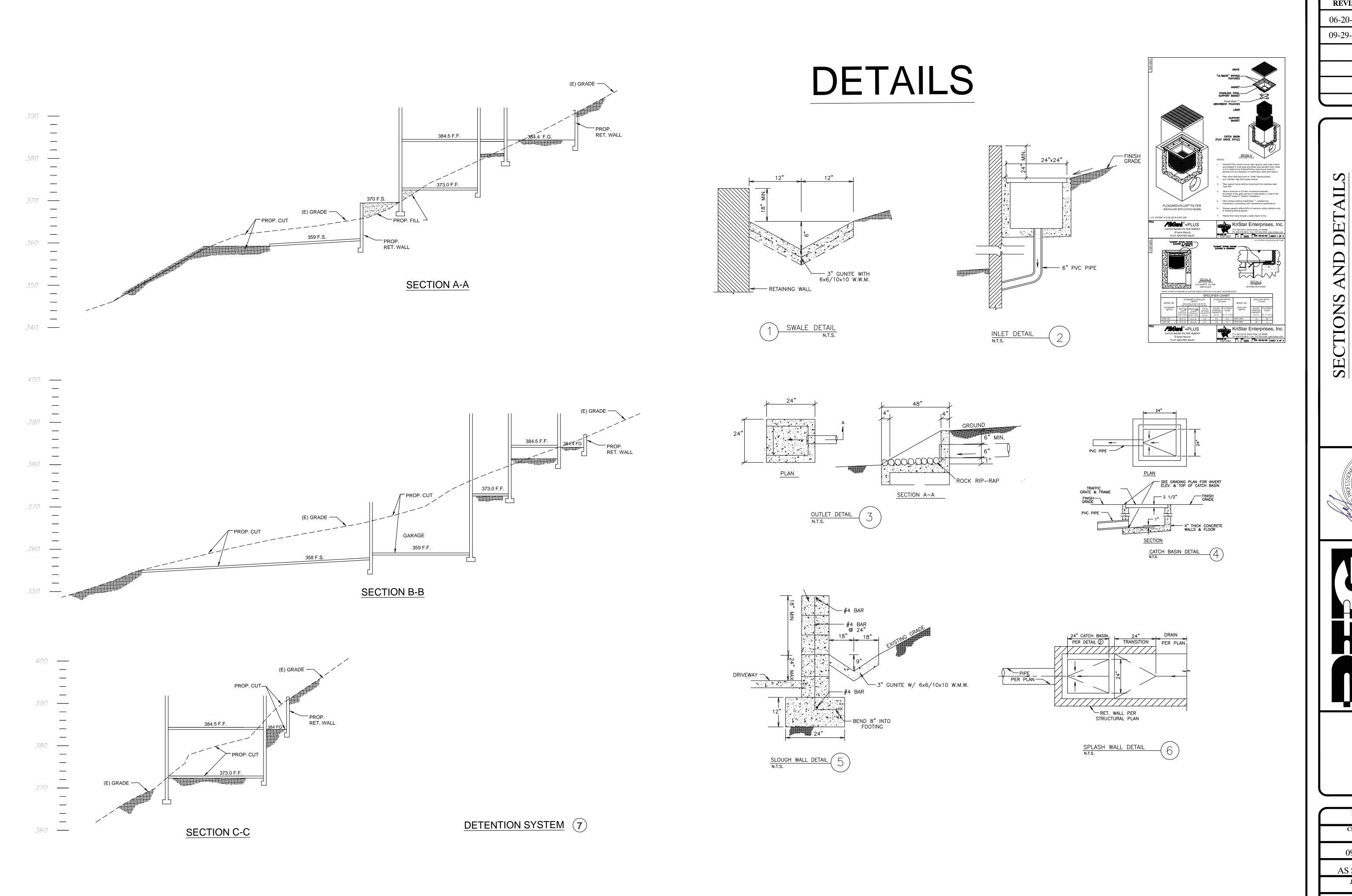
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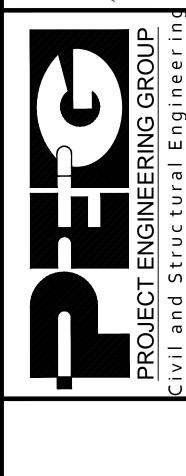


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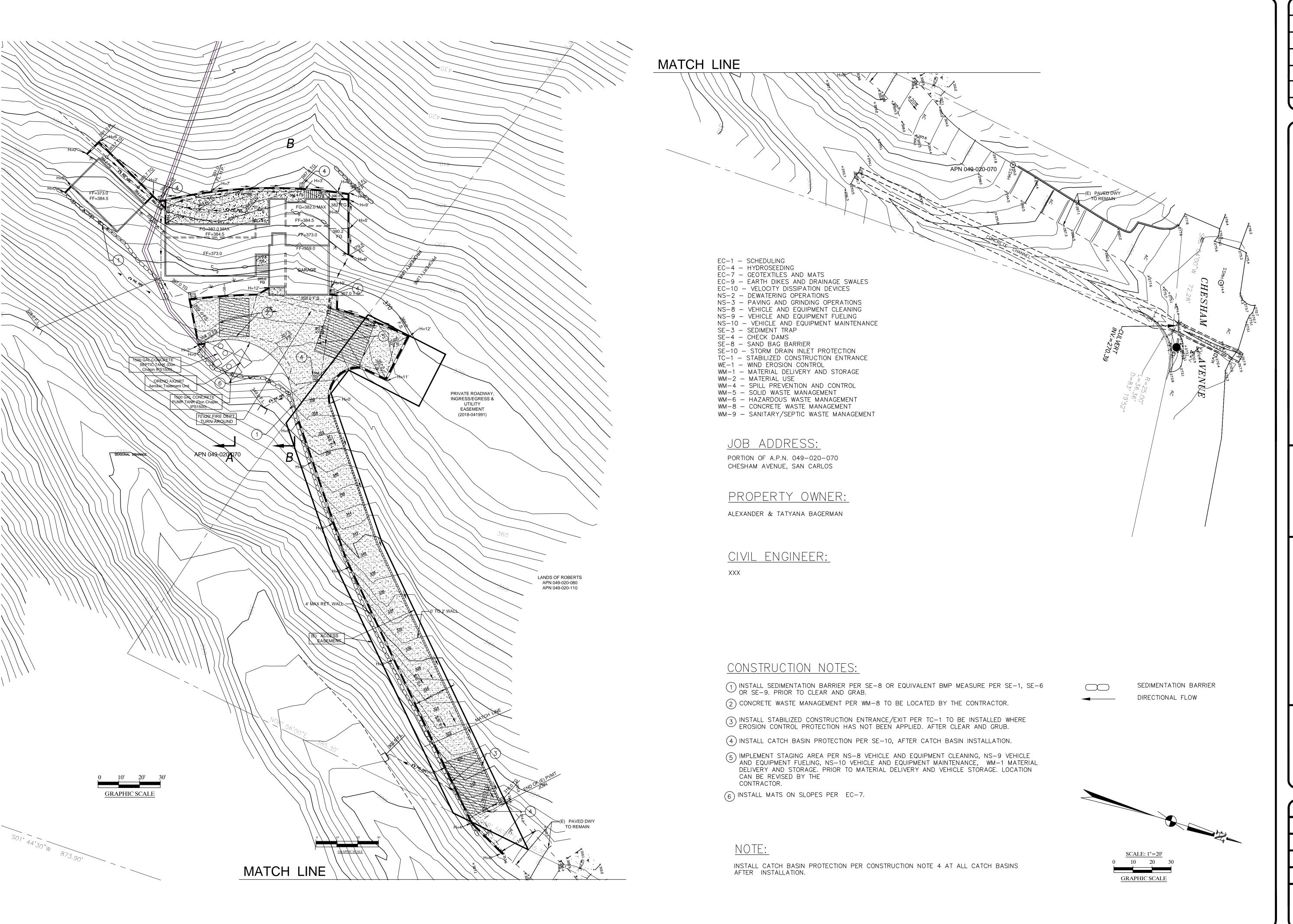


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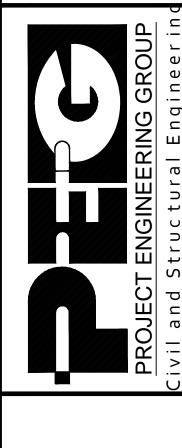


REVISIONS 06-20-2021 12-17-2021 09-29-2022

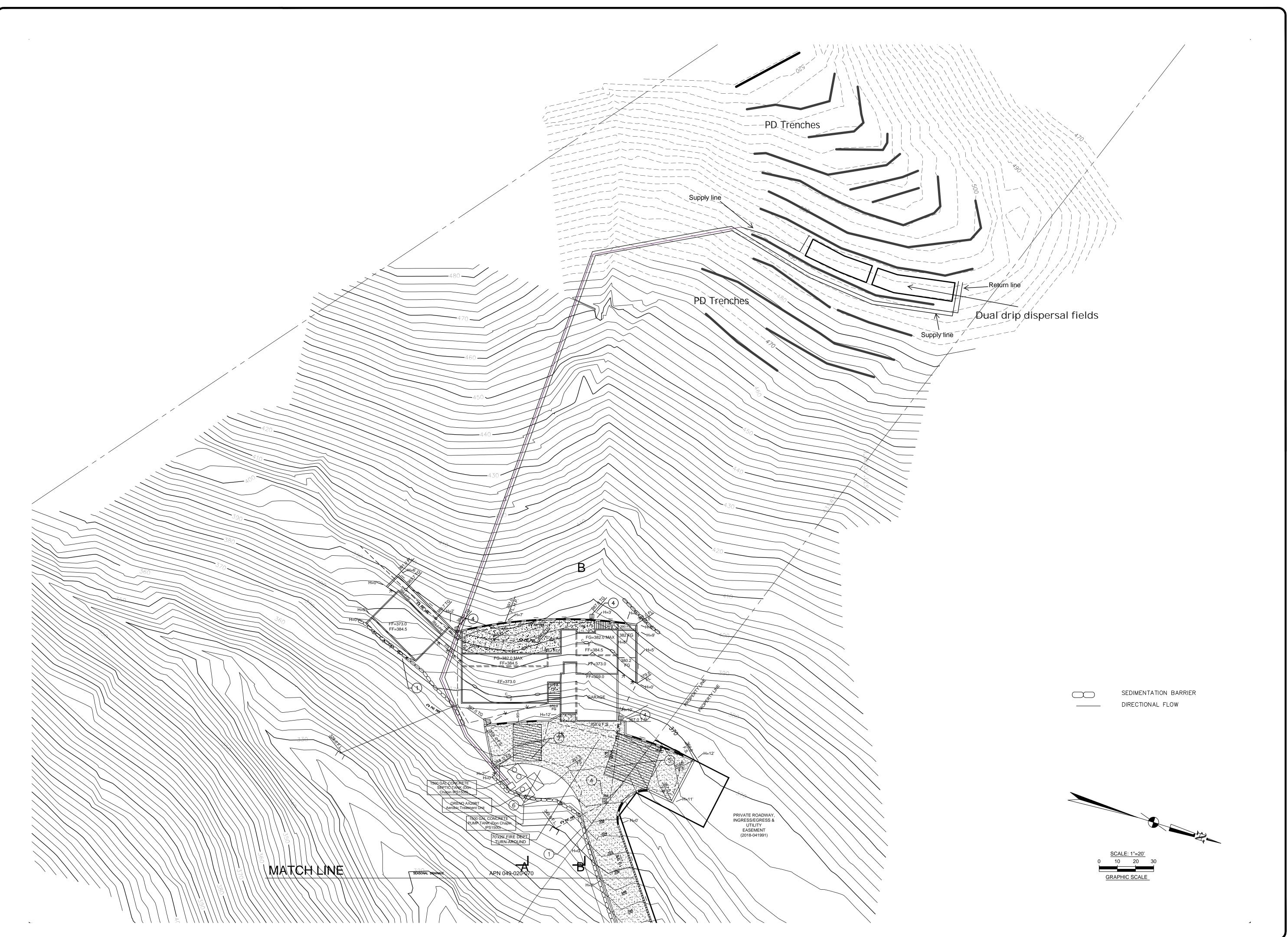
PORTION OF A.P.N. 049-020-070 CHESHAM AVENUE, SAN CARLOS ALEXANDER & TATYANA BAGERM **EROSION**

OWNER:





O.F. DATE 09/14/22 1"=20"JOB NO. SHEETS



12-17-2021 VZ 09-29-2022 VZ	REVISIONS	BY
09-29-2022 VZ	12-17-2021	VZ
	09-29-2022	VZ

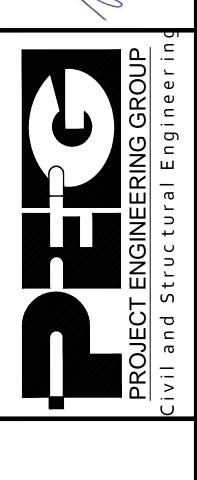
NOF A.P.N. 049-020-070
AM AVENUE, SAN CARLOS

EROSION CONTROL
ADDRESS: PORTION OF A.P.N

EROS

SECTION CONTROL OF CALIFORNIA

OWNER:



	drawn O.F.
	CHECKED V.G.
	DATE 09/14/22
	SCALE 1"=20"
	JOB NO.
	C6
OF	SHEETS



COUNTY OF SAN MATEO - PLANNING AND BUILDING DEPARTMENT

ATTACHMENT D

Advanced Tree Care

965 East San Carlos Ave, San Carlos

Chesham Ave., San Carlos April 6, 2023

Alex and Tatyana Bagerman 239 Manor Dr San Carlos, CA 94070

Site: Chesham Ave., San Carlos

Dear Alex and Tatyana,

At your request I visited the above site for the purpose of inspecting and commenting on the regulated trees around the property. A new home is planned, prompting the need for this tree protection report.

Method:

San Mateo County regulates Significant Trees whereby a "SIGNIFICANT TREE" shall mean any live woody plant rising above the ground with a single stem or trunk of a circumference of 38" (Diameter 12.1") or more measured at 4 1/2' vertically above the ground or immediately below the lowest branch, whichever is lower, and having the inherent capacity of naturally producing one main axis continuing to grow more vigorously than the lateral axes. In this district, all trees greater than 6" in diameter are considered Significant.

The location of the Significant trees on this site can be found on the plan provided by you. Each tree is given an identification number. The trees are measured at 54 inches above ground level (DBH or Diameter at Breast Height). A condition rating of 1 to 100 is assigned to each tree representing form and vitality on the following scale:

1 to 29	Very Poor
30 to 49	Poor
50 to 69	Fair
70 to 89	Good
90 to 100	Excellent

The height and spread of each tree is estimated. A Comments section is provided for any significant observations affecting the condition rating of the tree.

A Summary and Tree Protection Plan are at the end of the survey providing recommendations for maintaining the health and condition of the trees during and after construction.

If you have any questions, please don't hesitate to call.

Sincerely

Robert Weatherill

Certified Arborist WE 1936A

Chesham Ave., San Carlos April 6, 2023

Tree Survey

Tree#	Species	DBH	Ht/Sp	Con Rating	Comments
1	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	13.9/11.0/16.0"	30/20	60	Fair health and condition, codominant at grade, Significant
2	Buckeye Aesculus califonica	6.5"	20/10	50	Fair health and condition Significant
3	Coast live oak <i>Quercus agrifolia</i>	11.2"	10/15	20	Poor health and condition, almost dead, suppressed and leaning, Significant
4	Coast live oak <i>Quercus agrifolia</i>	10.5"	20/15	30	Poor health and condition, suppressed, leaning, Significant
5	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	14.2"	30/20	55	Fair health and condition, thin canopy, decay at base, Significant
6	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	20.4"	40/30	55	Fair health and condition, suppressed by adjacent, Significant
7	California bay Umbellularia californica	7.2"	30/10	60	Good health and condition, Significant
8	Buckeye Aesculus californica	8.3"	15/20	40	Poor health and condition, leaning Significant
9	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	26.1"	40/40	60	Fair health and condition, codominant at 4', Significant
10	Buckeye Aesculus californica	6.4"	20/10	50	Fair health and condition Significant
11	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	21.0"	20/30	60	Fair health and condition, leaning Significant
12	Buckeye Aesculus californica	5.0"	15/10	40	Poor health and condition, decay at base, Significant
13	Coast live oak <i>Quercus agrifolia</i>	20.4"	40/25	60	Fair health and condition, slight lean Significant
14	California bay Umbellularia californica	9.5/6.0"	35/20	50	Fair health and condition, codominant at 3', Significant
15	California bay Umbellularia californica	10.0/6.7"	40/15	40	Poor health and condition, decay at base, codominant at grade Significant
16	California bay Umbellularia californica	9.3"	40/10	50	Fair health and condition, leaning Significant
17	California bay Umbellularia californica	12.6"	40/20	50	Fair health and condition, leaning Significant
18	Buckeye Aesculus californica	6.3"	15/10	40	Poor health and condition Significant

Tree Survey

Tree#	Species	DBH	Ht/Sp	Con Rating	Comments
19	Buckeye Aesculus californica	7.8"	15/15	50	Fair health and condition, leaning Significant
20	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	24.2"	40/40	40	Poor health and condition, phytophthora on trunk, Significant
21	California bay 15 Umbellularia california	5.0/17.1/14.3/15.1/6.0" ca	60/30	70	Good health and condition Significant
22	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	12.9"	20/20	0	Dead Significant
23	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	24"est	25/20	0	Dead Significant
24	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	12.5/18.5"	25/20	50	Fair health and condition, thin canopy, Significant
25	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	15.4/14.0/11.6"	25/20	50	Fair health and condition, codominant at grade, Significant
26	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	13.0"	20/10	45	Poor health and condition, cavity at 3', Significant
27	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	18.7"	20/25	50	Fair health and condition, decay at base leaning, Significant
28	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	17.9"	25/15	40	Poor health and condition, decay at base, Significant
29	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	20.5/7.0"	20/20	50	Fair health and condition, decay at base codominant at grade, Significant
30	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	10.5"	15/15	40	Poor health and condition, decay throughout, Significant
31	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	13.9"	15/20	40	Poor health and condition Significant
32	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	17.3/18.5"	35/20	55	Fair health and condition, codominant at 2', Significant
33	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	15.7/18.3/18.5"	35/30	55	Fair health and condition, codominant at 3', Significant
34	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	10.2"	12/8	55	Fair health and condition, suppressed by #9, Significant
35	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	20.2"	20/15	60	Fair health and condition Significant
36	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	19.6/9.5/19.1"	30/35	60	Fair health and condition, codominant at grade, Significant

Tree Survey

Tree#	Species	DBH	Ht/Sp	Con Rating	Comments
37	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	9.7"	20/8	30	Poor health and condition Significant
38	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	16.3"@2'	30/15	50	Fair health and condition Significant
39	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	14.1/8.6"	25/20	50	Fair health and condition, codominant at grade, Significant
40	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	12.1/11.5/11.1/6.0/8.1"	25/25	50	Fair health and condition, codominant at grade, Significant
41	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	18.1"	25/20	50	Fair health and condition, broken branch Significant
42	Buckeye Aesculus californica	7.8/7.8"	20/10	60	Fair health and condition, Significant
43	Buckeye Aesculus californica	4.1/2.0"	15/10	50	Fair health and condition, Significant
44	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	21.8"/11.8"	35/20	65	Good health and condition, included bark at 8 feet Significant

Summary:

The property is a previously undeveloped lot. Many of the trees are in only fair health and condition due to many years of neglect.

The trees on the site are a variety of natives in varying health and condition.

There are 44 Significant trees on the property.

Tree #s 20, 22, 23 and 28 are all in poor health and condition and should be removed.

The tree removals to accommodate the driveway consist of 10 coast live oaks, 4 buckeyes and 2 bays Tree #s 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 41, 42, 43 and 44. **The driveway has been realigned, see Addendum.**

Tree #s 24, 25, 27, 29, 30 and 34 will be removed as they stand within the foot print of the proposed new buildings. All these trees are only in fair condition (50%) and have issues with decay or and health that cannot be rectified.

Tree #s 8, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 21, 26, 31, 32, 33, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39 and 40, should be protected during construction.

Tree Protection Plan

1. The Tree Protection Zone (TPZ) should be defined with protective fencing. This should be cyclone or chain link fencing on 1½" or 2" posts driven at least 2 feet in to the ground standing at least 6 feet tall. Normally a TPZ is defined by the dripline of the tree. I recommend the TPZ's as follows:-

Tree #s 8, 18 and 19: TPZ should be at 6 feet from the trunk closing on the fence line in accordance with Type I Tree Protection as outlined and illustrated in image 2.15-1 and $2^{(6)}$. The TPZ can be reduced to edge of construction for Tree # 19.

Tree #s 15, 16 and 17: TPZ should be at 8 feet from the trunk closing on the fence line in accordance with Type I Tree Protection as outlined and illustrated in image 2.15-1 and $2^{(6)}$.

Tree # 21: TPZ should be at 20 feet from the trunk closing on the fence line in accordance with Type I Tree Protection as outlined and illustrated in image 2.15-1 and $2^{(6)}$.

Tree # 26: TPZ should be at 10 feet from the trunk closing on the fence line in accordance with Type I Tree Protection as outlined and illustrated in image 2.15-1 and $2^{(6)}$.

Tree # 31: TPZ should be at 10 feet from the trunk closing on the fence line in accordance with Type I Tree Protection as outlined and illustrated in image 2.15-1 and $2^{(6)}$.

Tree # 32: TPZ should be at 20 feet from the trunk closing on the fence line in accordance with Type I Tree Protection as outlined and illustrated in image 2.15-1 and $2^{(6)}$.

Tree # 33: TPZ should be at 20 feet from the trunk closing on the fence line in accordance with Type I Tree Protection as outlined and illustrated in image 2.15-1 and $2^{(6)}$.

Tree #s 35, 36, 37, 38, 39 and 40 are along the west side of the driveway up to the proposed house. The TPZ fencing should follow the edge of the driveway and extend out to 10 feet from the trunk of the tree where possible.



IMAGE 2.15-1
Tree Protection Fence at the Dripline



IMAGE 2.15-2
Tree Protection Fence at the Dripline

Type I Tree Protection

The fences shall enclose the entire area under the **canopy dripline or TPZ** of the tree(s) to be saved throughout the life of the project, or until final improvement work within the area is required, typically near the end of the project (see *Images 2.15-1 and 2.15-2*). Parking Areas: If the fencing must be located on paving or sidewalk that will not be demolished, the posts may be supported by an appropriate grade level concrete base.

- 2. Any pruning and maintenance of the tree shall be carried out before construction begins. This should allow for any clearance requirements for both the new structure and any construction machinery particularly along the driveway. This will eliminate the possibility of damage during construction. The pruning should be carried out by an arborist, not by construction personnel. No limbs greater than 4" in diameter shall be removed.
- 3. Any excavation in ground where there is a potential to damage roots of 1" or more in diameter should be carefully hand dug. Where possible, roots should be dug around rather than cut. (2)
- 4. If roots are broken, every effort should be made to remove the damaged area and cut it back to its closest lateral root. A clean cut should be made with a saw or pruners. This will prevent any infection from damaged roots spreading throughout the root system and into the tree. (2)

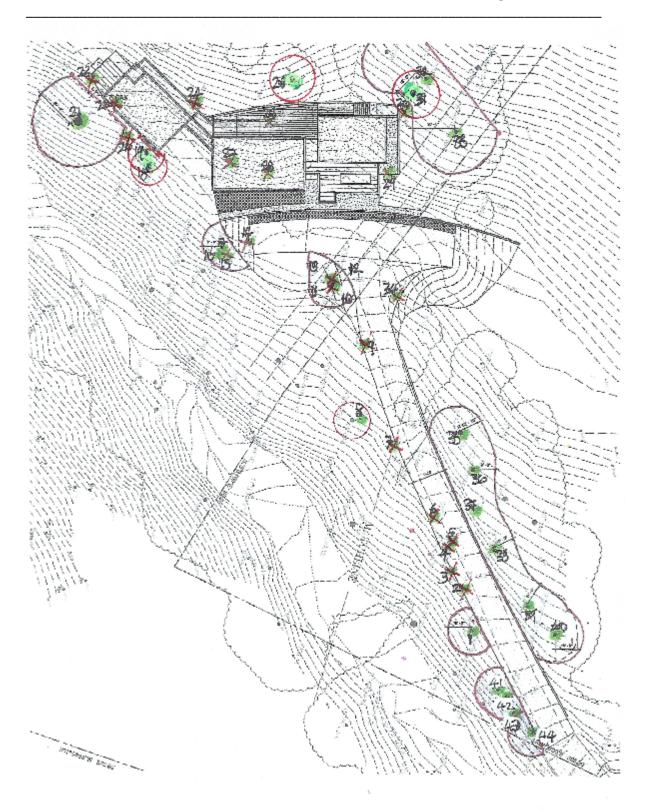
5. **Do Not**:. (4)

- a. Allow run off or spillage of damaging materials into the area below any tree canopy.
- b. Store materials, stockpile soil, park or drive vehicles within the TPZ of the tree.
- c. Cut, break, skin or bruise roots, branches or trunk without first obtaining permission from the city arborist.
- d. Allow fires under any adjacent trees.
- e. Discharge exhaust into foliage.
- f. Secure cable, chain or rope to trees or shrubs.
- g. Apply soil sterilants under pavement near existing trees.

965 East San Carlos Ave, San Carlos

Chesham Ave., San Carlos April 6, 2023

- 6. Where roots are exposed, they should be kept covered with the native soil or four layers of wetted, untreated burlap. Roots will dry out and die if left exposed to the air for too long. (4)
- 7. Route pipes into alternate locations to avoid conflict with roots. (4)
- 8. Where it is not possible to reroute pipes or trenches, the contractor is to bore beneath the dripline of the tree. The boring shall take place no less than 3 feet below the surface of the soil in order to avoid encountering "feeder" roots. (4)
- 9. Compaction of the soil within the dripline shall be kept to a minimum.⁽²⁾ If access is required to go through the TPZ of a protected tree, the area within the TPZ should be protected from compaction either with steel plates or with 4" of wood chip overlaid with plywood.
- 10. Any damage due to construction activities shall be reported to the project arborist or city arborist within 6 hours so that remedial action can be taken.
- 11. Ensure upon completion of the project that the original ground level is restored



Location of proposed new house, protected trees and their Tree Protection Zones



965 East San Carlos Ave, San Carlos

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Glossary

Canopy The part of the crown composed of leaves and small twigs. (2)

Cavities An open wound, characterized by the presence of extensive decay and

resulting in a hollow.⁽¹⁾

Decay Process of degradation of woody tissues by fungi and bacteria through the

decomposition of cellulose and lignin⁽¹⁾

Dripline The width of the crown as measured by the lateral extent of the foliage. (1)

Genus A classification of plants showing similar characteristics.

Root plate The point at which the trunk flares out at the base of the tree to become the root

system.

Species A Classification that identifies a particular plant.

Standard Height at which the girth of the tree is measured. Typically 4 1/2 feet above

height ground level

References

- (1) Matheny, N.P., and Clark, J.P. <u>Evaluation of Hazard Trees in Urban Areas.</u> International Society of Arboriculture, 1994.
- (2) Harris, R.W., Matheny, N.P. and Clark, J.R.. <u>Arboriculture: Integrated</u> Management of Landscape Trees, Shrubs and Vines. Prentice Hall, 1999.
- (3) Carlson, Russell E. <u>Paulownia on The Green: An Assessment of Tree Health and Structural Condition.</u> Tree Tech Consulting, 1998.
- (4) Extracted from a copy of Tree Protection guidelines. Anon
- (5) T. D. Sydnor, Arboricultural Glossary. School of Natural Resources, 2000
- (6) D Dockter, Tree Technical Manual. City of Palo Alto, June, 2001

Certification of Performance⁽³⁾

I, Robert Weatherill certify:

- * That I have personally inspected the tree(s) and/or the property referred to in this report, and have stated my findings accurately. The extent of the evaluation and appraisal is stated in the attached report and the Terms and Conditions;
- * That I have no current or prospective interest in the vegetation or the property that is the subject of this report, and I have no personal interest or bias with respect to the parties involved;
- * That the analysis, opinions and conclusions stated herein are my own, and are based on current scientific procedures and facts;
- * That my compensation is not contingent upon the reporting of a predetermined conclusion that favors the cause of the client or any other party, nor upon the results of the assessment, the attainment of stipulated results, or the occurrence of any subsequent events;
- * That my analysis, opinions, and conclusions were developed and this report has been prepared according to commonly accepted Arboricultural practices;
- * That no one provided significant professional assistance to the consultant, except as indicated within the report.

I further certify that I am a member of the International Society of Arboriculture and a Certified Arborist. I have been involved in the practice of arboriculture and the care and study of trees for over 20 years.

Signed

Robert Weatherill

Certified Arborist WE 1936a

Date: 4/6/23

Advanced Tree Care

965 East San Carlos Ave, San Carlos

Chesham Ave., San Carlos April 6, 2023

Terms and Conditions(3)

The following terms and conditions apply to all oral and written reports and correspondence pertaining to consultations, inspections and activities of Advanced Tree Care :

- 1. All property lines and ownership of property, trees, and landscape plants and fixtures are assumed to be accurate and reliable as presented and described to the consultant, either verbally or in writing. The consultant assumes no responsibility for verification of ownership or locations of property lines, or for results of any actions or recommendations based on inaccurate information.
- 2. It is assumed that any property referred to in any report or in conjunction with any services performed by Advanced Tree Care, is not in violation of any applicable codes, ordinances, statutes, or other governmental regulations, and that any titles and ownership to any property are assumed to be good and marketable. Any existing liens and encumbrances have been disregarded.
- 3. All reports and other correspondence are confidential, and are the property of Advanced Tree Care and it's named clients and their assignees or agents. Possession of this report or a copy thereof does not imply any right of publication or use for any purpose, without the express permission of the consultant and the client to whom the report was issued. Loss, removal or alteration of any part of a report invalidates the entire appraisal/evaluation.
- 4. The scope of any report or other correspondence is limited to the trees and conditions specifically mentioned in those reports and correspondence. Advanced Tree Care and the consultant assume no liability for the failure of trees or parts of trees, either inspected or otherwise. The consultant assumes no responsibility to report on the condition of any tree or landscape feature not specifically requested by the named client.
- 5. All inspections are limited to visual examination of accessible parts, without dissection, excavation, probing, boring or other invasive procedures, unless otherwise noted in the report. No warrantee or guarantee is made, expressed or implied, that problems or deficiencies of the plants or the property will not occur in the future, from any cause. The consultant shall not be responsible for damages caused by any tree defects, and assumes no responsibility for the correction of defects or tree related problems.
- 6. The consultant shall not be required to provide further documentation, give testimony, be deposed, or attend court by reason of this appraisal/report unless subsequent contractual arrangements are made, including payment of additional fees for such services as described by the consultant or in the fee schedules or contract.
- 7. Advanced Tree Care has no warrantee, either expressed or implied, as to the suitability of the information contained in the reports for any purpose. It remains the responsibility of the client to determine applicability to his/her particular case.
- 8. Any report and the values, observations, and recommendations expressed therein represent the professional opinion of the consultants, and the fee for services is in no manner contingent upon the reporting of a specified value nor upon any particular finding to be reported.
- 9. Any photographs, diagrams, graphs, sketches, or other graphic material included in any report, being intended solely as visual aids, are not necessarily to scale and should not be construed as engineering reports or surveys, unless otherwise noted in the report. Any reproductions of graphs material or the work product of any other persons is intended solely for the purpose of clarification and ease of reference. Inclusion of said information does not constitute a representation by Advanced Tree Care or the consultant as to the sufficiency or accuracy of that information.

965 East San Carlos Ave, San Carlos

Addendum

Sceptic system

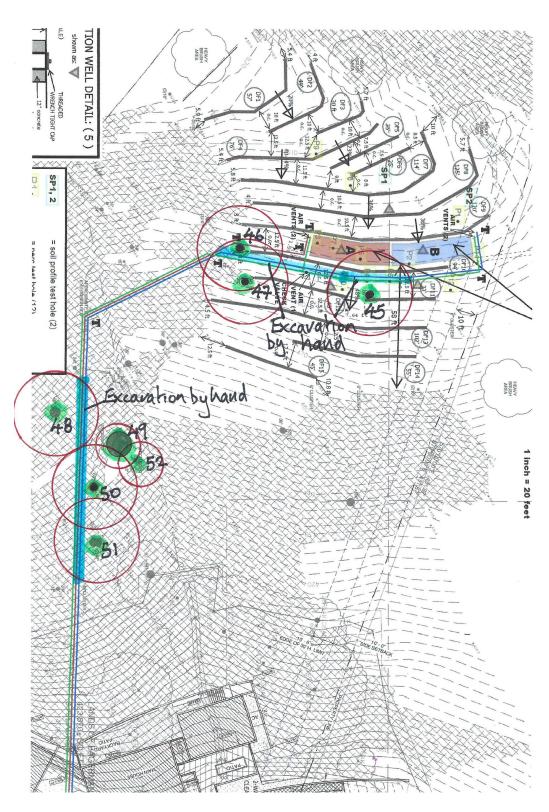
A septic system is planned for the property that may impact further Significant trees. The location of the trees can be found on the following plan. The trees are numbered continuing from the original inventory.

Tree#	Species	DBH	Ht/Sp	Con Rating	Comments
45	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	25.2"/13.0"	18/25	30	Fair health and very poor condition, cavities throughout, Significant
46	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	25.7"/15.0"	30/40	60	Fair health and condition, Significant
47	Coast live oak Quercus agrifolia	20.7"/17.6"	30/25	50	Poor health and condition, Phytophthora, Significant
48	Buckeye Aesculus californica	12.2/6.5/6.6/4.3/6.8"	20/30	50	Fair health and condition Decay at base, Significant
49	Buckeye Aesculus californica	7.5"	15/10	50	Fair health and condition leaning, Significant
50	Buckeye Aesculus californica	4.3/4.2/3.8/2.0/2.8"	15/20	50	Fair health and condition Significant
51	Buckeye Aesculus californica	3.6/ 4.1/4.4/4.8/3.0/3.8"	15/20	50	Fair health and condition Decay at base Significant
52	Buckeye Aesculus californica	7.5/6.3"	10/10	50	Fair health and condition co-dominant at 2', Significant

TPZs for Tree #s 45, 46, 47, 48, 50, and 51 should be at 20 radius feet from the trunk of each tree. This is shown as a red line. I do not think it is necessary to install Type I Tree Protection fencing around those trees however the TPZ should be observed and noted

TPZ for Tree #s 49 and 52 should be at 10 radius feet from the trunk of each tree. This is shown as a red line. I do not think it is necessary to install Type I Tree Protection fencing around those trees however the TPZ should be observed and noted

Excavation of the leach field within the TPZ of Tree # 45, 46, 47, 48, 50 and 51 should be dug by hand with no roots greater than 2" in diameter being cut. Shown in blue.



Location of proposed leach field

Realignment of driveway

The proposed driveway to the property has been re-aligned. See attached drawing.

Previous driveway alignment

Tree #s 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10 are in the proposed driveway and will have to be removed.

Tree #s 1, 11, 13, 41, 42 and 44 are along the east side of the driveway up to the proposed house. The TPZ fencing should follow the edge of the driveway and extend out to 10 feet from the trunk of the tree where possible.

Tree #s 35, 36, 38, 39 and 40 are along the west side of the driveway up to the proposed house. The TPZ fencing should follow the edge of the driveway and extend out to 10 feet from the trunk of the tree where possible.

Updated driveway alignment

The tree removals to accommodate the driveway consist of 10 coast live oaks, 4 buckeyes and 2 bays Tree #s 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 41, 42, 43 and 44

Tree #s 35, 36, 38, 39 and 40 are along the west side of the driveway up to the proposed house. The TPZ fencing should follow the edge of the driveway and extend out to 10 feet from the trunk of the tree where possible.

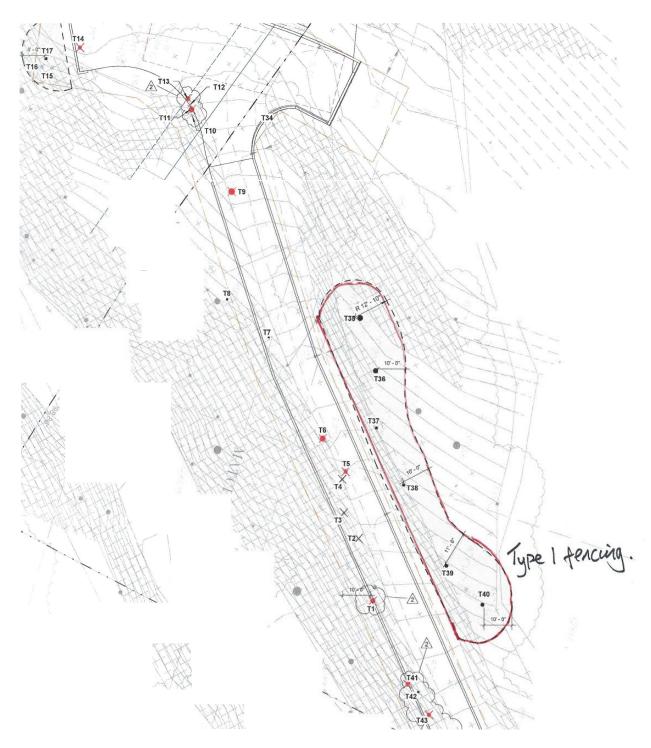
Tree Removals and Replacements

The trees recommended for removal due to poor health and condition are 4 coast live oaks. Tree #s 20, 22, 23 and 28

The tree removals to accommodate the driveway consist of 10 coast live oaks, 4 buckeyes and 2 bays Tree #s 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 41, 42, 43 and 44

The tree removals to accommodate the new home consists of 4 coast live oaks and 1 buckeye Tree #s 24, 25, 27, 29, 30 and 34

The lot is heavily planted with trees but overrun with poison oak, scotch broom and general understory. There may be room for replacement trees around the property but it is difficult to determine any precise locations until the site has been cleared of understory, poison oak and scotch broom. I think 19 replacements with 3 at 24" box size and 16 at 15 gallon size is very fair and possible on the lot. The trees may be planted outside the formal landscape plan on the hillside that surrounds the property. Precise locations to be determined.



Location of re-aligned driveway



COUNTY OF SAN MATEO - PLANNING AND BUILDING DEPARTMENT

ATTACHMENT E

COUNTY OF SAN MATEO PLANNING AND BUILDING

County Government Center

455 County Center, 2nd Floor Redwood City, CA 94063 650-363-4161 T planning.smcgov.org

February 7, 2022

Alexander Bagerman 239 Manor Drive San Carlos, CA 94070

Dear Mr. Bagerman:

SUBJECT: Bayside Design Review Continuance

Chesham Drive/Devonshire Boulevard, Devonshire APN 049-020-070; County File No. PLN 2020-00467

At its February 2, 2022 meeting, Bayside Design Review Committee (Committee) considered your design review application for construction of a new three-story, 5,742 sq. ft. single-family residence with a 501 sq. ft. attached garage on a legal, 9.73-acre parcel. The project includes removal of 23 significant trees. The project requires a hearing-level Grading Permit for 1,930 cubic yards (c.y.) of earthwork (950 c.y. for the driveway/access road from Chesham Avenue and 980 c.y. for the residence) which will be reviewed at a Planning Commission public hearing at a later date.

All property owners within 300 feet of the subject property were notified on January 23, 2022. Prior to the hearing, eight letters sent via email were received by the DRO which expressed concerns related to numerous aspects of the project. including, access via a private road, the amount of tree removal, erosion control, and project size. At the hearing, four members of the public spoke on these topics and about the easement on the adjacent parcel.

The Committee was unable to make the findings for a design review recommendation of approval based due to the lack of clarity about a proposed easement for a firetruck turnaround. A change in the firetruck turnaround could change a proposed retaining wall and possibly the siting of the project. At the meeting, the Committee stated that there was not enough information to demonstrate that the project adequately complies with Section 6565.15.A, the Design Standards for Devonshire, as discussed below:

A. <u>Site planning</u> – 1. *Minimize tree removal and 3. Respect the privacy of neighboring houses and outdoor living areas*

Project consistency with this standard may be impacted by changes to the fire truck turnaround.



The item has been continued to allow you time to resolve easement concerns with the owners of the adjacent parcel. The presented easement fails to include the area of the proposed improvements. Please ensure that the encroachment of the firetruck turnaround onto the neighbor's property is resolved either by revising the plans to utilize only the existing easement or proposing new boundaries for the easement. Alternatively, if you propose to change the easement, please provide a copy of the revised easement with signatures of all parties. This document shall be recorded prior to the issuance of a building permit. It is suggested that the project civil engineer is available to answer any questions at the next meeting for this project.

You were presented with the following available options at the end of the BDRC's deliberation of the project: (i) request for a decision from the BDRC on the plans presented or (ii) request that the project be considered at a future meeting to provide you with ample time to consider and incorporate the information necessary to recommended the project. You chose the second option, and the BDRC directed staff to schedule your project for consideration at a later date. To be on the March 2, 2022 hearing, revised plans (a complete consolidated set of architectural, civil and septic) need to be submitted by February 7, 2022 for review by the required reviewing agencies.

Sincerely,

Erica D, Adams, Bayside Design Review Officer

EDA:agv – EDAGG0030_WAN.DOCX

En Dalem

Cc: Bayside Design Review Committee

Interested Parties

COUNTY OF SAN MATEO PLANNING AND BUILDING

455 County Center, 2nd Floor Redwood City, CA 94063 650-363-4161 T www.planning.smcgov.org

March 15, 2023

Alexander Bagerman 239 Manor Drive San Carlos, CA 94070

Dear Alexander Bagerman:

SUBJECT: Bayside Design Review Recommendation of Approval

Chesham Drive/Devonshire Boulevard, Devonshire APN 049-020-070; County File No. PLN 2020-00467

At its January 4, 2023 meeting, Bayside Design Review Committee (Committee) considered your design review application for construction of a new three-story, 5,742 sq. ft. single-family residence with a 501 sq. ft. attached garage on a legal, 9.73-acre parcel. The project includes removal of 23 significant trees. The project requires a hearing-level Grading Permit for 1,930 cubic yards (c.y.) of earthwork (950 c.y. for the driveway/access road from Chesham Avenue and 980 c.y. for the residence), which will be reviewed at a Planning Commission public hearing at a later date. The driveway/access road will be constructed on the subject parcel and within an existing easement on APN 049-020-110.

The project was continued from the February 7, 2022 hearing to allow you time to resolve easement concerns with the owners of the adjacent parcel, as, at the time, the proposed access improvements were not included within the legal boundaries of the existing access easement. The easement considered on January 4, 2023 keeps access-related improvements within the boundaries of the easement.

All property owners within 300 feet of the subject property were notified on January 23, 2022 prior to the hearings, letters sent via email were received by the Design Review Officer which expressed concerns related to numerous aspects of the project, including, access via a private road, the amount of tree removal, erosion control, and house size. At the hearing, members of the public spoke on these topics and about the house's compatibility with the community, potential glare from project windows, and the easement on the adjacent parcel. The neighbors who own the property with the subject easement expressed concerns that the new driveway and turnaround, as designed, made access to their property more difficult and that all improvements should be kept within the easement. The Project Planner clarified that the matter of the easement and proposed access improvements are civil matters in nature (between two private property owners), where the County has little to no authority.



The Committee encouraged the parties to work to resolve their conflict over the proposed access improvements. Subsequently, the two parties met regarding the easement, with the Project Planner in attendance, but a resolution was not reached.

At the January 4, 2023 meeting, the Committee made the findings for a design review recommendation of approval and stated that the project adequately complies with Section 6565.15 the Design Standards for Devonshire. The Committee considered concerns relating to compatibility and glare and determined that the house was compatible with other homes in the area, as the proposed house is sited on a very large parcel and away from other homes, and that the more modern design was compatible with the wooded site. It was also stated that there would be tree canopy around the house to mitigate glare. The Committee required that "Dark sky" fixtures are used, and it was recommended that any solar array not be higher than the parapet. The Committee stated that the tree removal proposed is directly related to the access to the proposed residence and within the construction zone of the proposed residence. They stated that proposed residence has facades which are well-articulated and proportioned and the design is compatible with the predominant architectural styles and the natural surroundings of the immediate area. In addition, the proposal conforms to the existing topography, and that a majority of the grading work is necessary for access to the site.

Project requirements of the Committee will be made a recommended condition of approval of the Design Review and Grading Permits for review by the Planning Commission.

Please note that the decision of the Bayside Design Review Committee is a recommendation regarding the project's compliance with design review standards, not the final decision on this project, which requires a hearing-level Grading Permit. The consideration of the Grading Permit and Design Review Permit will occur at a Planning Commission hearing to be scheduled at a later date. A public notice will be sent to property owners within 300 feet and interested parties a minimum of 10 days prior to the scheduled hearing date. For more information, please contact Erica Adams, at 650/363-1828, or by email at eadams@smcgov.org.

Sincerely,

FOR STEVE MONOWITZ
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DIRECTOR, By:

Erica Adams, Design Review Officer

Em Dalem

EDA:cmc - EDAHH0075 WCN.DOCX



COUNTY OF SAN MATEO - PLANNING AND BUILDING DEPARTMENT

ATTACHMENT F

From: Barbara Rodriguez <starborne2012@gmail.com>

Sent: Tuesday, February 1, 2022 5:00 AM

To: Erica Adams

Cc: Art Rodriguez; Barbara Rodriguez

Subject: Bayside Design Review Committee Agenda - Wednesday, Feb 2, 2022 3:00 p.m.

Categories: Purple category

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of San Mateo County. Unless you recognize the sender's email address and know the content is safe, do not click links, open attachments or reply.

Dear Committee, please find below our questions concerning the following property development-

Owner: Alexander Bagerman Fil No.: PLN2020-00467

Location: Devonshire Ave./Chesham Ave

Assessor's Parcel No. 049-020-070

- 1. Is the new property address on Chesham Ave or Devonshire?
- 2. Why are they accessing via Chesham vs Devonshire? Devonshire Ave is far more capable to accept heavy load equipment than our decades old, small Chesham street.
- 3. If Chesham access is required then what precautions are being taken to protect the trees and street from damage?
- 4. In the event there is damage, will the owners take responsibility?
- 5. Is traffic control part of the construction? Chesham is a small, one lane road. We are concerned about blockage, along with being a hazard in the event of a fire, etc.

Thank you for taking the time to review our questions.

Sincerely, Art and Barbara Rodriguez

From: Judy Richardson < judyarichardson@icloud.com>

Sent: Monday, January 31, 2022 2:55 PM

To: Erica Adams

Subject: Bayview Design Review, Devonshire

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of San Mateo County. Unless you recognize the sender's email address and know the content is safe, do not click links, open attachments or reply.

Bagerman

File Number: PLN2020-00467 Parcel No 049-020-070 Devonshire/Chesham

Mr. Adams,

I am writing in regards to our concerns over the Bergerman project I sited above.

The plan is to remove 3,000 cubic yards of earth. What is a hearing level grade? We know from past development above us that their could very likely be erosion, slides, and debris coming off the hills when we get rain. In the past years, from the condos on Crestview, parts of our street were in over 3 feet of mud. Homeowners living at 351, 361 and 344 couldn't continue on to their homes at the end of the 300 block of Chesham. The culvert was completely made of mud. A tractor had to be used to remove it.

Are there plans to widen the existing road, up the hill towards 361 Chesham? (Starting at the end of Chesham)? If so, are you planning to cut trees there? Build a retaining wall there?

Will the property owners be allowed to build 1 or more homes later on this 9.73 acre parcel?

Will the Bagermans be responsible to repave the 300 block of Chesham Ave after multiple trips with heavy trucks? All the homeowners on the 300 block paid, out of their own pockets to originally have it paved some 25 or so years ago. Prior to that it was just gravel & potholes.

What is the projected start date for this project?

After viewing the arborists report, it looks like over 50 trees will eventually be cut down for this project? How sad people purchase a property because of the trees beauty, then cut them all down.

Why isn't the county considering entering the Bagerman property from the dead end of Devonshire?

Thank you for addressing the above issues.

Judy Richardson 343 Chesham Ave San Carlos Sent from my iPad Tuesday, January 3, 2023

Hello Erica,

I am writing to express several concerns related to incomplete information provided in the design review for APN 049-020-070.

1. Leach Fields, Septic Tank & Pump:

Leach fields are not clearly indicated on cover sheets. Septic tank and pump is located very close to creek, which is a contamination concern. Discharge goes directly down drainage to Pulgas creek. Is design being reviewed concurrently by County of San Mateo to ensure location of home is viable location to properly handle septic design?

2. Design concern:

Home does not fit whatsoever with the character of the neighborhood. The proposal is for nearly 6,000 square foot residence. Neighboring homes on the same street are substantially smaller. The overall massing seems out of

3. Light Pollution concern:

Nearly the entire front of the home consists of full length windows that will substantially impact the amount of light directly downhill into the neighborhood.

- 4. Drawings unclear of proposal onto neighboring property:

 Cover sheet indicates potential wall? Please clarify what is being proposed.
- 5. Easement information inconsistent/unclear:

Cover sheet indicates easement. Please provide easement details to ensure applicant is complying with agreement. Should side setbacks begin at agreed easement? The proposed building appears very close to the neighboring property line.

- 6. How is haul of over 1,000 cubic feet of dirt proposed to be safely removed from site? Road is very old and unsure how it can handle construction vehicles. Construction staging should be considered during design review phase.
- 7. How will surface runoff be handled? The project will create more impervious surface and runoff. The street nearly floods now with sheets of water flowing down. Please consider during design review phase.

Thank you,

Jamie Bourne

Bourne2organize@gmail.com

From: THERESE ROBERTS < roberts4gutters@yahoo.com>

Sent: Monday, May 15, 2023 3:26 PM

To: Erica Adams **Subject:** Report

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of San Mateo County. Unless you recognize the sender's email address and know the content is safe, do not click links, open attachments or reply.

The Roberts are adding to this report to reiterate the unacceptable changes the Baggermans have added to their plans. It was agreed-upon that this is a dual access road for them and us to access our land/property.

The first plans submitted went well over our property line and was halted there.

The current plans as I can show clearly block existing access to our property with a 13 foot wall. Mr. Bagerman "assured" the planning department this wasn't so. I can show this it's. Also mentioned that the wall can be "removed" later for construction, illuminates the fact that it will be blocking and will require an expensive removal.

Who is to pay for this is not mentioned, but we have in writing that. This project is not to cost the Roberts any money. Reasonably, we would never agreed to either of these scenarios.

The claim that this 13 foot wall is within the easement and that makes it OK to affect so negatively and block your neighbors seems borderline illegal, and certainly not neighborly.

Also, it is stated that the 5000 square-foot house is OK because they have 9 acres however, the Home is as close as possible to our property. It's not inside their 9 acres. It's a sliver right next to, or bleeding into our property.

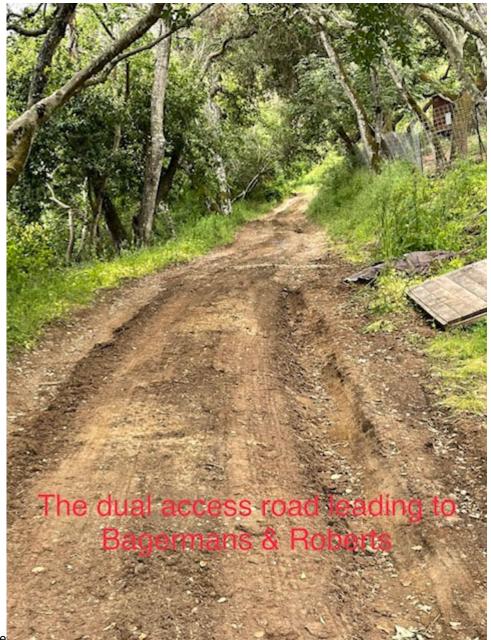
It is not "far away from everybody", and is three times larger than any house on this tiny Street.

The plans for the road show that is wider than the easement the Baggermans claim it's not, but they have failed to show that to us or the department.

Our request for a second site visit we're not accommodated, which we believe would've made important insights to the situation.

I'm enclosing photos one for each highly questionable proposals.

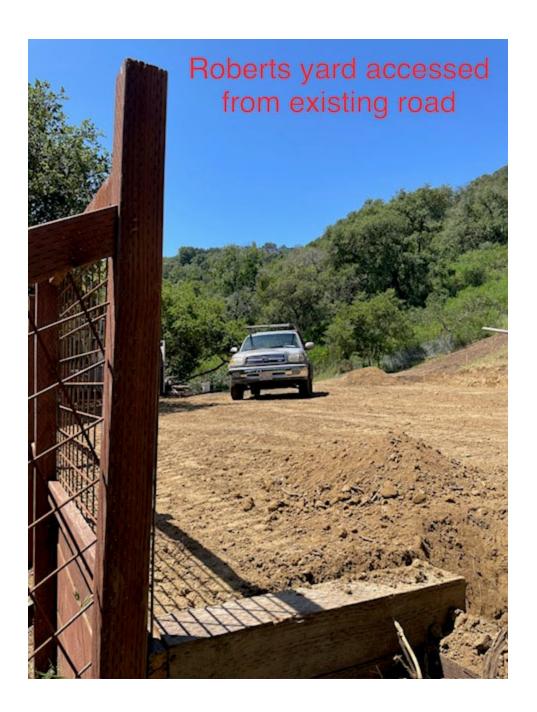
We appreciate your careful and professional consideration and trust in the in-depth knowledge of your department. Thank you,

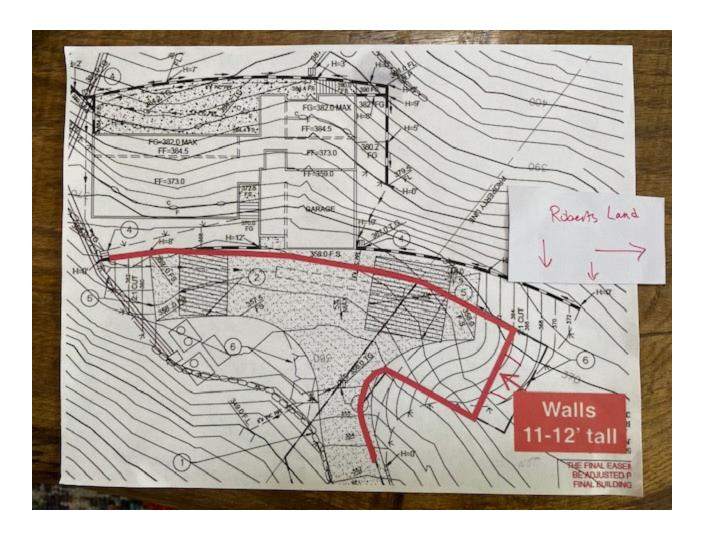


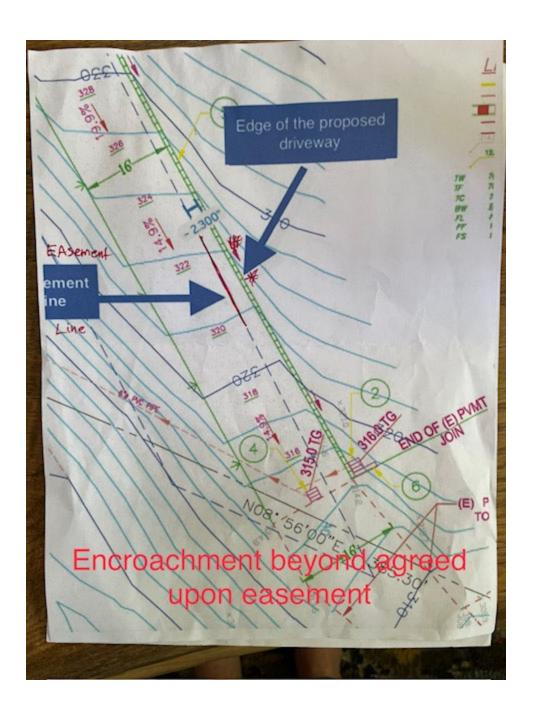
Ron & Therese











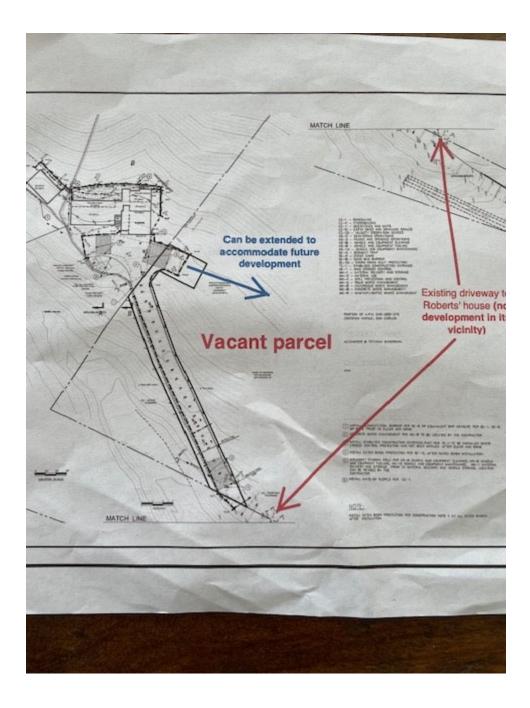
From: THERESE ROBERTS < roberts4gutters@yahoo.com>

Sent: Tuesday, May 16, 2023 11:25 AM

To: Erica Adams

Subject: Photo stating blocking wall will need extension for our access

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of San Mateo County. Unless you recognize the sender's email address and know the content is safe, do not click links, open attachments or reply.



From: THERESE ROBERTS < roberts4gutters@yahoo.com>

Sent: Thursday, November 3, 2022 11:42 AM

To: Erica Adams **Subject:** Re: Bagerman

Attachments: Cilil plans - Revision 3.pdf

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of San Mateo County. Unless you recognize the sender's email address and know the content is safe, do not click links, open attachments or reply.

Hi Erica

Thank you for keeping me updated I really appreciate it.

This is all new for us so your input is appreciated.

Therese Roberts

Sent from my iPhone

> On Nov 2, 2022, at 10:34 AM, Erica Adams <eadams@smcgov.org> wrote:

>

> Hello Therese,

>

> A revised driveway has been submitted for the house on Chesham. It will likely be at a Dec. hearing. I have attached the plans. Basically all of the driveway has been placed in the easement.

> The dispute that you have about trees and retaining walls is a civil one that the County will not be involved in. I spoke to County counsel and they indicated that we can approve something that meets our requirements. The fact that there is an easement that allows for access and the proposed development is either on the subject parcel or within a legal easement meets that bar.

>

> I wanted to give you this information that I had clarified before the meeting. I copied to the applicant so that he is aware of your concerns.

>

> Best regards.

> >

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. .

- > -----Original Message-----
- > From: THERESE ROBERTS < roberts4gutters@yahoo.com>
- > Sent: Monday, September 12, 2022 10:44 AM
- > To: Erica Adams <eadams@smcgov.org>
- > Subject: Bagerman

>

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- > Hello Erica,
- > I am writing in regards to The Bagerman building project in San Carlos permit number 20 20–00467.
- > We had a design review back in February via Zoom you were present along with Chip Jessup and other colleagues I can't remember.

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We had a design review back in February via Zoom you were present along with Chip Jessup and other colleagues I can't remember.

If you recall it was only at the end of that meeting we discovered they nearly passed this plan although they were way out of the easement. It worries me that they got so far along with serious property line issues.

I'm writing with great concern because they have a new plan that entails widening our road cutting into our hill, and the removal of 23 Heritage Oak trees that belong to us as well as building a 11 foot retaining wall that will block access to a large part of our property.

The new plan involving the wall feels like a threat to block our property because we wouldn't go along with the last plan and give away our land For their project and break the easement agreements without a conversation they just were trying to push it through and they almost did.

For these reasons frankly we don't trust them and I am asking for your help and diligence and looking at his new plan. We well appreciated your demeanor at the last review.

Thank you in advance, Ron Therese Roberts 361 Chesham Ave Ron 650-222-0345 Teresa 650-678-2411 Sent from my iPhone

From: THERESE ROBERTS < roberts4gutters@yahoo.com>

Sent: Monday, November 28, 2022 9:23 AM

To: Erica Adams **Subject:** Re: Bagerman

Attachments: Cilil plans - Revision 3.pdf

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of San Mateo County. Unless you recognize the sender's email address and know the content is safe, do not click links, open attachments or reply.

Hello Erica

I hope you enjoyed some time off.

I'm not real clear on the scope of your responsibilities regarding revised Bagerman plans but I have been referred back to your department regarding the retaining wall.

If you remember at the last meeting it was at the last moment The realization arose that they did never have permission to go over our easement, I am guessing they were just hoping to push it on through and we were very disturbed that they were able to come so close apparently there was an oversight of monitoring the easements.

The section of the retaining wall that Will block access to our land, your department would be involved in.

I've been told this is not a civil issue it's a County planning detail.

They do not have our permission to block access to our property.

We have access now so there would be no reason we would allow the Bagermans project to block this existing access we already have.

We agreed to give them access on our property to build their driveway and a turnaround for the fire trucks, this plan has you going up our road to the turnaround for the fire trucks and facing a large retaining wall, this is where the wall blocks access to our property and this does not seem OK to anybody I have spoken to.

Perhaps a site visit would be helpful I saw a gentleman here one time before the last meeting I don't know if that was his only visit but on that day he did not get out and walk around I think it was muddy and he wasn't dressed for it.

Again I do believe your department would be involved in a plan that's so very much affects our property.

Thank you again for your help and if you could please forward your supervisors contact information I would appreciate it.

Thanks Erica

Therese Roberts

650 678 2411

Sent from my iPhone

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>

From: THERESE ROBERTS < roberts4gutters@yahoo.com>

Sent: Monday, December 5, 2022 9:35 AM

To: Erica Adams
Subject: Re: Retaining wall

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of San Mateo County. Unless you recognize the sender's email address and know the content is safe, do not click links, open attachments or reply.

Hello Erica

yes this is frustrating for all of us

I don't believe you can approve their retaining wall blocking existing access to our property.

Firstly they misrepresented the "vacant parcel".

This is very active land that we are able to drive to.

Also every bit of the road and the turnaround is on our property.

We made very preliminary agreements with them they have pushing the boundaries, Just as with going over our easement last time.

You mentioned Mr. Beggerman told you that the wall is not blocking our property this is wildly untrue he was knowingly dishonest with you.

A site visit would show that. The wording right on the plans that mentions could be extended in the future tells at all he's blocking us.

How high is the retaining wall at the blockage to our property?

Is it a small curb we can put a ramp and drive in?

The idea that we will need to extend on their project, to "gain" access to our own property on our dime in the future is not something one would agree to.

Again our road that leads to our parcel is totally accessible for our needs.

The Baggermans need to greatly fortify the road so they can build their big house which is fine.

Their house needs to go deeper into the hill and closer towards the creek and none of this will be a problem I understand that's costly and he doesn't want to spend the money to do it fairly.

The same reason he tried to go on our property last time was to save money you must be used to these tactics.

I don't see how your department can approve this and refer us on to somebody else. Building projects are not allowed to impede on the neighbors.

In your opinion if we were needing get involved in litigation would it be with the neighbors or your department? Or both?

We don't want litigation.

We don't want to block their building

and we are not giving up our as in the first designe attempt, Nor blockage to our property, the current attempt.

I am formally requesting contact information for The supervisor.

Is there a project engineer? This person could be very helpful.

And I believe site visits are a normal part of your departments duties and I would like another one as the man before never got out of his car.

The part of the plans that you circled and showed to me is the problem.

Unless it is a curb it will be a huge retaining wall that's there for us to deal with later.

I am sending more photos. Although untrained it appears to me the plans show a very clear blockage to our parcel.

I'd like you to look at the road you'll see my car you turn to the right and up by the movable fence is where it appears to be a large retaining wall?

The lot is not vacant we are up there now with trucks eradicating poison oak.

We haul dirt we do landscaping our families play we will not have our property blocked.

thanks again

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